





ANNUAL

2024-2025







"We at Bhartiya believe that stakeholder value, profit and social impact should co-exist."

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FROM THE CHAIRMAN

Dear Shareholders,

I am filled with pride as I reflect on Bhartiya International's continued progress and success. Our journey is marked by a steadfast commitment to design excellence, innovative production management and our core values. At the heart of our success lies a disciplined approach to client development and management.

This year our Chennai accessories group has undergone a remarkable transformation. Through a focused, long-term strategy, we have established ourselves as a premier manufacturer for a portfolio of world-renowned handbag brands including Coach, Ralph Lauren and Hogan. This strategic pivot has positioned Bhartiya International as a future global leader in luxury accessories manufacturing.

Operational excellence remains a cornerstone of our success. The efficiency and lean initiatives we embarked on this year have yielded impressive results across our Bengaluru outerwear production units. Enhanced product quality, compressed lead times and cost reductions are tangible outcomes of our unwavering dedication to operation excellence.

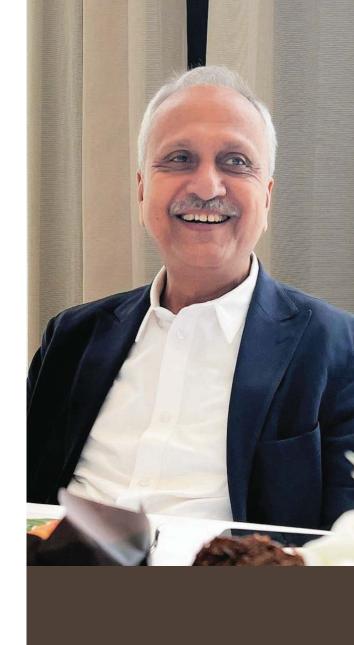
Beyond financial performance, we are deeply committed to the communities where we operate... a great company doing good. Our continued support of CSR projects in Bengaluru and Chennai exemplify our enduring value of community support.

Our greatest asset is our people. Bhartiya International is fortunate to have a remarkable global executive leadership team and a dedicated workforce. Their passion, expertise and unwavering commitment are the foundation of Bhartiya's sustained success.

I am confident we will continue to deliver long-term growth with improved profitability for our shareholders.

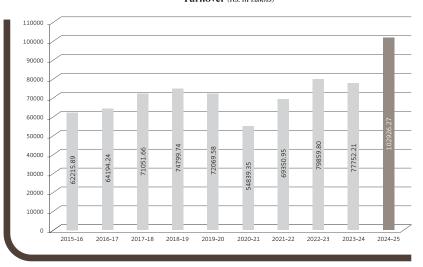
Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely, Snehdeep Aggarwal Chairman

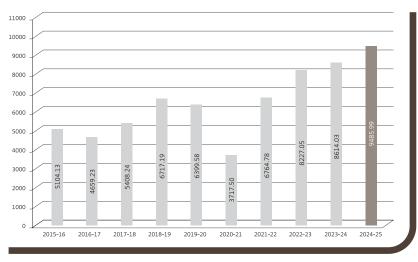


PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

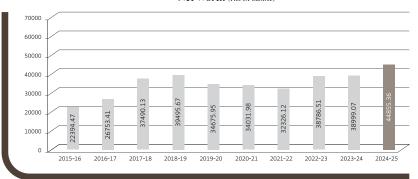
Turnover (Rs. in Lakhs)



EBITDA (Rs. in Lakhs)



Net Worth (Rs. in Lakhs)



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS & KMP

SNEHDEEP AGGARWAL

Chairman

MANOJ KHATTAR

Whole Time Director

NIKHIL AGGARWAL

Director

DEEPAK BHOJWANI

Independent Director

SANNOVANDA MACHAIAH SWATHI

Independent Director

ROBERT BURTON MOORE JR.

Director

NAVKIRAN SINGH GHEI

Independent Director

VIVEK KAPUR

Independent Director

RAJ KUMAR CHAWLA

Chief Financial Officer

YOGESH KUMAR GAUTAM

Company Secretary

AUDITORS

Sushil Poddar & Co.

BANKERS

Axis Bank

Canara Bank

HDFC Bank

ICICI Bank

IDBI Bank

IDFC First Bank

Indusind Bank

Indian Bank

SBM Bank (India) Ltd.

State Bank of India

Union Bank of India

DELH

Bhartiya International Limited E-52, New Manglapuri, Mandi Road (Mehrauli),

Mandi Road (Mehrauli), New Delhi – 110 030. India

GURUGRAM

Bhartiya International Limited Plot No. 38, Sector – 44, Gurugram – 122 003, Haryana India

BENGALURU

Bhartiya International Limited 27/2, Gottigere, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru – 560 083 India

CHENNAL

Bhartiya International Limited 56/7, Nallambakkam Village, Via-Vandalur, Chennai – 600 127, India

TADA

Bhartiya International Limited APIIC Industrial Park, Konduru Village, Tada Mandal, SPSR Nellore Distt., Andhra Pradesh - 524 401 India

ΙΤΔΙΥ

Ultima Italia SRL Viale Luigi Majno 15, 20122 – Milano, Italy

SWITZERLAND

Ultima SA

Rue Des Draizes 7 CH-2000, Neuchatel, Switzerland

HONG KONG

World Fashion Trade Limited 20/F, Champion Building, 287-291 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

Design Industry LimitedRoom 1104, Crawford House,
70 Queen's Road Central, Central Hong Kong

CHINA

Design Industry China Limited Room 908, Tower D, Tiande Industrial Park, No. 1795, Tongwen Road, Hangzhou , China

BANGLADESH

Bangladesh liaison office. House-1, Lift-8, Sector-13, Road-13, Uttara, Dhaka-1230, Bangladesh



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Industry Update

Global fashion industry is undergoing a dynamic transformation, driven by sustainability, digital innovation, and shifting consumer preferences. With consumers prioritizing eco-conscious choices, brands are adopting sustainable practices. At the same time, digital platforms are leveraging Al-driven personalization, virtual try-ons, and augmented reality to redefine the retail landscape through mobile shopping and digital fashion shows etc.

Simultaneously, Geopolitical shifts and supply chain disruptions are driving global brands to increasingly source from India, capitalizing on its position as one of the world's largest apparel exporter, with exports reaching \$16.2 billion in 2024 and projected to grow at a CAGR of over 9% through 2030. This strategic pivot away from China and other South East Asia nations, combined with India's cultural heritage and manufacturing prowess, creates large scale opportunities for Indian manufacturing sector.

The Free Trade Agreement (FTA) between the United Kingdom and India provides significant advantages to the Indian garments and textiles manufacturing sector by eliminating tariffs, boosting competitiveness, and creating new opportunities for growth.



Key Business Divisions

Leather Garments Division

Bhartiya's Leather Garments Division is one of its key business segments of the company, reaffirming its position as one of the world's largest manufacturers of premium leather outerwear for men and women. Operating in a highly fragmented industry, Bhartiya's scale, integrated value chain, and operational excellence continue to set it apart from smaller peers.

During the year, the Division expanded its manufacturing capabilities by commissioning a state-of-the-art 50,000 sq. ft. factory, further strengthening our ability to meet growing global demand. Our extensive manufacturing footprint-spread across key locations in the Bangalore-Chennai region ensures efficient production, just-in-time delivery, and uncompromising quality.

In response to rapidly evolving fashion trends and increasing demand for sustainable practices, sustainability remains central to our strategy. The Chennai tannery has adopted eco-friendly protocols, including the use of traceable, organic, and biodegradable leathers, as well as compliance with leading sustainability certifications. This initiative highlights our dedication to supporting partner brands in meeting consumer expectations sustainably and responsibly.

Our talented design teams, based in Milan, Gurugram, and Bangalore, are equipped to rapidly develop and deliver fashion-forward collections for over 100 global clients. Their expertise enables quick adaptation to market trends while maintaining the highest product innovation standards.

About the Company

Bhartiya is a diversified global company with headquarter in New Delhi, India. The Group has successfully expanded its operations across multiple geographies, including India, Italy, and China, with a focus on Fashion and Real Estate. Founded by Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal, Bhartiya Group 's commitment to innovation and sustainability drives its blend of purpose and profit, creating long-term value for all its stakeholders.

Bhartiya International is a leading provider of design solutions and a manufacturer of apparel and accessories. We deliver comprehensive supply chain solutions to over 150 global fashion brands. Some of our esteemed brand associations include Allsaints, Zara, Coach, Guess, REISS, Timberland, Diesel, Ralph Lauren, and others.

With close to 30 years of experience and vertically integrated model, Bhartiya Fashion offers its customers a one-stop-shop manufacturing platform and 360-degree Customized Fashion Solutions ranging from product design, raw material sourcing, production, quality assurance, logistics, and documentation. We proudly employ over 10,000 people, both directly & indirectly and operate multiple manufacturing facilities across India.

Design-Driven approach at Bhartiya

At Bhartiya, a commitment to design excellence fuels innovation, supported by sophisticated in-house R&D teams based in Milan, Gurugram, Bangalore, and Chennai. The company operates exclusive design studios where talented teams craft private label collections in collaboration with global brands. These teams enhance partner designs, offering trend insights, fashion direction, and seasonal inspirations. Annually, Bhartiya develops collections for over 150 luxury brands and retailers worldwide, including prestigious names like Calvin Klein, , Levi's, All Saints, Armani, Belstaff, and Ralph Lauren.

Looking ahead, the Division is focused on further enhancing operational efficiency through increased automation and digitalization. Long-term, trusted client relationships underpin our strong revenue stability, while targeted business development efforts in select markets provide avenues for continued growth. The Leather Garments Division is well positioned to maintain its leadership in the market by driving product innovation, championing sustainability, and continuously optimizing its value chain.

Textile Outerwear Division

The Textile Outerwear Division continues to drive Bhartiya's commitment to delivering world-class products to leading global retailers and brands. Specializing in a diverse portfolio of men's and women's textile outerwear, the Division has recorded robust, sustainable growth in recent years.

Over the past two years, the Division has undertaken a comprehensive drive to streamline operations and implement state-of-the-art systems and processes. With operational stabilization achieved in the last year, the Division is now well-positioned to accelerate its growth trajectory in the coming period.

Recognizing the vast market potential for textile outerwear, Bhartiya has adopted a strategic approach to capitalize on emerging opportunities and reinforce its status as a key player in the industry. Our cross-selling strategy—offering multiple product lines to existing clients—has been particularly effective, not only strengthening long-standing customer relationships but also serving as a catalyst for acquiring new clients and driving sustained expansion.



Talent acquisition has remained a key priority, with the Division attracting experienced professionals from across the manufacturing sector to build high-performance production teams. This focus on skill and innovation supports our commitment to delivering high-value products and exceptional service quality.

Looking ahead, the Textile Outerwear Division will remain central to Bhartiya's growth ambitions. Through continued operational excellence, strategic market expansion, and a relentless focus on product quality, the Division is poised to further grow its market share and contribute meaningfully to the Bhartiya Fashion's success in the coming years.

Fashion Accessories Division

Our Fashion Accessories division stands strategically well positioned to capitalize on significant global growth opportunities. The division's growth potential is directly aligned with pivotal trends shaping the international fashion market. The global fashion accessories market is on a strong upward trajectory, with projections estimating its value to reach nearly \$3.67 trillion by 2030. Bhartiya is well equipped to meet the evolving demands of this expanding market.

With long-term partnerships with customers like Coach, a globally recognized leader in the bags and accessories space, the division is poised for significant growth in the coming years. Additionally, we are actively pursuing similar alliances with other marquee brands in North America and Europe and UK, positioning ourselves as their preferred manufacturing partner.

With our production facilities now optimized and operating at optimal efficiency with lean manufacturing and automation, we are accelerating our production runs. This seamlessly aligns with our collaborations with leading brands, leveraging our design prowess and consistently achieving impressive margins in this segment.









Virtual Manufacturing Division

Bhartiya recognizes significant potential in the Virtual Manufacturing segment, which complements our established strengths in design, development, and marketing. Strategic investments this fiscal year in bolstering our product design teams and platform vendors have solidified existing client partnerships and unlocked additional growth through expansion into new product categories and the acquisition of new customers.

We have not only expanded business in existing categories but also ventured into new domains such as knitwear and sleepwear sourced from Bangladesh. Furthermore, our presence in China augments our sourcing capabilities across diverse apparel types, ensuring optimal price points.

We have expanded our presence in newer markets such as South Korea. Overall, Bhartiya's Virtual Manufacturing division has successfully cultivated international client relationships spanning mass-market volume retailers, high-fashion high-street retailers, and premium to entry-luxury segments. We are confident that these future-focused initiatives will drive substantial businesses within this category.

Aligned with the asset-light nature of virtual manufacturing, Bhartiya leverages cutting-edge technology to reduce lead times and strategically evaluate best-in-class sourcing and platform vendors. This is a direct result of three decades of pivotal manufacturing expertise, allowing us to remain at the forefront of industry innovation.









OUR COMPANY

HUMAN RESOURCE

The Human Resources team at Bhartiya is dedicated to driving business excellence by attracting top talent and implementing best-in-class people practices. Believing that an empowered and energized workforce leads to superior performance, the HR function continuously works to enhance employee engagement and development. With technology playing a pivotal role in meeting the evolving needs of the workforce, the team regularly upgrades its HR portal to stay aligned with emerging trends and to streamline processes for greater efficiency. These innovations are thoughtfully integrated with people practices fostering a supportive and future-ready work environment. Beyond organizational goals, Bhartiya also upholds its commitment to social responsibility through active participation in CSR initiatives. Overall, the HR team remains focused on nurturing leadership and enabling employees to grow and succeed in an increasingly dynamic and competitive business landscape.

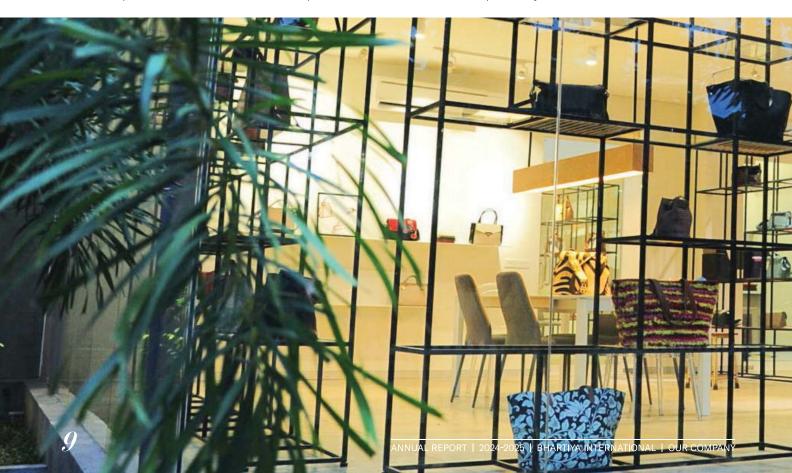
INTERNAL CONTROL

The Company has instituted a comprehensive and effective system of internal controls designed to safeguard its assets against unauthorized use or disposition and to ensure that all transactions are duly authorized, accurately recorded, and appropriately reported. This control framework is reinforced by a robust internal audit mechanism, periodic management reviews, and a well-articulated set of policies, procedures, and operational guidelines. These measures collectively ensure the integrity and reliability of financial and operational records, facilitating the preparation of accurate financial statements and reports, while upholding stringent accountability for the Company's assets. The internal auditors present their findings to the Audit Committee of the Board, ensuring diligent oversight and continuous improvement of the internal control environment.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

On Consolidated basis, during the year under review, the Company achieved a turnover of Rs. 102926.27 Lakhs. The Net Profit/(loss) after taxes minority interest and share of profit/(loss) of associates was reported at Rs. 1562.66 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 19.76 Lakhs in the previous year.

On Standalone basis, during the year under review, the Company achieved a turnover of Rs. 85656.58 Lakhs. The Net Profit after taxes was reported at Rs. 2115.23 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 1758.60 Lakhs in the previous year.



SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN FINANCIAL RATIOS

In accordance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018, a Company is required to give details of significant changes (change of 25% or more as compared to the immediate previous financial year) in its financial ratios and details of any change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year.

Accordingly Inventory Turnover ratio increased to 0.84 for FY 2024-25 compared to 0.64 in FY 2023-24.

There is a change of 0.08% in Return on Net Worth 2024-25 (5.77%) as compared to immediate previous year i.e. 2023-24 (5.36%).

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has instituted a comprehensive and dynamic risk management framework that systematically identifies, assesses, and mitigates risks at strategic, operational, and compliance levels across its business segments, functions, and geographies. The Board of Directors is regularly apprised of material risks and emerging opportunities that could potentially impact the Company's performance or be leveraged for strategic advantage. Well-defined processes and responsive mechanisms are in place to ensure proactive and time-bound mitigation or capitalization of such risks and opportunities. Bhartiya International's exposure to foreign exchange risk, primarily associated with its cross-border trade activities, is prudently curtailed through sophisticated financial planning, disciplined treasury operations, and the strategic deployment of hedging instruments.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

This report contains forward-looking statements, including projections and estimates, which are based on current market conditions and anticipated developments. Actual results may differ materially due to various factors such as demand-supply dynamics, input cost fluctuations, regulatory changes, industrial relations, and overall economic conditions. Bhartiya International assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of these statements and undertakes no obligation to update them in light of future events or circumstances.





BHARTIYA URBAN, BHARTIYA CITY, BENGALURU A THOUGHTFULLY DESIGNED CITY

Spread across 125+ acres, Bhartiya City is a meticulously planned urban destination that brings together homes, offices, hospitality, culture, retail, and gardens into a single, cohesive ecosystem. It is guided by a fundamental belief: that design thinking has the power to elevate everyday life — by making it more beautiful and enjoyable.

In Bhartiya City, design is not just about aesthetics — it's about solving real, everyday challenges. From how you commute to how you connect with your neighbours, from the way your home feels to the public spaces you spend time in — everything is **thoughtfully designed to help people live better, more balanced lives**. A life that is not just functional, but joyful. Not just efficient but enriching. This is what we call the **Good Life by Design**.

At the heart of this philosophy is **Nikoo Homes**, our flagship residential brand and India's first branded housing concept focused on **family**, **community**, **wellness**, **learning**, **and culture**. With over **5,500 families** already living in Nikoo 1, 2, and 4 — and **Nikoo 5** breaking sales records as one of Bengaluru's fastest-selling projects — the brand has set a new standard for modern urban living. **Nikoo 6**, our first residential project beyond Bhartiya City, continued this momentum and is nearly sold out. Building on this success, we are now preparing to launch more Nikoo Homes across Bengaluru.

Bhartiya City is also becoming a thriving business district, with over **3 million sq. ft.** of premium IT office space already operational and another **1.1 million sq. ft.** under development.

Adding to the city's character is **The Leela Hotel & Convention Centre**, home to one of Bengaluru's largest convention venues and the preferred address for high-profile events. Adjacent to the hotel, **private Leela residences** overlook the lush Central Park, combining timeless architecture with refined living and the legendary Leela service.

Retail, culture, and entertainment converge at the **Bhartiya Mall of Bengaluru**, now a vibrant city landmark. More than just a shopping destination, it plays host to iconic experiences — from the **Van Gogh immersive exhibition** to live performances by global artists such as **Martin Garrix**, **Alan Walker**, **and Prateek Kuhad**.

Together, these elements create more than a city — they create a lifestyle designed for the good life.



BOARD'S REPORT

Your Directors' are pleased to present the Thirty Eighth Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 ("year under review").

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The consolidated and standalone financial results of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 are as follows:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| | | | \ | | |
|--|-----------|------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Particulars | Consoli | dated | Standalone | | |
| | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | |
| Net Sales/ Income from Operations | 102926.27 | <i>7775</i> 2.21 | 85656.58 | 66094.66 | |
| Other Income | 443.77 | 691.53 | 396.77 | 265.62 | |
| Total Income | 103370.04 | 78443.74 | 86053.35 | 66360.28 | |
| Profit before Interest, Tax & Depreciation | 9485.99 | 8614.04 | 8407.49 | 7365.41 | |
| Finance Cost | 4539.01 | 4213.58 | 4352.70 | 3929.80 | |
| Profit before Tax & Depreciation | 4946.98 | 4400.46 | 4054.79 | 3435.61 | |
| Depreciation | 2575.38 | 2553.30 | 1056.67 | 1047.56 | |
| Profit Before Tax | 2371.60 | 1847.16 | 2998.12 | 2388.05 | |
| Tax Expenses | 932.19 | 674.34 | 882.89 | 629.45 | |
| Net Profit after Tax | 1562.66 | 1172.82 | 2115.23 | 1758.60 | |
| Share of Net Profit/(Loss) of Associates | 123.25 | (1153.05) | - | - | |
| Net Profit/Loss | 1562.66 | 19. <i>7</i> 6 | 2115.23 | 1758.60 | |
| Other Comprehensive Income | (33.65) | 1.88 | (21.50) | 7.36 | |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | 1529.01 | 21.64 | 2093.73 | 1765.96 | |
| Paid up Equity Share Capital | 1298.44 | 1220.94 | 1298.44 | 1220.94 | |
| Reserve (Excl. Revaluation Reserve) | 43556.92 | 37778.13 | 38295.51 | 32488.82 | |
| Earning per Share (Basic) Rs. | 12.77 | 0.20 | 17.29 | 14.40 | |
| Earning per Share (Diluted) Rs. | 12.47 | 0.20 | 16.88 | 14.40 | |
| Dividend | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | |

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

On Consolidated basis, during the year under review, the Company achieved a turnover of Rs. 102926.27 Lakhs. The Net Profit after taxes, minority interest and share of profit of associates was reported at Rs. 1562.66 Lakhs as against profit of Rs. 19.76 Lakhs in the previous year.

On Standalone basis, during the year under review, the Company achieved a turnover of Rs. 85656.58 Lakhs. The Net Profit after taxes was reported at Rs. 2115.23 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 1758.60 Lakhs in the previous year.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, the following changes had taken place in the Paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company:

| Dates | Description | No. of shares/ warrants | Total value of shares (INR) |
|------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 01/04/2024 | Share Capital at the beginning of the year | 12209411 | 122094110 |
| ADDITION | | | |
| 19/03/2025 | Equity Shares allotted pursuant to Conversion of Warrants | 775000 | 7750000 |
| 31/03/2025 | Share Capital at the end of the year | 12984411 | 129844110 |

On 14th June, 2024, Company allotted 12,01,000 (Twelve Lakh One Thousand only) Fully Convertible Warrants ("Warrants") to M/s. Urbanac Projects Private Limited, a Promoter Group Company, on a preferential basis, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018. Each Warrant carries a right to subscribe to one Equity Share of the Company.

The Warrants were issued for cash at a price of Rs. 430/- (Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty only) per Warrant. Subsequently, on request of the allottee, 7,75,000 (Seven Lakh Seventy-Five Thousand) Warrants have been converted into an equal number of Equity Shares of the Company. The balance 4,26,000 Warrants remain outstanding and are convertible at the option of the allottee within the prescribed period as per the terms of issue.

PROCEEDS FROM PUBLIC ISSUES, RIGHTS ISSUES, PREFERENTIAL ISSUES ETC.

During the year under review, in compliance to the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and Sections 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013, along with the relevant rules framed thereunder, your Company issued and allotment 12,01,000 (Twelve Lakhs One Thousand) Fully Convertible Warrants ("Warrants") at an issue price of Rs. 430/-(Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty Only) per Warrant. These Warrants are convertible into Equity Shares, amounting to an aggregate consideration of Rs. 51,64,30,000/- (Rupees Fifty-One Crores Sixty-Four Lakhs Thirty Thousand Only).

Out of total, **7,75,000 (Seven Lakhs Seventy-Five Thousand)** Warrants were duly converted into Equity Shares, and the corresponding equity shares were credited to the Company's paid-up share capital on **19th March**, **2025**.

There has been no deviation in the utilization of funds from the stated objects for which they were raised. Brief summary of utilization of funds is as follows:

| S. No. | Particulars | Amount allocated as per Placement Document (In INR Lakhs) | Amount Utilized as on date of this report (In INR Lakhs) |
|-----------|--|--|---|
| 1. | For augmenting the Working Capital requirement of the Company. | 3914.30 | 3056.73 |
| 2. | For Factory Refurbishment and addition of Plant & Equipment. | 250.00 | 250.00 |
| 3. | For General Corporate Purpose. | 1000.00 | 483.72 |
| | Total | 5164.30 | 3790.45 |

DIVIDEND

In view of the need to conserve resources for future growth and considering the prevailing economic conditions, the Board of Directors of the Company has deemed it prudent not to recommend any dividend on the Equity Shares of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025.

The decision has been taken after evaluating the Company's financial performance for the year under review, its long-term business strategy, and the need to retain internal accruals to fund ongoing and upcoming business opportunities. The Board believes this approach is in the best long-term interest of the Company and its stakeholders.

Further, pursuant to Regulation 43A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the requirement to adopt a Dividend Distribution Policy is not applicable to the Company for the financial year 2024–25, as it does not fall within the prescribed threshold.

The shareholders are being informed of this decision through this Board's Report and the same will also be communicated in the Notice convening the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

DETAILS AND PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Domestic Subsidiaries

Bhartiya Global Marketing Limited

It is a Global Marketing Company engaged in the export of textile and leather garments. The net loss was reported at Rs. 2.23 lakhs during the financial year 2024-25.

J&J Leather Enterprises Limited

This Company is a tannery to support our leather garments and accessories business through conversion of wet blue leather into finished leather. The total revenues of the Company stood Rs. 2279.61 lakhs and the net loss as Rs. 26.50 lakhs during the financial year 2024-25.

Bhartiya International SEZ Limited

The Company is incorporated to develop sector specific Special Economic Zone (SEZ) of Leather & Leather Products. It is a joint venture between Bhartiya International Limited and Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation. The total revenues of the Company reported Rs. 57.08 lakhs and the net loss as Rs. 34.53 lakhs during the financial year 2024-25.

Bhartiya Fashion Retail Limited

The Company incurred a loss of Rs. 2.56 lakhs for the financial year 2024-25.

Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Limited

The Company incurred a loss of Rs. 0.29 lakhs for the financial year 2024-25.

Overseas Subsidiaries

Ultima S.A. Switzerland

The Company is engaged in the marketing and sale of outerwear, including leather garments, accessories, and textile products across Europe. During the financial year 2024–25, the Company reported total revenues of **CHF 10,212,386.18** and incurred a **net loss of CHF 922,395.02**. The Company has been experiencing continued losses over the past financial years, indicating ongoing challenges in achieving profitability.

World Fashion Trade Limited, Mauritius

The Company registered income of HK\$ 3,12,082 and net profit of HK\$ 1,62,570 for the period ended 31st March, 2025.

Ultima Italia SRL, Italy

This company markets all fashion products including fur and leather garments in Italian market. The total revenues of the Company reported as Euro 30,96,594 and the net profit as Euro 2,470 during the financial year 2024-25.

Design Industry Limited, Hongkong

This company is engaged in sourcing of outerwear (including leather, PU Garments, fashion accessories) and textile product from China and India for marketing and selling in Europe. The total revenues of the Company reported as HK\$ 86,351,132 and the net profit as HK\$ 9,38,417 during the reported period.

Design Industry China Limited, China

Design Industry China Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ultima S.A. This company is engaged in marketing and selling of outerwear (including leather, PU Garments, fashion accessories) from China for marketing and selling in China. The total revenue of the Company reported as RMB Yuan 9430155.71 and the net profit as RMB Yuan 395039.63 during the financial year.

New Subsidiary / Associate Company Incorporated / Dissolved during the year

No new Subsidiary or Associate Company was incorporated acquired during the year under review. Also, no subsidiary/ or Associate Company was dissolved during the year under review.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As mandated by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the financial statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2025 has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The estimates and judgements relating to the Financial Statements are made on a prudent basis, so as to reflect in a true and fair manner, the form and substance of transactions and reasonably present the Company's state of affairs, profits and cash flows for the year ended 31st March, 2025.

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with the relevant Indian Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and forms an integral part of this Report.

Pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of Subsidiaries/Associate Companies/Joint Ventures is given in Form AOC-1 and forms an integral part Annual Report for the Financial Year 2024-25.

EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN

Pursuant to the shareholders' resolution dated 23rd September, 2013, the Board instituted the Employee Stock Option Plan ('ESOP 2013') during the year 2013. The final vesting under the scheme was completed and the scheme expired/completed on 31st December, 2023. All options that were not exercised by the eligible employees have lapsed, and the scheme now stands concluded and is no longer in force.

DIRECTORS

Retirement by rotation and subsequent re-appointment

In terms of the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal (DIN: 01891082), Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his re-appointment for the approval of the members.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The following are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company during the year under review.

| Sl. No. | Name of the person | Designation |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. | Mr. Manoj Khattar | Whole-Time Director |
| 2. | Mr. Raj Kumar Chawla | Chief Financial Officer |
| 3. | Mr. Yogesh Kumar Gautam | Company Secretary |

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained, your Directors make the following statement in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- a) that in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) that the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2025 and of the profit of the company for the year ended on that date;
- c) that the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) that the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis; and
- e) that the directors, had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) that the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

During the financial year 2024-25, five Board Meetings of the Company were held. The details of the Meetings of the Board held during the financial year 2024-25 forms part of the Corporate Governance Report.

NOMINATION, REMUNERATION AND BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board of Directors has framed a policy which lays down a framework in relation to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company. The Policy broadly lays down the guiding principles, philosophy and the basis for payment of remuneration to Executive and Non-Executive Directors. This policy also lays down the criteria for selection and appointment of Board members. The policy also provides the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and Independence of Directors and criteria for appointment of Key Managerial Personnel/Senior Management and performance evaluation which are considered by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors while making selection of the candidates.

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), the Board has carried out an Annual Evaluation of its own performance, the performance of individual Directors, and the working of its Committees.

The evaluation was conducted based on the criteria defined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, covering various aspects such as the structure and composition of the Board, frequency and effectiveness of Board meetings, discharge of key responsibilities, delegation of responsibilities to Committees, Board processes, availability of information, and overall Board functioning.

The performance of the Committees was assessed based on the degree of fulfilment of their respective mandates, the adequacy of composition, and the effectiveness of meetings. Individual Directors were evaluated on parameters including attendance, active participation, contribution in Board/Committee deliberations, and value addition outside the formal meetings.

A separate meeting of Independent Directors was held on 17th March, 2025, in the absence of Non-Independent Directors and members of management, wherein the performance of the Board as a whole, the Chairman, Non-Independent Directors, and the Whole-Time Director was evaluated.

The outcome of the evaluations was also reviewed and discussed in the meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subsequently by the Board. The performance evaluation of Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board, excluding the Director being evaluated.

The Board of Directors expressed overall satisfaction with the evaluation process and the performance of the Board, its Committees, and individual Directors.

FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has in place a structured Familiarisation Programme to provide its Independent Directors with an understanding of the nature of the industry, the Company's business operations, and their roles, rights, and responsibilities. This programme is conducted at the time of appointment and on an ongoing basis, to keep them updated on relevant developments.

The details of the Familiarisation Programme are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report and are also available on the Company's website at https://bhartiyafashion.com/download/FAMILIARISATION-PROGRAMME-FOR-INDEPENDENT-DIRECTORS-2024-2025.pdf

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report, as required under Regulation 34(2)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, forms an integral part of this Board's Report. The report provides a detailed overview of the Company's operations, industry outlook, opportunities and threats, risks and concerns, internal control systems, and financial and operational performance during the year under review and is presented in a separate section of the Annual Report.

STATUTORY AUDIT

At the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 29th September, 2022, the members of the Company appointed M/s. Sushil Poddar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 014969N) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five consecutive years, to hold office from the conclusion of the 34th AGM until the conclusion of the 39th AGM.

Pursuant to the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide Notification No. S.O. 1833(E) dated 7th May, 2018, the requirement for seeking ratification of the appointment of auditors at every AGM has been omitted. Accordingly, no resolution for ratification of their appointment is being placed before the members at the 38th Annual General Meeting.

The Audit Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, issued by M/s. Sushil Poddar & Co., forms part of the Annual Report. The report is unmodified and does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark, or disclaimer.

Further, during the year under review, the Statutory Auditors have not reported any matter under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, and therefore, no disclosure is required under Section 134(3)(ca) of the said Act.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, the Company appointed Mr. Ravi Sharma, Practicing Company Secretary (FCS No. 4468, C.P. No. 3666) of M/s. RSM & Co., to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025.

The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed to this Report as Annexure 'A' and forms an integral part of the Board's Report. The report does not contain any qualification, reservation, or adverse remark for the year under review.

Further, in compliance with Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read with SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated 8th February, 2019, the Company has submitted its Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for the year ended 31st March, 2025 to the stock exchanges within the prescribed timelines. The said report is also available on the Company's website at: www.bhartiya.com.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the rules made thereunder, and Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read with Schedule III of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/CIR/P/2024/185 dated 31st December, 2024, every listed company is mandatorily required to appoint a Secretarial Auditor to conduct the Secretarial Audit for a continuous period of five years. Accordingly, the Board in its meeting dated 29th May 2025 approved the appointment of M/s. RSM & Co., Company Secretaries, as secretarial auditor for consecutive terms of five years subject to the approval of Shareholders' at ensuing Annual General Meeting.

COMMITTEES

The Board of Directors has the following mandatory Committees:

- 1. Audit Committee
- 2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- 3. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
- 4. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The details of the composition of Committees, terms of reference and numbers of Meetings held during the financial year 2024-25 are provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

As part of its commitment to social responsibility, the Company continues to undertake initiatives focused on education and rural development, in line with the activities specified under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company's CSR Policy.

During the financial year, the Company has implemented a mix of ongoing projects and non-ongoing (one-time) initiatives as part of its CSR activities. The ongoing projects are being implemented in a phased manner, with clearly defined timelines and monitoring mechanisms, and have been approved by the Board in accordance with Rule 4(1)(a) of the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014.

The Report on CSR activities, containing the details of expenditure on ongoing and other projects, CSR Committee composition, and a brief outline of the CSR Policy, is annexed to this Report as **Annexure 'B'** and forms an integral part of the Board's Report. The Company's CSR Policy is available on its website at www.bhartiya.com.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a separate section on Corporate Governance forms an integral part of this Annual Report. The report outlines the corporate governance practices followed by the Company and affirms its commitment to maintain the highest standards of transparency, accountability, and integrity in all its operations.

A certificate from the Company's Secretarial Auditors confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as prescribed under the said Regulations is also annexed to the Corporate Governance Report.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING (BRSR)

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read with the applicable SEBI circulars, the requirement to submit a Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report (BRSR) is not applicable to the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, based on the financial thresholds and listing criteria prescribed under the said regulations.

ANNUAL RETURN

In terms of Section 92(3) of the Act and Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return of the Company is available on the Company's website at the following web link: https://bhartiyafashion.com/invester-relations.html.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, your Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is available on Company's website at http://bhartiyafashion.com/download/POLICY-ON-RELATED-PARTY-TRANSACTIONS.pdf

The Policy intends to ensure that proper reporting, approval and disclosure processes are in place for all transactions between the Company and its Related Parties. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. Prior omnibus approval is obtained for Related Party Transactions, which are of repetitive nature and / or entered in the Ordinary Course of Business and are at Arm's Length.

All related party transaction entered during the year were in Ordinary Course of the Business and on Arm's Length basis. No Material Related Party Transaction as per the limits specified under Companies Act, 2013 and/ or SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, was entered during the year under review by your Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 is not applicable.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS BY COMPANY

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to Financial Statements.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has adequate risk management processes to identify and notify the board of directors about the risks or opportunities that could have an adverse impact on the Company's operations or that could be exploited to maximize the gains. The processes and procedures are in place to act in a time bound manner to manage the risks or opportunities. The Company's approach to addressing business risks is comprehensive and includes periodic review of such risks and a framework for mitigating controls and reporting mechanism of such risks. Bhartiya International's exposure to foreign currency risk is restricted to its imports and exports. These risks are minimized through well-thought-out financial operations, astute treasury management and effective use of hedge options.

VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns or grievances. The Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company (<u>www.bhartiya.com</u>).

ENVIRONMENT AND SAFETY

The Company is conscious of the importance of environmentally clean and safe operations. The Company's policy requires conduct of operations in such a manner so as to ensure safety of all concerned, compliances environmental regulations and preservation of natural resources.

As required by the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013, the Company has formulated and implemented a policy on prevention of sexual harassment at the workplace with a mechanism of lodging complaints. Besides, redressal is placed on the intranet for the benefit of employees. Further, the Company has complied with provision relating to the constitution of Internal Complaint Committee and awareness programs under the Sexual Harassment

of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (14 of 2013). There was no instance reported for sexual harassment at workplace during the year under review.

Details of the number of complaints received, disposed of and pending for the year under review are as follows:

(a) Number of complaints of sexual harassment received: Nil

(b) Number of complaints disposed of during the year: Nil

(c) Number of cases pending for more than ninety days: Nil

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has a proper and adequate system of internal controls to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorised use or disposition and that the transactions are authorised, recorded and reported correctly. Such internal controls are supplemented by an extensive programme of internal audits, review by management and documented policies, guidelines and procedures. These are designed to ensure that financial and other records are reliable for preparing financial information and other reports and for maintaining regular accountability of the Company's assets. The internal auditors present their report to the Audit Committee of the Board.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors actively reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control systems and suggests improvements to strengthen the same. The Company has a robust Management Information System, which is an integral part of the control mechanism.

CREDIT RATING

Rating Committee of India Ratings and Research (Ind-Ra) has re-affirmed the long-term issuer rating of the Company to **IND BBB** (pronounced IND triple B) with **stable outlook** on 10th July, 2025. Ind-Ra has re-affirmed rating of IND BBB/ Stable/ IND A2 for Fund- based working capital limits of Rs. 501.12 crores and term loan/ Proposed term loan of Rs. 79.62 crores. Agency has assigned rating IND A2 for non-fund based working capital limits of Rs. 66.35 crores. The outlook on the long-term rating has remained the same.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report, the business operations and financial position of the Company detailed in this Report as well as Notes to the Financial Statements of the Company.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015.

The Company's securities are listed at the following Stock Exchanges in India:

BSE Limited

National Stock Exchange of India Limited

The Annual Listing fee for the financial year 2024-25 has already been paid to both the above Stock Exchanges.

COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

During the financial year under review, the Company has complied all applicable Secretarial Standards specified by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India pursuant to Section 118 of the Companies Act, 2013.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant and material orders by the Regulators/Courts that would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

COST AUDIT AND MAINTANANCE OF COST RECORD

As per the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, Cost Audit is not applicable to the Company for the financial year 2024-25.

Further, maintenance of cost record as specified by the Central Government, under sub-section-1 of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not required.

ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO.

Information in accordance with the provision of Section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for the year ended 31st March, 2025 on the Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo is given in the **Annexure 'C'** forming part of this report.

HUMAN RESOURCES

At Bhartiya, our objective is to align our talent pool with the Company's core business values and brand philosophy, while fostering technical proficiency and a solution-oriented mindset both of which are critical enablers of business growth. We are committed to providing our people with a platform to innovate, experiment, and embrace new opportunities in order to serve the customers of tomorrow.

Our people are the foundation of Bhartiya's success, forming a strong base upon which we build future possibilities. Our approach to attracting and nurturing top-quality talent combines empowerment with accountability, offering lifelong development opportunities and cultivating leadership for change.

Talent sourced from across India is placed in high-impact roles at Bhartiya, where individuals are encouraged to deploy functional expertise and deliver innovative solutions that contribute to operational excellence and the broader business strategy.

During the year under review, our people played a pivotal role in ensuring efficient operations at our manufacturing units and in driving market development and product expansion. Our focus remains on continuous people development enhancing knowledge, sharpening skills, and embedding robust HR practices to meet the evolving talent needs of the organization.

We are committed to building a strong leadership pipeline by fostering a culture of continuous learning, innovation, and collaboration. To this end, we provide best-in-class learning and development support to empower our managers and future leaders.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

During the financial year 2024–25, the Company had a total no. of **508** employees.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, as amended, a statement containing the names and other particulars of employees who were in receipt of remuneration exceeding the limits specified under the said rules forms part of this Report.

Further, the disclosures pertaining to the ratio of remuneration and other details as required under Rule 5(1) of the aforesaid Rules also form part of this Report.

In accordance with the second proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Annual Report excluding the aforementioned details is being sent to the members of the Company. The said information is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Any member interested in obtaining such information may write to the Company Secretary, and the same shall be furnished upon request. The Annual Report, including the said information, is also available on the Company's website.

It is further confirmed that none of the employees listed in the said annexure is a relative of any Director of the Company. Additionally, none of the employees hold (either by themselves or jointly with their spouse and dependent children) more than 2% of the equity shares of the Company.

DEMAT SUSPENSE ACCOUNT FOR UNCLAIMED SHARES

There are no unclaimed shares of the Company.

PUBLIC DEPOSIT

The Company has neither invited/ nor accepted any deposits during the year within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014.

AWARDS AND ACCOLADES

Your Company continues to win awards year after year, reiterating its credible market position. Some awards received during the previous three Financial Years by the Company are as given below:

BHARTIYA INTERNATIONAL LTD.

(a) First Place National Export Excellence Award from Council for Leather Exports (Category above Rs.300 Crores – Leather Garments) year – 2023-2024.

(b) First Place National Export Excellence Award from Council for Leather Exports (Category above Rs.300 Crores – Leather Garments) year – 2022-2023.

(c) First Place National Export Excellence Award from Council for Leather Exports (Category above Rs.200 Crores & 300 Crores – Leather Garments) year – 2021-2022.

(d) Second Place National Export Excellence Award from Council for Leather Exports (Overall Export of Leather & Products and Footwear for year – 2021-2022.

(e) Second Place National Export Excellence Award from Council for Leather Exports (Overall Export of Leather & leather Footwear product including Non-Leather Footwear year – 2021-2022.

GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following matters as there were no transactions on these matters during the year under review:

a) Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.

b) Neither the Managing Director nor the Whole-time Directors of the Company receive any remuneration and commission from any of its subsidiaries.

c) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

d) No frauds has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board.

e) There has been no changes in the nature of business of the Company.

f) The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 for the year under review.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board of Directors expresses its sincere gratitude for the continued support, guidance, and cooperation received from the Company's valued customers, suppliers, vendors, business associates, various government and regulatory authorities, local bodies, and banking partners.

The Board also places on record its deep appreciation for the commitment, dedication, and hard work of all employees across levels, whose efforts have been instrumental in driving the Company's progress and performance during the year.

For and on behalf of the Board

Snehdeep Aggarwal
Chairman

DIN: 00928080

Gurugram, 13th August, 2025

ANNEXURE A

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

The Members
Bhartiya International Limited
56/7, Nallambakkam Village (via Vandalur)
Chennai, Tamilnadu 600048

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliances of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **BHARTIYA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED** (hereinafter called the Company"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board - Processes and Compliance – Mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:-

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2025 according to the provisions of: –

- 1. The Companies Act, 2013("the Act") and Rules made thereunder as amended/modified;
- 2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye laws framed thereunder;
- 4. The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- 5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 to the extent applicable;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 to the extent applicable;
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 to the extent applicable;
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit Period);
 - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit Period);
 - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client to the extent of securities issued;
 - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period);
 - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the company during the audit period) and
 - i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and amendments from time to time, to the extent applicable;

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Investor Protection and Education Fund) Regulation, 2009 to the extent applicable.
- 6. We further report that, having to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test check basis, the Company has complied with the laws and Regulations applicable to the Company;

We further report that the compliances by the Company of applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit, since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clause of the following:

- Secretarial Standard with regard to meeting of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines and Standards etc. mentioned above.

We further report that: -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The Changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act;

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting; and

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of meetings of the Board of Directors or committee of the Board, as the case may be.

There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliances with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, the following event occurred which has bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standard etc.

- 1. The Company has allotted 12,01,000 fully convertible warrants at an issue price of Rs. 430/- per warrant aggregating to Rs. 51,64,30,000/- convertible into equivalent number of Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each.
- 2. The Company has allotted 7,75,000 Equity Shares pursuant to conversion of fully convertible warrants.

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as "Annexure-A" and form an integral part of this report.

For RSM & Co. **Company Secretaries**

CS RAVI SHARMA Partner FCS: 4468 | COP No.: 3666

UDIN: F004468G000989936 Peer Review Cert. No. 978/2020

New Delhi, 13th August, 2025

Annexure-A to Secretarial Audit Report

The Members
Bhartiya International Limited
56/7, Nallambakkam Village (Via Vandalur)
Chennai, Tamilnadu 600048

Based on the audit, our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance with the applicable laws and maintenance of records by the Company. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards CSAS 1 TO CSAS 4 prescribe by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. These standards required that the auditor complies with statutory and regulatory requirements and plans and performs the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and regulations and maintenance of records.

Our Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Secretarial Records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verifications were done on the test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliances of Laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable Laws, rule and regulations, standards are the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. Our Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company

For RSM & Co.
Company Secretaries

CS RAVI SHARMA

Partner FCS: 4468 | COP No.: 3666 UDIN: F004468G000989936 Peer Review Cert. No. 978/2020

New Delhi, 13th August, 2025

ANNEXURE B

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-25

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

The Company's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy, duly approved by the Board of Directors, outlines its commitment to contribute towards sustainable and inclusive development. The policy provides a comprehensive framework and an exhaustive list of programs and activities that the Company may undertake under its CSR initiatives, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014.

2. CSR Activities During the Financial Year 2024–25:

During the year under review, the Company primarily focused its CSR efforts in the areas of:

- **Promoting education**, including special education and employment-enhancing vocational skills for children, women, elderly, and differently-abled individuals.
- Rural area development projects, aimed at improving infrastructure, health, and sanitation in underdeveloped regions.

These initiatives are aligned with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and reflect the Company's commitment to responsible and inclusive growth.

| SI. No. | Name of Director | Designation/ Nature of Directorship | Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year | Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year | |
|------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | Chairperson 4 | | 4 | |
| 2 | Mr. Vivek Kapur | Member | 4 | 4 | |
| 3 | Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | Member | 4 | 4 | |

- 3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company at: https://www.bhartiyafashion.com/download/CSR-PROJECTS-FY-2024-25.pdf
- 4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report). **Not Applicable**
- 5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any: **Not Applicable.**
- 6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5).- Rs. 22,72,40,398/-
- 7. a. Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)- Rs. 45,44,808/
 - b. Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programms or activities of the previous financial years.- NIL
 - c. Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any- Rs. 81,389/-
 - d. Unspent amount of previous years- NIL
- 8. Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c+7d)- Rs. 44,63,419/-
- 9. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

| Total Amount | • | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|--------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs.) | Tolal Allioulii ile | unsferred to Unspent per section 135(6) | Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5) | | | | | | | | |
| | Amount (in Rs.) | Date of transfer | Name of the Fund | Amount | Date of transfer | | | | | | |
| 36.14.379/- | 9.93.000/- | 19/04/2025 | _ | NIL | _ | | | | | | |

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (: | 5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | | (11) |
|-----|-------------|---------------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|--------|---------------|
| SI. | Name of the | Item from | Local | Locatio | n of the | Project | Amount | Amount | Amount | Mode of | ٨ | Node of |
| No. | Project | the list of | area | pro | ject | duration | allocated | spent in | transferred to | Implementa | | mentation – |
| | | activities in | (Yes/ | | | | for the | the current | Unspent CSR | tion-Direct | | hrough |
| | | Schedule | No) | | | | project (in | financial | Account for | (Yes/No) | Implem | enting Agency |
| | | VII to the | | State | District | | Rs.) | Year (in Rs.) | the project as | | Name | CSR |
| | | Act | | | | | | | per Section | | | Registration |
| | | | | | | | | | 135(6) (in Rs.) | | | number |
| 1 | ONGOING | II | No | Delhi | Gurugram, | One Year | 21,00,000/- | 11,07,000/- | 9,93,000/- | Yes | N.A. | N.A. |
| | CSR PROIECT | | | NCR/ | Chennai/ | | | | | | | |
| | 4 /2024-25 | | | Bengaluru | Bengaluru | | | | | | | |
| | | | TOTAL | | | | 21,00,000/- | 11,07,000/- | 9,93,000/- | | | |

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | | (5) | (6) | (7) | | (8) |
|------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|--|
| SI. No. | Name of the Project | Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act | Local area (Yes/ No) | Location of the project | | Amount spent for the project (in Rs.) | Mode of imple- mentati on- Di- | implen Through i | ode of nentation – implementing gency |
| | | | | State District | | | rect (Yes/ No) | Name | CSR registration number |
| 1 | PROJECT 1/2024- 25 | Rural Development Project- dispensary. | Yes | Tamil Nadu | Kanchipuram | Rs. 3,46,579/- | Yes | Not Applicable | - |
| 2 | PROJECT 2/2024- 25 | Rural Development Project- Promotion of sports facilities for students | Yes | Bengaluru/ Tamil Nadu | Bengaluru/ Tamil Nadu | Rs. 15,00,000/- | No | Chaman Bhartiya School | CSR00028571 |
| 3 | PROJECT 3/2024- 25 | Rural Development Project- Construction of road | Yes | Tamil Nadu Kanchipuram | | Rs. 6,60,800/- | Yes | Not Applicable | - |
| | TOTAL | | | | | Rs. 25,07,379/- | | | |

- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not Applicable
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (9b+9c+9d+9e): Rs. 36,14,379/-
- (g) Excess amount for set off, if any: Rs. 1,43,960/-
- 10. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

| SI. No. | Preceding Financial Year | Amount transferred to Unspent CSR | Amount spent in the reporting | specified | ransferred under Scho ction 135(6 | Amount remaining to be spent | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.) | Financial Year (in Rs.) | Name of the Fund | Amount (in Rs) | Date of transfer | in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.) | |
| | - | NIL | NIL | - | NIL | - | NIL | |

(h) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | |
|------------|---------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| SI. No. | Project ID | Name of the Project | Financial Year in which the project was commenced | Project duration | Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.) | Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs) | Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year (in Rs.) | Status of the project- Completed/ Ongoing | |
| N.A. | | | | | | | | | |

In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details): **Not Applicable**

Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): **Not Applicable**

For and on behalf of the Board

Manoj Khattar Whole-Time Director

DIN: 00694981

Snehdeep Aggarwal Chairman DIN: 00928080

ANNEXURE C

Information in accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014:

a. Conservation of Energy

Although the operations of the Company are not energy intensive, it continues to adopt measures for conservation of energy. Initiatives taken include monitoring and optimizing the use of DG sets, deployment of energy-efficient laptops and computers, and regulated usage of air-conditioners only when necessary. These efforts have collectively contributed to enhanced energy efficiency.

b. Technology Absorption

c. The Company operates in a fashion-driven industry, where design and product development are critical. It leverages the expertise and resources of its Italian office for advanced design development. This association enables effective technology transfer and know-how to the Indian operations, thereby enhancing product innovation and operational capabilities.

d. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Foreign Exchange Earnings: Rs. 76,876.96 Lakhs

Foreign Exchange Outgo: Rs. 26,561.54 Lakhs

For and on behalf of the Board

Snehdeep Aggarwal

Chairman DIN: 00928080

Gurugram, 13th August, 2025

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

(A) COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance is rooted in a legacy of fairness, ethics, and transparency, and continues to evolve with the changing business environment. As a responsible corporate citizen, the Company is committed to upholding the highest standards of governance, which is evident through a well-balanced and diverse Board comprising eminent Directors, robust policies, transparent practices, proactive disclosures, a strong focus on sustainability, and effective decision-making. These principles are aimed at fostering long-term, sustainable growth for all stakeholders. The Company ensures strict adherence to all applicable laws and regulations, both in letter and in spirit, and was in full compliance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI Listing Regulations"). The detailed Corporate Governance Report for the financial year 2024-25 is appearing below:

(B) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors assumes the paramount responsibility for steering the overall management, strategic direction, supervision, and performance of the Company. It offers visionary leadership and strategic foresight while upholding an independent and objective outlook in the governance of the Company's affairs. In discharging its fiduciary duties, the Board ensures that the management embodies the highest standards of integrity, transparency, accountability, and ethical conduct. It diligently oversees the Company's performance to safeguard the interests of all stakeholders and to drive long-term value creation for shareholders. To ensure efficient and specialized oversight, the Board has established various Committees composed of Directors with deep domain expertise. These Committees play a vital role in assisting the Board by undertaking detailed evaluations of specific matters and providing well-considered recommendations on critical issues.

1. Composition of the Board, Other Directorships and Committee Memberships

The composition of the Board of Directors of the Company is in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

As on 31st March, 2025, the Board comprises eight Directors, including:

- Three Non-Executive Directors
- Four Independent Directors (including one Woman Director)
- One Executive Director

The Independent Directors are distinguished professionals, bringing in a wide range of expertise and experience. Their active participation in the Board's deliberations ensures that strategic policy and key decision-making processes are conducted with objectivity, independence, and transparency.

The composition reflects a balanced mix of executive and non-executive, independent and non-independent members, ensuring effective governance and oversight.

Details regarding the directorships held by each Director in other public companies and their memberships/chairmanships in various committees (as per Regulation 26 of SEBI Listing Regulations are provided below:

| Name | Director Identification Number | Date of Appointment# | Category of Directors | in other Indian Public | Memberships/ Chairmanships of other Committees | | List of Directorship held in Other Listed Companies | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|--------|---|--|
| | | | | Limited Companies | Chairperson | Member | and Category of Directorship | |
| Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | 00928080 | 07-01-1987 | Promoter, Non- Executive Chairman | - | - | - | - | |
| Mr. Manoj Khattar | 00694981 | 13-08-2018 | Executive Director (Whole-Time Director) | 5 | 1 | - | - | |
| Mr. Robert Burton Moore Jr. | 08108097 | 16-04-2018 | Non-Executive Non- Independent Director | - | - | - | - | |
| Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal | 01891082 | 04-10-2007 | Non-Executive Non- Independent Director | - | - | - | - | |

| Name | Director Identification Number | Date of Appointment# | Category of Directors | Directorships in other Indian Public Limited Companies | Memberships/ Chairmanships of other Committees | | List of Directorship held in Other Listed Companies |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------|--|
| | | | | | Chairperson | Member | and Category of Directorship |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | 06952954 | 01-04-2020 | Non-Executive Independent Director | 3 | 3 | 5 | -PC Jeweller Limited Non-Executive Independent Director -Orient Green Power Company Limited Non-Executive Independent Director |
| Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei | 09649188 | 11-08-2022 | Non-Executive Independent Director | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Deepak Bhojwani | 07351577 | 11-08-2022 | Non-Executive Independent Director | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | 09678378 | 11-08-2022 | Non-Executive Independent Director | 1 | - | 1 | - |

#Date of appointment depicts first appointment not re-appointment.

Additional Notes on Board Composition:

- i) The Directorships stated above do not include:
 - o Alternate Directorships;
 - Directorships in Foreign Companies;
 - o Section 8 Companies; and
 - o Private Limited Companies.

The number of Directorships held by each Director is well within the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and SEBI Listing Regulations.

- ii) For the purpose of Committee memberships/chairmanships, only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee positions held in public limited companies (excluding Bhartiya International Limited) have been considered. All Directors comply with the limit of not holding memberships in more than ten Board-level committees and not serving as Chairperson of more than five such committees across all listed entities.
- iii) The Independent Directors of the Company meet the independence criteria as laid down under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv) Details of Director(s) retiring by rotation or proposed to be re-appointed are provided in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting. A brief profile of each Director is also available on the Company's website at www.bhartiya.com.
- v) The tenure of Independent Directors is in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable rules.
- vi) Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal is the nephew of Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal, Promoter Director. Other than this relationship, none of the Directors are related to each other.

2. Number of Board Meetings

The Board meets at regular intervals to deliberate and decide on strategic, financial, operational, and compliance-related matters. Meetings are pre-scheduled well in advance to enable the Directors to plan their commitments effectively. In addition, the Company obtains Board approvals via circular resolutions, where permitted, in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, and Secretarial Standards issued by ICSI.

Notices and detailed agenda papers are circulated to the Directors in advance to enable informed and effective decision-making. In exceptional situations, supplementary documents are tabled at the meeting with due permission of the Chair.

During the financial year 2024–25, five Board meetings were held on the following dates:

- 7th May, 2024
- 29th May, 2024
- 9th August, 2024
- 12th November, 2024
- 12th February, 2025

The time gap between any two meetings was within the statutory limit prescribed under Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The attendance of the Directors at the Board Meetings held during the financial year ended **31st March**, **2025**, and at the previous **Annual General Meeting (AGM)** held in 2024 is as follows:

| Name of Director | No. of Board Meetings Attended * | Attendance at Last AGM | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | 5 | Absent | |
| Mr. Manoj Khattar | 5 | Present | |
| Mr. Robert Burton Moore Jr. | 5 | Absent | |
| Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal | 5 | Absent | |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | 5 | Absent | |
| Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei | 5 | Absent | |
| Mr. Deepak Bhojwani | 5 | Absent | |
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | 5 | Present | |

^{*} Includes Meeting attended through Video/Tele Conference.

3. Selection of Independent Directors

The selection and appointment of Independent Directors is carried out in a structured manner by the Human Resources, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.

In identifying suitable candidates, the Committee considers individuals who possess a high level of integrity, professional standing, and an independent outlook. The Committee evaluates candidates based on:

- Qualifications and positive attributes
- Domain expertise relevant to the Company's business
- Experience across industry sectors
- Independence from management and other stakeholders
- Number of Directorships and Committee positions held in other companies

All appointments are made in accordance with the terms and conditions available on the Company's website at www.bhartiya.com.

As per statutory requirements, every Independent Director, at the first meeting of the Board in which they participate as a Director and subsequently at the first Board meeting of each financial year, submits a declaration confirming:

- That they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under applicable laws
- That there are no circumstances or relationships which may impair their ability to exercise independent judgment objectively and without external influence

The Company has received such declarations from all Independent Directors for the financial year 2024–25.

In the opinion of the Board, all Independent Directors meet the independence criteria as prescribed under Regulation 25 of SEBI Listing Regulations, and Section 149 read with Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, and are independent of the management.

4. Skills/expertise/competencies of the Board

The Board recognizes certain skills/expertise/competencies that are required by it to function effectively in the context of business of the Company and which inter-alia consists of experience and knowledge of the Leather and Textile Industry and specialist knowledge in various areas.

Board members have significant experience and expertise in the areas of corporate governance, strategy, finance, banking and marketing. The Company is managed by the Board of Directors in coordination with the Senior Management team. The Board periodically evaluates the need for change in its composition and size.

The Board has identified the following skill set with reference to its Business and Industry which are available with the Board:

| Name of the Directors | Core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | Leadership, Entrepreneurship, Global business and consumer understanding, Business Strategy and Corporate Management | | |
| Mr. Manoj Khattar | Financial matters including capital budgeting, planning & management, and corporate finance experience. | | |
| Mr. Robert Burton Moore Jr. | Marketing specialist, Business Management | | |
| Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal | International Marketing and Business Management | | |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | Expertise in Banking, Accounts and Finance matters. | | |
| Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei | Retired as Lt. Gen from Indian Army, highly decorated Army Officer having wide ranging leadership, management and organizational experience spanning 40 years of an extremely successful and distinguished career. Experience of working in a Global environment, has represented the country and the Defense Services internationally on several occasions. | | |
| Mr. Deepak Bhojwani | Mr. Deepak Bhojwani joined the Indian Foreign Service (IFS) in 1978. Since then, he has served in three Continents - Asia, Europe and South America - as well as the Ministry of External Affairs in New Delhi. During his career, he was accredited as Ambassador in seven Latin American countries. He became a Joint Secretary in the Government of India in October, 1997. | | |
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | Expertise in Accounts and Finance matters. | | |

5. Information Supplied to the Board

The Board has complete and unrestricted access to all information pertaining to the Company. In accordance with Regulation 17(7) read with Part A of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company provides all relevant and applicable information to the Board.

Such information is typically furnished either through agenda papers circulated in advance of the Board meetings or via presentations and discussions held during the meetings.

6. Post Meeting Mechanism

All important decisions taken at the meetings of the Board and its Committees are promptly communicated to the relevant departments and divisions of the Company for effective implementation and necessary follow-up actions.

7. Board Support

The Company Secretary attends all meetings of the Board and its Committees and plays a key role in supporting the Board. The Company Secretary advises the Board on compliance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations, as well as on matters of corporate governance.

8. Shareholding of Non-Executive Directors

As on 31st March, 2025, the shares held by the Non-Executive Directors is provided below:

| Name of the Directors | No. of shares held | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | 1143362 | | |
| Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal | 20100 | | |

Further, none of the Non-Executive Directors holds any convertible Instruments of the Company.

9. Roles, Responsibilities and Duties of the Board

The roles, responsibilities, and duties of the Board of Directors are defined under the SEBI Listing Regulations, Section 166 of the Companies Act, 2013, and Schedule IV of the said Act (which specifically outlines the duties of Independent Directors).

There is a clear demarcation of responsibilities and authority among the members of the Board to ensure effective governance and decision-making. The Board discharges its duties with integrity, accountability, and in compliance with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

10. Independent Directors

The Non-Executive Independent Directors of the Company meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

A formal letter of appointment, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, is issued to each Independent Director upon their appointment and is also disclosed on the Company's website at www.bhartiya.com.

In compliance with the SEBI Listing Regulations, none of the Independent Directors serve as an Independent Director in more than seven listed companies. Furthermore, no Independent Director of the Company holds the position of Whole-Time Director or Managing Director in any other listed company.

The Company has also obtained a certificate from a Practicing Company Secretary confirming that none of the Directors on the Board have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), or any other statutory authority.

11. Familiarization Program for Independent Directors

At the time of appointing an Independent Director, the Company issues a formal letter of appointment to the concerned Director. This letter clearly outlines the role, functions, duties, and responsibilities expected from a Director of the Company. The Director is also provided with detailed information regarding compliance requirements under the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations, and other applicable laws, following which an affirmation of compliance is obtained.

To facilitate smooth onboarding, the Chairman holds a one-to-one discussion with the newly appointed Director to familiarize them with the Company's operations.

Furthermore, as part of the agenda of Board and Committee meetings, regular presentations are made to Independent Directors covering a wide range of subjects, including the Company's business and operations (including subsidiaries and associates), industry and regulatory updates, strategy, finance, risk management framework, and the roles, rights, and responsibilities of Independent Directors under various statutes.

Details of the familiarisation program for Independent Directors are available on the Company's website and can be accessed here: https://bhartiyafashion.com/download/FAMILIARISATION-PROGRAMME-FOR-INDEPENDENT-DIRECTORS-2024-2025.pdf

12. Directors & Officers Liability Insurance Policy

In compliance with SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has a Directors & Officers Liability Insurance (D&O Insurance) Policy in place.

13. Conflict of Interests

Each Director annually informs the Company about the Board and Committee positions they hold in other companies, including any Chairmanships, and promptly notifies the Company of any changes during the year.

While discharging their duties, the Directors ensure that they avoid any conflict of interest in the decision-making process. Directors abstain from participating in discussions and refrain from voting on any matter where they have a personal interest or concern.

(C) COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors has constituted various Board Committees to focus on specific areas and activities that require detailed review and oversight. These Committees are formed with the approval of the Board and operate under their respective Charters.

The Board Committees play a vital role in the overall management of the Company's day-to-day affairs and governance. They meet regularly to carry out the responsibilities delegated to them by the Board.

To ensure transparency and good governance, the minutes of all Committee meetings are placed before the Board for their review and noting.

Currently, the Board has the following Committees:

1. AUDIT COMMITTEE

i. Composition

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors ("the Audit Committee") is entrusted with the responsibility of overseeing the Company's financial reporting process, internal controls, and risk management systems.

The composition, quorum, powers, role, and scope of the Audit Committee are in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. All members of the Audit Committee possess expertise in areas such as Finance, Taxation, Economics, Risk Management, and International Finance.

Mr. Vivek Kapur serves as the Chairman of the Audit Committee, with Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei and Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi as members.

The Audit Committee's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- Supervising and directing the internal audit and risk management functions;
- Reviewing the quarterly and annual financial results and statements;
- Interacting with statutory auditors to ensure audit quality and compliance; and
- Carrying out other functions as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements Regulations.

To effectively discharge its duties, the Audit Committee is empowered to investigate any matter within its terms of reference, seek information from employees, and obtain external legal and professional advice when necessary.

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Audit Committee. The Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors, and Chief Financial Officer are invitees to the Audit Committee meetings.

ii. Meetings and Attendance during the Financial Year 2024-25

The Audit Committee met four times during the Financial Year 2024-25. The Company has fully complied with the requirements of Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations concerning the maximum interval between two Audit Committee meetings. The requisite quorum was present at all the meetings.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the Company's last Annual General Meeting. The table below summarizes the attendance of the Audit Committee members during the year:

| Director | 29.05.2024 | 09.08.2024 | 12.11.2024 | 12.02.2025 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | Р | Р | Р | Р |
| Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei | Р | Р | Р | Р |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | Р | Р | Р | Р |

Includes Meeting attended through Video/Tele Conference.

iii. Terms of Reference

The Audit Committee is entrusted with the following key responsibilities:

- a. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure to ensure that financial statements are accurate, sufficient, and credible.
- b. Recommending to the Board the appointment, reappointment, replacement, or removal of statutory auditors (including cost auditors, if applicable), and fixing their audit fees and other terms of engagement.
- c. Approving payments to statutory auditors for audit and any other services rendered.
- d. Reviewing with management the annual financial statements and auditors' reports before submission to the Board, with particular attention to:
 - Matters to be included in the Directors' Responsibility Statement.
 - Changes in accounting policies and their justifications.
 - Major accounting estimates involving management judgment.
 - Significant adjustments arising from audit findings.
 - Compliance with listing and legal requirements related to financial statements.
 - Disclosure of related party transactions.
 - Modified opinions in audit reports.
- e. Reviewing quarterly and half-yearly financial statements with management and statutory auditors prior to Board approval.
- f. Reviewing management reports on the use and application of funds raised through public issues, rights issues, preferential issues, etc., including monitoring agency reports on utilization, and recommending corrective action.
- g. Monitoring the independence, performance, and effectiveness of statutory auditors and the audit process.
- h. Approving or modifying related party transactions.
- i. Scrutinizing inter-corporate loans and investments.
- j. Reviewing valuations of undertakings or assets where necessary.
- k. Evaluating internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- 1. Reviewing performance of statutory, cost, and internal auditors and adequacy of internal control systems.
- m. Reviewing the internal audit function, including structure, staffing, seniority, reporting, coverage, and frequency.
- n. Discussing significant findings from internal audits and follow-ups.
- o. Reviewing findings from internal investigations related to suspected fraud, irregularities, or failures of internal controls, and reporting these to the Board.
- p. Discussing the nature and scope of the audit with statutory auditors before commencement and post-audit discussions for concerns.
- q. Investigating reasons for substantial defaults, if any, in payments to depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of dividend defaults), and creditors.
- r. Reviewing the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism.
- s. Approving appointment of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) or other key finance personnel after assessing qualifications and experience.
- t. Framing and reviewing policies related to the Company's Code of Conduct and the Code for Prevention of Insider Trading, and supervising their implementation.
- u. Performing other functions as may be referred to the Committee by the Board or other Committees.
- v. Reviewing financial statements, particularly investments made by unlisted subsidiaries.

- w. Reviewing the following information:
 - Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results.
 - Statements of significant related party transactions.
 - Management letters/internal control weakness letters issued by auditors.
 - Internal audit reports related to control weaknesses.
 - Appointment, removal, and remuneration terms of internal auditors.
- x. Reviewing statements of deviations:
 - Quarterly statements of deviations, including monitoring agency reports, submitted to stock exchanges as per Regulation 32(1) of SEBI Listing Regulations.
 - Annual statements of funds utilized for purposes other than stated in offer documents as per Regulation 32(7) of SEBI Listing Regulations.
- y. Reviewing utilization of loans/advances or investments in subsidiaries exceeding Rs. 100 crore or 10% of the subsidiary's asset size, whichever is lower.
- z. Exercising authority to review or investigate any matter covered under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, and matters specified in Part C of Schedule II to the SEBI Listing Regulations.

2. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

(i) Composition

The Committee comprises of three Non-Executive Independent Directors in pursuant to Regulation 19 of the SEBI LODR Regulations. Mr. Vivek Kapur is the Chairman of the Committee. Other members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei and Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi. Company Secretary acts as Secretary of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Composition of Remuneration and Nomination Committee is pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulations.

(ii) Meetings and Attendance during the financial year 2024-25

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee met two times during the year. The necessary quorum was present for the Meeting. The table below provides the Attendance of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee members:

| Director | 29.05.2024 | 09.08.2024 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | Р | Р |
| Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei | Р | Р |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | Р | Р |

Includes Meeting attended through Video/Tele Conference.

(iii) Terms of reference

The broad terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as under:-

- a. Identifying, evaluating, and recommending appropriate Independent Directors, Executive and Non -Executive
 Directors on the Board of the Company based on the qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a
 director and availability of time with him or her to devote to the job;
- b. Evaluating the skill, knowledge, experience and effectiveness of individual directors as well as the Board as a whole;
- c. Ensuring that the Board comprises of a balanced combination of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors which includes a policy on Board diversity;
- d. Identifying the qualifications, positive attributes and evaluating and recommending the appointment and remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company, one level below the Board;
- e. Payment of remuneration to the directors shall be approved by a resolution passed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

- f. All information about the Directors / Managing Directors / Whole time Directors i.e., background details, past remuneration, recognition or awards, job profile shall be considered and disclosed to shareholders;
- g. The Committee shall take into consideration and ensure the compliance of provisions under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 for appointing and fixing remuneration of Managing Directors / Whole time Directors;
- h. While approving the remuneration, the Committee shall take into account financial position of the Company, trend in the industry, qualification, experience and past performance of the appointee;
- i. The relevant disclosures will be made in the Annual Report of the Company and wherever required;
- j. The Committee shall look into the administration and superintendence of the Employee Stock Option Scheme implemented by the Company from time to time including:
 - the quantum of options to be granted under Employees' Stock Option Scheme per employee and in
 - aggregate;
 - the conditions under which option vested in employees may lapse in case of termination of employment for misconduct;
 - the exercise period within which the employee should exercise the option, and that the option would lapse
 on failure to exercise the option within the exercise period;
 - the specified time period within which the employee shall exercise the vested options in the event of termination or resignation of an employee;
 - the right of an employee to exercise all options vested in him at one time or various points of time within the exercise period;
 - the procedure for making a fair and reasonable adjustment to the number of options and to the exercise
 price in case of corporate actions, such as rights issues, bonus issues, merger, sale of division and others;
 - the granting, vesting and exercising of options in case of employees who are on long leave; and the procedure for cashless exercise of options.
- k. To carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and/or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification as may be applicable or as may be necessary or appropriate for performance of its duties.

3. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

i. Composition

In accordance with Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee is comprised entirely of Non-Executive Independent Directors. As on date, the composition of the Committee is as follows:

- Mr. Vivek Kapur Chairman
- Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei Member
- Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Member

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

ii. Meetings and Attendance (FY 2024-25)

The Committee met five times during the financial year 2024–25 to review and address shareholder queries and grievances. The meetings included discussion on the nature of grievances received and their resolution status.

| Director | 29.05.2024 | 09.08.2024 | 07.10.2024 | 12.02.2025 | 28.03.2025 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р |
| Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р |

Includes Meeting attended through Video/Tele Conference.

iii. Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee are as under:

- a. Oversee and review and approve all matters connected with the transfer, transposition and transmission of the Company's securities, deletion of names, change of names;
- b. Approve issue of the Company's duplicate share / debenture certificates, if any;
- c. Monitor redressal of investors'/shareholders'/ security holders' grievances about non-receipt of declared dividend, non-receipt of Annual Reports;
- d. Oversee the performance of the Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents;
- e. Recommend methods to upgrade the standard of services to investors;
- f. Monitor implementation of the Company's Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading;
- g. To perform all functions relating to the interests of shareholders/ investors of the Company as may be required by the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations with the Stock Exchanges and guidelines issued by the SEBI or any other regulatory authority.

During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the Company did not receive any investor complaints. As such, there were no grievances which were pending during the financial year ending 31st March, 2025.

4. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

i. Composition

The CSR Committee of the Company has been constituted in compliance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Committee comprises the following three Directors:

- Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal Chairman
- Mr. Vivek Kapur Member
- Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Member

All members of the Committee bring relevant experience and insights in driving the Company's CSR initiatives effectively.

The Committee is responsible for formulating and monitoring the implementation of the CSR Policy and recommending CSR activities and expenditure in accordance with applicable legal provisions.

ii. Meetings and Attendance during FY 2024-25

During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the Committee met four (4) times to review and oversee the implementation of the Company's CSR policy and initiatives.

| Director | 29.05.2024 | 29.05.2024 09.08.2024 | | 12.02.2025 |
|--------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|---|------------|
| Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | Α | Р | Р | Р |
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | Р | Р | Р | Р |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | Р | Р | Р | Р |

Terms of reference

The broad terms of reference of the CSR Committee are as under:-

- a. To formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy indicating activities to be undertaken by the Company in compliance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.
- b. To recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities.
- c. To monitor the implementation of the framework of the CSR Policy.
- d. To disseminate factually correct information to investors, institutions and the public at large.
- e. To carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and/or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification as may be applicable or as may be necessary or appropriate for performance of its duties.

Considering the cause behind the formation of the CSR Committee, the members have refused to take sitting fees

5. MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

i. Composition

The Management Committee comprises three members:

- Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal
- Mr. Manoj Khattar
- Mr. Vivek Kapur

ii. Meetings and Attendance during the Financial Year 2024-25

During the financial year 2024–25, the Committee convened eleven (11) meetings to deliberate on and oversee key management matters.

| Meetings | | Directors | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | Mr. Manoj Khattar | Mr. Vivek Kapur | | | | | |
| 16.04.2024 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 13.05.2024 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 14.06.2024 | A | Р | Р | | | | | |
| 28.06.2024 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 20.07.2024 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 07.09.2024 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 13.11.2024 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 09.12.2024 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 07.01.2025 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 12.02.2025 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |
| 19.03.2025 | Р | Р | А | | | | | |

Terms of Reference

The broad terms of reference of the Management Committee are as under:-

- a. Availing term loans/working capital facilities/vehicle loans for business purposes from banks/financial institutions for an amount not exceeding Rs.700 crore including accepting sanction letters and renewal of existing bank limits, forex transactions and all such matters which are required for dealing with the banks/financial institutions on routine basis.
- b. Authorisation for dealing/liaising with various Statutory/Regulatory authorities including state, central authorities viz., Income Tax, FEMA, MCA, SEBI, Pollution Control Board, Municipal Corporation, Telecom authorities, Service Tax authorities, VAT authorities, GST authorities etc. and vendors.
- Authorisation for opening and closing of bank accounts, changes in signatories for operating the bank accounts
 etc.
- d. Authorisation for making investments in securities quoted on the stock exchanges.
- e. Authorisation for making investments in group companies.
- f. To take up any other assignments as may be granted by the Board from time to time.

(D) **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. Yogesh Kumar Gautam, Company Secretary, has been designated as the Compliance Officer of the Company under Regulation 6 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. His Contact Details are: Bhartiya International Limited, 38, Sector-44, Gurugram – 122003, Haryana, India, Tel: +91-124-4888555 and Email: yogesh.gautam@bhartiya.com

(E) SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Particulars of Senior Management as on March 31, 2025:

| S. No. | Name Designation | | Change (Appointment/ Resignation) during FY 2024-25 |
|--------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 1. | Mr. Raj Kumar Chawla | Chief Financial Officer | - |
| 2. | Mr. Yogesh Kumar Gautam | Company Secretary | - |
| 3. | Mr. Bopanna Madaiah Ballachanda | Chief Operating Officer | - |

(F) REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

Remuneration to Whole-Time Director (Executive Director)

Remuneration of the Whole-Time Director is determined periodically by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and fixed by the Board within the permissible limits under the applicable provisions of law and approved by Shareholders.

Remuneration to Whole-Time Director for the financial year 2024-25 is as under:

| Name of the Director | Salary (Rs.) | Stock Options | Notice Period |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Mr. Manoj Khattar * | 89,66,962/- | - | 3 months |

^{*}Salary includes Basic Salary, Perquisites & Allowances as per Income Tax Rules and contribution to Provident Fund.

Remuneration to Non- Executive Directors

The Non-Executive Directors are paid sitting fees within the limits prescribed under law.

The details of sitting fees paid for attending the Board/Committee Meetings to the Non-Executive Directors for the financial year 2024-25 is as under: -

| Name of the Director | Board Meeting Fees (Rs.) * | Committee Meeting Fees (Rs.) * | Total (Rs.) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal | - | - | - |
| Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal | - | - | - |
| Ms. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi | 1,25,000 | 1,10,000 | 2,35,000 |
| Mr. Robert Burton Moore Jr. | - | - | - |
| Mr. Vivek Kapur | 1,25,000 | 1,10,000 | 2,35,000 |
| Mr. Navkiran Singh Ghei | 1,25,000 | 1,10,000 | 2,35,000 |
| Mr. Deepak Bhojwani | 1,25,000 | - | 1,25,000 |

^{*} The above amounts are exclusive of taxes

No sitting fees were paid to Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal, Mr. Robert Burton Moore Jr., and Mr. Nikhil Aggarwal during the financial year under review.

- Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal, in his capacity as Chairman of the Company, was paid a honorary remuneration of Rs. 9,00,000/- for the financial year 2024–25.
- Mr. Robert Burton Moore Jr., Non-Executive Director, was paid consultancy fees amounting to Rs. 1,05,83,995/during the year under review. This remuneration was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting
 held on 27th September 2024, under the applicable provisions for holding an office or place of profit in the
 Company.

The appointments and terms of employment for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), and other employees are governed by their respective employment contracts and are in line with the Company's HR policies. These include provisions related to salary, variable pay, service terms, notice period, and severance, where applicable.

There were no other material pecuniary relationships or business transactions between the Company and any of the Non-Executive or Independent Directors during the financial year under review.

(G) BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out an Annual Evaluation of its own performance, performance of the Directors and the working of its committees on the evaluation criteria defined by Nomination and Remuneration Committee for performance evaluation process of the Board, its Committees and Directors.

A structured questionnaire covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance was prepared after taking into consideration the Guidance note issued by SEBI and circulated to each Board member for evaluation.

The Board's functioning was evaluated on various aspects, including inter-alia the structure of the Board, meeting of the Board, functions of the Board, degree of fulfilment of key responsibilities, establishment and delineation of responsibilities to various Committees, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning.

The Committees of the Board were assessed on the degree of fulfilment of key responsibilities, adequacy of Committee composition and effectiveness of Meetings. The Directors were evaluated on aspects such as attendance, contribution at Board/ Committee Meetings and guidance/ support to the Management outside Board/ Committee Meetings.

The performance assessment of Non-Independent Directors and the Whole-Time Director, Board as a whole and the Chairman were evaluated in separate meetings of Independent Directors held on 17th March, 2025 without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and members of the management.

The same was also discussed in the meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board. Performance evaluation of Independent Directors was done by the entire Board, excluding the Independent Director being evaluated.

The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

(H) MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

In accordance with the provisions of Regulation 25(3) and 25(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on 17th March 2025, without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and members of the management.

During the meeting, the Independent Directors discussed, inter alia, the following matters:

- Performance evaluation of the Board as a whole
- Performance evaluation of the Chairman of the Board
- Assessment of the quality, quantity, and timeliness of flow of information between the Company's management and the Board that is necessary for effective and reasonable performance of duties
- Overall effectiveness of the Board and its Committees
- Suggestions for improving governance standards and the functioning of the Board

The Independent Directors expressed satisfaction with the overall performance of the Board, the Chairman, and the management's support in facilitating effective Board processes.

(I) GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

The location and time of the Annual General Meetings ("AGM") and Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") held during the last 3 years were as follows:-

| Annual General Meeting (AGM) | Date | Time of AGM | Location | No. of Special Resolutions passed |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| 37th AGM | 27 th September, 2024 | 11:00 A.M. | Through Video Conferencing('VC')/ Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') facility | 3 |
| 13th EGM | 3 rd June, 2024 | 11:00 A.M. | Through Video Conferencing('VC')/ Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') facility | 1 |
| 36th AGM | 29 th September, 2023 | 11:00 A.M. | Through Video Conferencing('VC')/ Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') facility | 2 |
| 35 th AGM | 29 th September, 2022 | 11:00 | Through Video Conferencing('VC')/ Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') facility | 4 |

Special Resolution proposed to be passed by way of Postal Ballot

None of the businesses proposed to be transacted in the ensuing AGM require the passing of a special resolution by way of Postal Ballot.

(J) **CREDIT RATING**

Rating Committee of India Ratings and Research (Ind-Ra) has re-affirmed the long-term issuer rating of the Company to IND BBB (pronounced IND triple B) with stable outlook on 7^{th} July, 2025. Ind-Ra has re-affirmed rating of IND BBB/ Stable/ IND A2 for Fund- based working capital limits of Rs. 501.12 crores and term loan/ Proposed term loan of Rs. 79.62 crores. Agency has assigned rating IND A2 for non-fund based working capital limits of Rs. 66.35 crores. The outlook on the long- term rating has remained the same.

(K) MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The Company ensures timely and transparent communication of its financial performance and other key developments to shareholders, investors, and the public through various modes as outlined below:

1. Financial Results

- o Unaudited quarterly and half-yearly results are announced within 45 days of the end of each quarter.
- o Audited annual financial results are declared within 60 days from the end of the financial year, in compliance with the SEBI Listing Regulations.

2. Publication of Results

- o The approved financial results are immediately submitted to the stock exchanges (BSE and NSE).
- o Results are published in widely circulated newspapers:
- o Business Standard (English and Hindi editions)
- o The Hindu (Tamil edition for regional language compliance)
- o Publications occur within 48 hours of Board approval.

3. Website Disclosure

o The Company's financial results, official press releases, presentations, and other investor-related information are promptly uploaded on the Bhartiya Group website: www.bhartiya.com.

4. Annual Report

o The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) forms an integral part of the Annual Report, which is circulated to all shareholders.

5. Electronic Filing with Stock Exchanges

- o All quarterly results, shareholding patterns, disclosures, and other regulatory filings are electronically submitted through:
- o BSE Listing Centre for BSE Limited
- o NEAPS portal for the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE)

6. Investor Presentations and Updates

- o Investor presentations and key operational/financial updates are submitted to the stock exchanges and also made available on the Company's website.
- A half-yearly communication summarizing the Company's financial and operational performance is also shared with shareholders.

7. Dedicated Investor Relations Section

- o A dedicated "Investor Relations" section on the Company's website provides:
- All disclosures made to stock exchanges
- o Financial information, shareholding patterns, and policies
- o Other statutory documents as required under SEBI LODR Regulations
- o Information of interest to shareholders, analysts, and the general public

(L) GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

| 1. | AGM: Date, Time and Mode: | Day and Date: Monday, 29 th September, 2025 at 11:00 A.M. Through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means as set out in the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting. | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2. | Financial Calendar for 2024-25 | | | | | |
| | Financial year - April to March | | | | | |
| | Results for Quarter ending 30th June 2025: | by 14th of August, 2025 | | | | |
| | Results for Quarter ending 30th September 2025: | 5: by 14th of November, 2025 | | | | |
| | Results for Quarter ending 31st December 2025: | by 14 th of February, 2025 | | | | |
| | Year ending 31st March 2026: | by 30 th of May, 2026 | | | | |
| 3. | Book Closure: | Tuesday, the 23 rd September, 2025 to Monday, the 29 th September, 2025 (both days inclusive) | | | | |
| 4. | Dividend Payment Date: | Not applicable | | | | |

Listing on Stock Exchanges & Stock Code

The Company is listed at following Stock Exchanges:-

- a. BSE Limited (Stock Code: 526666) and
- b. National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (Stock Code: Symbol-BIL, Series BE)

The Annual listing fee for the year 2024-25 has been duly paid to both the Stock Exchanges. Demat ISIN Number with NSDL & CDSL for Equity shares - INE 828A01016

Annual Custody Issuer fee for the financial year 2024-25 has been paid by the Company to NSDL and CDSL.

6. Exclusive E-mail Id For Communication of Investors' Grievances

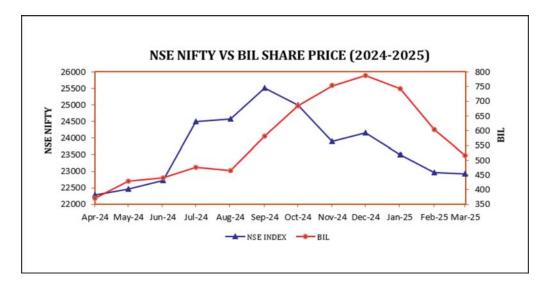
The E-mail ID <u>sm@masserv.com/</u> <u>shares@bhartiya.com</u> has been designated exclusively for communicating investors' grievances, if any.

7. Market Price Data: High, Low during each month in last financial year:

Stock Performance in comparison to broad-based indices such as Nifty, S&P Sensex, etc.

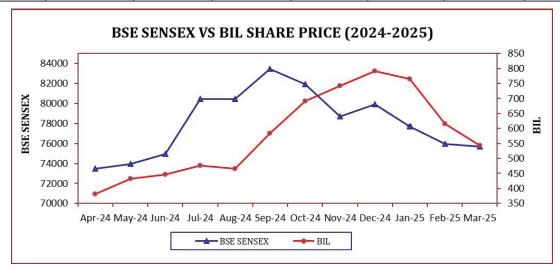
NSE:

| Months | BIL | | Months | | NSE Nifty | | |
|--------|------------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------------|-----------|------------------|
| | High (Rs.) | Low (Rs.) | Average (Rs.) | | High (Rs.) | Low (Rs.) | Average (Rs.) |
| Apr-24 | 485.00 | 257.00 | 371.00 | Apr-24 | 22783.35 | 21777.65 | 22280.50 |
| May-24 | 460.80 | 396.25 | 428.53 | May-24 | 23110.80 | 21821.05 | 22465.93 |
| Jun-24 | 509.00 | 370.65 | 439.83 | Jun-24 | 24174.00 | 21281.45 | 22727.73 |
| Jul-24 | 510.65 | 440.00 | 475.33 | Jul-24 | 24999.75 | 23992.70 | 24496.23 |
| Aug-24 | 514.95 | 415.60 | 465.28 | Aug-24 | 25268.35 | 23893.70 | 24581.03 |
| Sep-24 | 679.85 | 485.10 | 582.48 | Sep-24 | 26277.35 | 24753.15 | 25515.25 |
| Oct-24 | 782.40 | 587.25 | 684.83 | Oct-24 | 25907.60 | 24073.90 | 24990.75 |
| Nov-24 | 827.00 | 678.75 | 752.88 | Nov-24 | 24537.60 | 23263.15 | 23900.38 |
| Dec-24 | 836.55 | <i>7</i> 39.10 | 787.83 | Dec-24 | 24857.75 | 23460.45 | 24159.10 |
| Jan-25 | 852.00 | 632.05 | 742.03 | Jan-25 | 24226.70 | 22786.90 | 23506.80 |
| Feb-25 | 740.00 | 468.05 | 604.03 | Feb-25 | 23807.30 | 22104.85 | 22956.08 |
| Mar-25 | 580.00 | 451.00 | 515.50 | Mar-25 | 23869.60 | 21964.60 | 22917.10 |



BSE

| Months | | BIL | | Months | | BSE SENSEX | |
|--------|------------|-----------|------------------|--------|------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | High (Rs.) | Low (Rs.) | Average (Rs.) | | High (Rs.) | Low (Rs.) | Average (Rs.) |
| Apr-24 | 480.00 | 281.65 | 380.83 | Apr-24 | 75124.28 | 71816.46 | 73470.37 |
| May-24 | 468.65 | 397.00 | 432.83 | May-24 | 76009.68 | 71866.01 | 73937.85 |
| Jun-24 | 509.95 | 383.80 | 446.88 | Jun-24 | 79671.58 | 70234.43 | 74953.01 |
| Jul-24 | 512.65 | 440.00 | 476.33 | Jul-24 | 81908.43 | 78971.79 | 80440.11 |
| Aug-24 | 510.00 | 422.00 | 466.00 | Aug-24 | 82637.03 | 78295.86 | 80466.45 |
| Sep-24 | 681.05 | 486.90 | 583.98 | Sep-24 | 85978.25 | 80895.05 | 83436.65 |
| Oct-24 | 780.00 | 603.75 | 691.88 | Oct-24 | 84648.40 | <i>7</i> 913 <i>7</i> .98 | 81893.19 |
| Nov-24 | 829.95 | 655.55 | 742.75 | Nov-24 | 80569.73 | 76802.73 | 78686.23 |
| Dec-24 | 845.00 | 739.10 | 792.05 | Dec-24 | 82317.74 | 77560.79 | 79939.27 |
| Jan-25 | 850.00 | 678.35 | 764.18 | Jan-25 | 80072.99 | 75267.59 | 77670.29 |
| Feb-25 | 744.95 | 487.35 | 616.15 | Feb-25 | 78735.41 | 73141.27 | 75938.34 |
| Mar-25 | 596.95 | 489.00 | 542.98 | Mar-25 | 78741.69 | 72633.54 | 75687.62 |



8. Registrar & Share Transfer Agent:

(For both Physical & Electronic Transfer etc.)

Phase-II, New Delhi - 110 020

Tel. No. 26387281-83, Fax No. 26387384

E-mail: <u>info@masserv.com</u>

MAS Services Ltd.

T-34, 2 Floor, Okhla Industrial Area,

9. Share Transfer System:

In terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations, securities of the Company can only be transferred in dematerialised form. Requests for dematerialisation of securities are processed and confirmation thereof is given to the respective depositories, that is the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and the Central Depository Services India Limited (CDSL), within the statutory time limit from the date of receipt of share certificates/ letter of confirmation after due verification.

10. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2025.

| | Share | holders | Shareh | olding |
|---------------|--------|------------|----------|------------|
| No. of Shares | Number | % to total | Number | % to total |
| Upto 500 | 4466 | 91.28 | 294376 | 2.27 |
| 501-1000 | 142 | 2.91 | 114198 | 0.88 |
| 1001-2000 | 94 | 1.92 | 135889 | 1.05 |
| 2001-3000 | 44 | 0.90 | 113112 | 0.87 |
| 3001-4000 | 22 | 0.45 | 80356 | 0.62 |
| 4001-5000 | 21 | 0.43 | 96875 | 0.75 |
| 5001-10000 | 31 | 0.63 | 222047 | 1.71 |
| 10001 & above | 72 | 1.47 | 11927558 | 91.86 |
| Total | 4892 | 100.00 | 12984411 | 100.00 |

11. Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March, 2025

| Category | No. of Share held | % of Paid-up Capital |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| Promoters Holding | 2232636 | 1 <i>7</i> .19 |
| Persons acting in concert | 5544013 | 42.70 |
| Banks/Financial Institutions | 100 | 0.00 |
| NRIs/OCBs/Foreign National/FII | 1043261 | 8.03 |
| Central Government/State Government (IEPF) | 82402 | 0.63 |
| Directors and relatives | 40025 | 0.31 |
| Indian Public (Individual and HUF) | 2182313 | 16.81 |
| Indian Corporate Bodies/LLPs/ Trusts | 1859499 | 14.32 |
| Clearing Members | 162 | 0.00 |
| Total | 12984411 | 100.00 |

12. Dematerialization of shares and liquidity share:

- As on 31st March, 2025, 99.73% of the Paid-up capital has been dematerialized.
- 13. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any : convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity
- During the year under review, the Company allotted 12,01,000 (Twelve Lakh One Thousand only) Fully Convertible Warrants on a preferential basis to M/s. Urbanac Projects Private Limited, a Promoter Group Company. Out of the total warrants allotted, 7,75,000 warrants were converted into equity shares during the year, while the balance 4,26,000 warrants remain outstanding as on the date of this report.

14. Plant Locations

: Bengaluru, Chennai, Tada.

15. Address for Correspondence

: Registered Office:

Bhartiya International Limited, 56/7, Nallambakkam Village, (Via Vandalur), Chennai – 600 048. Tamil Nadu Tel No.: +91 9551050148/19/20/21

E-mail: shares@bhartiya.com

Secretary and Compliance Company Mr. Yogesh Kumar Gautam Bhartiya International Limited, 56/7, Nallambakkam Village, (Via Vandalur), Chennai –600 048. Tamil Nadu Tel No.: +91 9551050148/19/20/21

E-mail: shares@bhartiya.com

(M) DISCLOSURES:

1. Compliance with Listing Regulations

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements as prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations, during the financial year under review.

2. Related Party Transactions

In compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, your Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is available on Company's website at http://bhartiyafashion.com/download/POLICY-ON-RELATED-PARTY-TRANSACTIONS.pdf

The Policy intends to ensure that proper reporting, approval and disclosure processes are in place for all transactions between the Company and its Related Parties. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. Prior omnibus approval is obtained for Related Party Transactions, which are of repetitive nature and / or entered in the Ordinary Course of Business and are at Arm's Length.

All related party transaction entered during the year were in Ordinary Course of the Business and on Arm's Length basis. No Material Related Party Transaction as per the limits specified under Companies Act, 2013 and/or SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, was entered during the year under review by your Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 is not applicable.

3. Preparation of Financial Statements

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company has followed the applicable Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder. The significant accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, are disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report.

4. Risk Management

The Company has established appropriate procedures to inform the Board of Directors about risk assessment and risk minimization measures. Business risk evaluation and management is an ongoing process within the Company and is periodically reviewed and assessed by the Board. This ensures that key business risks are identified, evaluated, and appropriately mitigated.

5. Commodity Price Risks and Hedging Activities

The Company is exposed to risks associated with fluctuations in the prices of raw materials. These risks are proactively managed through effective inventory management, vendor development practices, and supply chain planning. The Company continually monitors market trends to mitigate commodity price risks to the extent possible. At present, the Company does not undertake any derivative-based commodity hedging activities.

6. Compliance with Capital Market Regulations

There have been no instances of non-compliance by the Company on any matter relating to capital markets during the last three financial years. Further, no penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), Stock Exchanges, or any other statutory authority during this period.

7. Utilization of Funds Raised through Preferential Allotment or QIP

During the year under review, in compliance to the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and Sections 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013, along with the relevant rules framed thereunder, your Company issued and allotment 12,01,000 (Twelve Lakhs One Thousand) Fully Convertible Warrants ("Warrants") at an issue price of Rs. 430/- (Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty Only) per Warrant. These Warrants are convertible into Equity Shares, amounting to an aggregate consideration of Rs. 51,64,30,000/- (Rupees Fifty-One Crores Sixty-Four Lakhs Thirty Thousand Only).

Out of total, **7,75,000 (Seven Lakhs Seventy-Five Thousand)** Warrants were duly converted into Equity Shares, and the corresponding equity shares were credited to the Company's paid-up share capital on **19th March**, **2025**.

There has been no deviation in the utilization of funds from the stated objects for which they were raised. Brief summary of utilization of funds is as follows:

| S. No. | Particulars | Amount allocated as per Placement Document (In INR Lakhs) | as on date of this |
|-----------|--|--|--------------------|
| 1. | For augmenting the Working Capital requirement of the Company. | 3914.30 | 3056.73 |
| 2. | For Factory Refurbishment and addition of Plant & Equipment. | 250.00 | 250.00 |
| 3. | For General Corporate Purpose. | 1000.00 | 483.72 |
| | Total | 5164.30 | 3790.45 |

8. Certificate of Non-Disqualification of Directors

In accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations, a certificate has been obtained from a Practicing Company Secretary confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), or any such statutory authority. The said certificate forms part of this Annual Report.

9. Non-Acceptance of Committee Recommendations

There were no instances during the financial year under review where the Board of Directors has not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the Board, which is mandatorily required to be accepted.

10. Fees Paid to Statutory Auditors

Disclosure of total fees for all services paid on a consolidated basis by the Company and its subsidiaries to the Statutory Auditors and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part, is provided in:

- Note 47 to the Standalone Financial Statements, and
- Note 38 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company.

11. Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 22 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy to provide a vigil mechanism for its Directors and employees to report unethical behavior, fraud, or violations of the Company's Code of Conduct.

The mechanism ensures adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who avail themselves of the mechanism and also provides direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. The Company affirms that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee during the year under review.

12. Demat Suspense Account / Unclaimed Suspense Account

The Company does not have any shares lying in the Demat Suspense Account or Unclaimed Suspense Account as on March 31, 2025.

13. SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

None of the subsidiaries of the Company fall within the meaning of "Material Non-listed Indian Subsidiary" as defined under the SEBI Listing Regulations.

However, the Company has formulated a Policy on Material Subsidiaries, in accordance with the Listing Regulations, and the same is available on the Company's website at **www.bhartiya.com**.

The performance of subsidiary companies is regularly monitored by the Company through the following means:

- The financial statements of subsidiary companies are reviewed and noted by the Board of the Company on a periodic basis.
- The minutes of the meetings of the Boards of subsidiary companies are placed before the Board of the Company for its perusal.
- **14.** The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of Corporate Governance as specified under the Listing Regulations. The Company confirms compliance with the corporate governance requirements as prescribed under Regulations 17 to 27 and sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Further, during the year under review, neither the Company nor its subsidiaries have given any loans or advances, whether directly or indirectly, to any firms or companies in which any Director is interested.

(N) NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations. The Company has also adopted the following discretionary requirements as provided in the Listing Regulations:

- (i) The Chairman of the Board is a Non-Executive Director and his position is separate from that of the Whole-Time Director & CEO.
- (ii) The Internal Auditor reports to the Audit Committee.
- (iii) The financial statements of the Company are with unmodified audit opinion.

(O) INSIDER TRADING CODE

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has promulgated the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended in 2018 ("The PIT Regulations").

The object of the PIT Regulations is to curb the practice of insider trading in the securities of a listed Company.

The Company has adopted an 'Internal Code of Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trades by Insiders' ("the Code") in accordance with the requirements of the PIT Regulations.

The Code is applicable to Promoters and Promoter's Group and their immediate relatives, all Directors and such Designated Employees who are expected to have access to unpublished price sensitive information relating to the Company. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for monitoring adherence to the said Regulations.

The Company has also formulated 'The Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI)' in compliance with SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

Code of Conduct

As per requirement of Regulation 17(5) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, with the Stock Exchanges, the Board has laid down a Code of Conduct ("the Code") for all Board members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company. The Code is posted on the website of Bhartiya Group www.bhartiya.com. All Board members and Senior Management Personnel affirm at firm compliance with the code on an annual basis and the declaration to that effect by Mr. Snehdeep Aggarwal, Chairman, is attached to this report.

A Code of conduct applicable to all the employees of the Group has been communicated, which are to be followed in day to day work life. To help, guide and align our behaviors as we make business decisions that impact our daily operations, we rely on our Employee Code of Conduct, which outlines our values and describes our standards for conduct, compliance, and avoiding conflicts of interest. It supports our continuing commitment to honest and ethical conduct and compliance with both the letter and the spirit of all laws, rules, and regulations, and our company's policies, standards, and procedures.

The Company recognizes that sexual harassment violates fundamental rights of gender equality, right to life and liberty and right to work with human dignity as guaranteed by the Constitution of India. To meet this objective, measures have been taken to eliminate and to take necessary penal action for any act of sexual harassment, which includes unwelcome sexually determined behaviour. The Company has taken initiatives to create wide awareness amongst the employees about the policy for prevention of sexual harassment. There is no instance of sexual harassment reported during the financial year ending 2024-25.

(P) NSE ELECTRONIC APPLICATIONS PROCESSING SYSTEMS (NEAPS) AND BSE LISTING CENTER

All compliances related filings like financials results, shareholding pattern, corporate governance report, investors' complaints status, media releases etc. are also filed electronically in NEAPS and BSE Listing Center.

(Q) SEBI COMPLAINT REDRESS SYSTEM (SCORES)

The investor complaints are processed in a centralized web-based complaints redress system. The salient features of this system are: Centralized database of all complaints, online upload of Action Taken Report (ATRs) by the concerned companies and online viewing by the investors of actions taken on the complaints and its current status.

SMART ODR PORTAL

SEBI has introduced a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal") to facilitate the resolution of disputes arising in the Indian securities market through online conciliation and arbitration.

The ODR Portal provides investors with an additional mechanism to resolve their grievances in cases where they are not satisfied with the resolution provided by the Company/Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) and/or through the SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES) at any stage.

The ODR Portal can be accessed at: https://smartodr.in/login

The relevant SEBI circular, as amended from time to time, is also available on the Company's website at:

https://bhartiyafashion.com/invester-relations.html.

(R) MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT (MDA)

MDA is attached separately in this Annual Report.

(S) RECONCILIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL AUDIT:

As stipulated by SEBI, a qualified Practicing Company Secretary conducts a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit on a quarterly basis to verify that the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) is in agreement with the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company.

The audit report is submitted to the Stock Exchanges and is also placed before the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Board of Directors for its review.

The audit, inter alia, confirms that the total listed and paid-up capital of the Company is consistent with the aggregate of:

The total number of shares held in dematerialized form with NSDL and CDSL, and the total number of shares held in physical form.

(T) Corporate Identity Number (CIN)

Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company, allotted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India is L74899TN1987PLC111744.

(U) Transfer of unclaimed / unpaid amounts / shares to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF):

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 124 and 125 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), the Company is required to transfer to the IEPF Authority, established by the Central Government, all unpaid or unclaimed amounts such as:

Dividend amounts, Application money, Principal and interest amounts on debentures and deposits, Sale proceeds of fractional shares, Redemption amounts of preference shares, etc., that remain unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven (7) consecutive years from the date they became due for payment.

Further, as per the IEPF Rules, the Company is also required to transfer the underlying shares in respect of which dividends have not been claimed for seven consecutive years or more to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. However, this requirement does not apply to shares where there is a specific order of a Court, Tribunal, or Statutory Authority restraining such transfer.

In compliance with the above provisions, during the year under review, the Company has:

Transferred the unclaimed dividend amounts outstanding for a period of seven consecutive years, and

Transferred the corresponding shares in respect of which such dividends have not been claimed, to the IEPF Authority.

The details of unclaimed dividends and shares transferred to the IEPF during the financial year 2024–25 are as follows:

| Particulars | Amount in Dividend (In Rs.) | No. of Shares |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Final Dividend 2016-17 | 144537.60 | 5987 |
| Total | 144537.60 | 5987 |

The Members who have a claim on the above dividends and shares may claim the same from the IEPF Authority by submitting an online application in the prescribed web-Form No. IEPF-5 available on the Ministry of Corporate Affairs website on $\underline{V3}$ portal and send an original form and acknowledgement, along with requisite documents duly self-certified by the claimant(s), duly self-certified, of the said Form and acknowledgement along with requisite documents, as enumerated in the Instruction Kit, to the Company for vetting and suitable recommendation to IEPF Authority. No claims shall lie against the Company in respect of the dividend/shares so transferred. The Members/Claimants can file only one consolidated claim in a financial year as per the IEPF Rules.

The Company strongly recommends shareholders to encash/claim their respective dividend within the period given below from the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agents:

| Financial Year Ended | Date by which unclaimed dividend amount will be credited/transferred to the "Investor Education and Protection Fund" |
|-------------------------|--|
| 31.03.2018 | 02.11.2025 |
| 31.03.2019 | 31.10.2026 |
| 31.03.2020 | N.A. |
| 31.03.2021 | N.A. |
| 31.03.2022 | N.A. |
| 31.03.2023 | N.A. |
| 31.03.2024 | N.A. |
| 31.03.2025 | N.A. |

Members who have not encashed their Dividend Warrants for the above financial years/period, may approach the Company's Registrar & Share Transfer Agent/Company for obtaining duplicate Dividend Warrants/Revalidation of Dividend Warrants or transfer of dividend amount into their bank accounts.

Whilst the Company has already written to the Members, informing them about the due dates for transfer to IEPF for unclaimed dividends/ interest payments, attention of the stakeholders is again drawn to this matter through the Annual Report. The data on unpaid/ unclaimed dividend and other unclaimed monies is also available on the Company's website at www.bhartiya.com under Investor Relations section. Those claimants who have not yet encashed their unclaimed/ unpaid amounts are requested to correspond with the Company/ Registrar and Transfer Agents, at the earliest. Members may refer to the Refund Procedure for claiming the amounts transferred to the IEPF Authority as detailed on http://www.iepf.gov.in/IEPF/refund.html OR V3 Portal of MCA website.

Mr. Yogesh Kumar Gautam, Company Secretary, is the Nodal Officer. His contact details are – Bhartiya International Limited, Plot no. 38, Sector-44, Gurgaon, India. Tel: 0124-4888555 (Extn.-8511) Email: yogesh.gautam@bhartiya.com.

Upto March 31, 2025, the Company has transferred 5987 (0.05%) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each, on which dividend remained unclaimed or unpaid for a period of seven consecutive years or more, to Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPF Authority).

(V) Dematerialization of Shares - Process

Shareholders who continue to hold shares in physical form are requested to dematerialize their shares at the earliest and avail the benefits of dealing shares in demat form. For convenience of shareholders, the process of getting the shares dematerialized is given hereunder:

- a. Demat account should be opened with a Depository Participant (DP).
- b. Shareholders should submit the Dematerialization Request Form (DRF) along with share certificates in original, to their DP.
- c. DP will process the DRF and will generate a Dematerialization Request Number (DRN).
- d. DP will submit the DRF and original share certificates to the Registrar and Transfer Agents (RTA), i.e Mas Services Limited.
- e. RTA will process the DRF and update the status to DP/ Depositories.
- f. Upon confirmation of request, the shareholder will get credit of the equivalent number of shares in his demat account maintained with the DP.

(W) Nomination Facility

Your Company is pleased to offer the facility of nomination to members. Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, the members, who hold shares in the physical form and wish to avail nomination facility, are requested to send the duly complete nomination form, available on the website of the Company www.bhartiya.com, to the Registrar and Share transfer Agent of the Company. The Members, who hold shares in the electronic form and wish to avail nomination facility, are requested to send separate request to their respective Depository Participant(s) only.

(X) Consolidation of Folios and avoidance of Multiple Mailing

In order to enable the Company to reduce costs and duplication of efforts for investor servicing, members who may have more than one folio in their individual name or jointly with other persons mentioned in the same order, are requested to consolidate all similar holdings under one folio. This would help in monitoring the folios more effectively. Members may write to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent at their address given earlier, indicating the folio numbers to be consolidated.

(Y) National Electronic Clearing Services (NECS) Mandate

Members holding shares in dematerialised form are requested to intimate all changes pertaining to their bank details, National Electronic Clearing Service (NECS), Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) mandates, nominations, power of attorney, change of address, change of name, e-mail address, contact numbers etc., to their respective Depository Participant (DP). Changes intimated to the DP will then be automatically reflected in the Company's records which will help the Company and the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent to provide efficient and better services. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to intimate such changes to Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

(Z) Compliance Certificate

The Secretarial Auditors M/s. RSM & Co., Company Secretaries, have certified that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in SEBI Listing Regulations and the same is annexed to this Report.

CODE OF CONDUCT DECLARATION

Declaration

A Code of Conduct for the Directors and Senior Management Personnel has already been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. As provided under Regulation 26 (3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with Bhartiya International Limited Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for the year ended 31st March, 2025.

Sd/-Snehdeep Aggarwal Chairman

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

(Pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2025)

To, The Board of Directors Bhartiya International Limited

We, Manoj Khattar, Whole-Time Director and Raj Kumar Chawla, Chief Financial Officer, responsible for the finance function to the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:-

- A. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2025 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - 1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - 2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. To the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2025 are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company's code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting. Deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware, have been disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee and steps have been taken to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. i. There has not been any significant change in internal control over financial reporting during the year under reference;
 - ii. There has not been any significant changes in accounting policies during the year requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii. We are not aware of any instance during the year of significant fraud with involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For and on behalf of the Board

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

Sd/-**Manoj Khattar** Whole-Time Director Sd/- **Raj Kumar Chawla** Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To, The Members Bhartiya International Limited 56/7, Nallambakkam Village (Via Vandalur) Chennai, Tamilnadu 600048

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of BHARTIYA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED having CIN L74899TN1987PLC111744 and having registered office at 56/7, Nallambakkam Village (Via Vandalur) Chennai, Tamilnadu 600048 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me/us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verification (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal (www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Ensuring the eligibility of, for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For RSM & Co.
Company Secretaries

Sd/-CS RAVI SHARMA Partner FCS: 4468 | COP No.: 3666 UDIN: F004468G000989914 Peer Review Cert. No 978/2020

New Delhi, 13th August, 2025

CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE UNDER SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

To, The Members Bhartiya International Limited 56/7, Nallambakkam Village (Via Vandalur) Chennai, Tamilnadu 600048

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Bhartiya International Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31st March, 2025, as stipulated in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations, as applicable.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For RSM & Co. Company Secretaries

Sd/-CS RAVI SHARMA Partner FCS: 4468 | COP No.: 3666 UDIN: F004468G000989925 Peer Review Cert. No 978/2020

New Delhi, 13th August, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Members of Bhartiya International Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Bhartiya International Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group') and its associate comprising the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as 'the consolidated financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate / consolidated financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Consolidated State of Affairs of the Group as at 31st March, 2025 its Consolidated Profit and Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Changes in Equity and its Consolidated Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their report referred to in the other matters paragraph below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matters

Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from the sale of goods (hereinafter referred to as "Revenue" is recognized when Company performs its obligation to its customers and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable. The timing of such revenue recognition in case of sale of goods is when the control over the same is transferred to the customer.

The timing of revenue recognition is relevant to the reported performance of the company. The management considers revenue as a key measure for evaluation of performance. There is a risk of revenue being recorded before control is transferred.

Refer Note 4.10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Auditor's Response

Principal audit procedures performed:

- Assessed the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies in line with the Ind AS 115 ("Revenue from Contracts with Customers") and tested thereof.
- Evaluated the integrity of the general information and technology control environment and testing the operating effectiveness of key IT application controls over revenue recognition.
- Evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of Company's control in respect of revenue recognition.
- Tested the effectiveness of such controls over revenue cut off at the year-end
- On a sample basis, tested supporting documentation for sales transactions recorded during the year which included sales invoices, customer contracts and shipping documents.
- Performed an increased level of substantive testing in respect of sales transactions recorded during the period closer to the year end and subsequent to the year end.
- Assessed disclosure in financial statements in respect of revenue, as specified in Ind AS 115.

Information Other than the Financial Statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation & presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the Consolidated Financial Position, Consolidated Financial Performance (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Cash Flows of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors /management of the companies included in the Group, and its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the group and its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
 or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether
 the holding company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such
 controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the group & its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group & its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities within the Group & its associates to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial Statement of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of seven subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 22,402.60 lacs as at 31st March, 2025 total revenues of Rs. 25,732.30 lacs and net cash inflows amounting to Rs. 1,178.60 lacs for the year ended on that date. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Certain of these subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. These financial statements which were converted into generally accepted accounting principles in India has also been reviewed by an independent Chartered Accountant. Our opinion in so far as it related to the balances and affairs of such subsidiaries located outside India is based on the report of the other auditors and the review report of the independent Chartered Accounted furnished to us by the management.

The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit of Rs. 123.25 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2025, as considered in the consolidated financial statements in respect of two associates, whose financial statements / consolidated financial statements / financial information have not been audited by us. These financial statements / consolidated financial statements / financial information have been audited/reviewed by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associates, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the report of the other auditors.
 - (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, and the consolidated cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind As) specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India and associates, none of the Directors of the Group companies and it's associates, incorporated in India, are disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a Director of that company in terms of sub-section 2 of Section 164 of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure B'
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/ provided by the Holding Company and its Indian Subsidiaries to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate/ consolidated financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act:
 - i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group & its associates.
 - ii) The provision has been made in the Consolidated Financial Statement as required under the applicable law or Ind As, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivatives contracts.

 iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and associates incorporated in India.
 - iv) a) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries and associates which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associates respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries and associates which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associates respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- c) Based on the audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associates, incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the holding Company or its subsidiaries and associates.
- vi) Based on our examination which included test checks performed by us on the Holding Company and by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company which are companies incorporated in India and audited under the Act, the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates in respect of financial year commencing on 1st April, 2023, have used accounting software for maintaining their books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we and respective auditors of the above referred subsidiaries and associates did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136

UDIN: 25095136BMPYDQ9092

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

Annexure A

to the Independent Auditor's report on the consolidated financial statements of Bhartiya International Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

(xxi) According to the information and explanations given to us, following companies incorporated in India and included in the consolidated financial statements, have certain remarks included in their reports under Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO"), which have been reproduced as per the requirements of the Guidance Note on CARO:

| Sr. No | . Name of the entities | CIN | Holding Company/ Subsidiary | Clause number of the CARO report |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | Bhartiya International Ltd | L748997N1987PLC111744 | Holding Company | Clause (i)(c) |

^{*} This clause pertains to title deeds of certain immovable properties not held in the name of the respective companies.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136

UDIN: 25095136BMPYDQ9092

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

ANNEXURE B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013('the Act')

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31st March, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Bhartiya International Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

Other Matters

We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to two subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, whose financial statements/consolidated financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 2,908.46 lakhs, total revenues of 2,303.85 lakhs and net cash inflows amounting to Rs. 4.31 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of Rs. 123.25 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2025, in respect of two associate companies, which are companies covered under the Act, whose internal financial controls with reference to financial statements have not been audited by us. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to such subsidiary companies and associate companies have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements so far as it relates to such two subsidiary companies and two associate companies is based solely on the reports of the auditors of such companies. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditors.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDQ9092

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Lakhs

| Partic | ulars | Note No. | As at | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--------|---|-------------|------------------|------------------------|
| As | sets | 140. | 3151 March, 2023 | 3151 March, 2024 |
| | Non - Current Assets | | | |
| | (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 5 | 13,277.18 | 13,813.21 |
| | (b) Capital Work-in-Progress | 5.1 | 263.92 | 129.06 |
| | (c) Right to Use Asset | 5.2 | <i>77</i> 3.15 | 914.89 |
| | (d) Investment in Property | 6 | 496.68 | 507.59 |
| | (e) Goodwill | | 25.25 | 25.25 |
| | (f) Intangible Assets | 7 | 1,371.52 | 2,666.51 |
| | (g) Investments Accounted for using Equity Method | 8 | 4,373.35 | 4,250.10 |
| | (h) Financial Assets | | - | , |
| | (i) Investments | 9 | 35.00 | 35.01 |
| | (ii) Other financial Assets | 10 | 972.93 | 2,125.27 |
| | (i) Deferred tax assets | | 55.06 | 76.06 |
| | (i) Other Non-Current Assets | 11 | 57.34 | 63.14 |
| 2 | 117 | | | |
| | (a) Inventories | 12 | 62,053.84 | 57,459.12 |
| | (b) Financial Assets | | - | · |
| | (i) Investments | 13 | _ | - |
| | (ii) Trade Receivables | 14 | 18,785.53 | 14,385.11 |
| | (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 15 | 1,197.93 | 2,705.45 |
| | (iv) Bank Balances other than Cash & Cash Equivalents | 16 | 6,475.20 | 4,447.68 |
| | (v) Loans | 17 | 237.73 | 139.00 |
| | (vi) Others Financial Assets | 18 | 3,577.35 | 2,989.63 |
| | (c) Current Tax assets (net) | | 192.22 | 127.52 |
| | (d) Other Current Assets | 19 | 3,021.93 | 2,868.95 |
| | TOTAL ASSETS | | 1,17,243.11 | 1,09,728.55 |
| II | Equity and Liabilities | | 1,17,243.11 | 1,07,7 20.33 |
| " 1 | Equity | | | |
| ' | (a) Equity Share Capital | 20 | 1,298.44 | 1,220.94 |
| | (b) Other Equity | 21 | 43,556.92 | 37,778.13 |
| 2 | | 21 | 40,330.72 | 37,770.13 |
| _ | Non - Current Liabilities | | | |
| | (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | (i) Borrowings | 22 | 6,572.82 | 10,189.33 |
| | (ii) Lease Liability | 22 | 331.09 | 447.97 |
| | (iii) Other Financial Liabilities | 23 | 135.11 | 148.26 |
| | (b) Provisions | 24 | 155.57 | 105.78 |
| | (c) Other Non-Current Liabilities | 25 | 71.07 | 86.32 |
| | (d) Deferred Tax Liabilities | 25 | 796.18 | 844.16 |
| | Current Liabilities | | 7 70.18 | 044.10 |
| | (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | (i) Borrowings | 26 | 40,872.71 | 40,925.42 |
| | (ii) Lease Liability | 20 | 125.46 | 133.24 |
| | (iii) Trade payables | 27 | 125.40 | 133.24 |
| | - Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small | 2/ | 1,399.07 | 650.55 |
| | · | | 1,377.07 | 030.33 |
| | enterprises - Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro | | 18,774.87 | 14,913.34 |
| | | | 10,774.07 | 14,713.34 |
| | enterprises and small enterprises (iv) Other Financial Liabilities | 28 | 1,995.11 | 1,454.88 |
| | (c) Provisions | 29 | 186.89 | 1,434.85 |
| | (d) Other Current Liabilities | 30 | 323.27 | 369.41 |
| | | 30 | 648.53 | 272.97 |
| | (e) Current Tax Liabilities (Net) | | | |
| | TOTAL OF EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 1,17,243.11 | 1,09,728.55 |
| | Material Accounting Policies | 4 | | |
| | The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial stateme | nts 1 to 50 | | |
| | | | | |

As per our report of even date attached **For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.**

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Raj Kumar Chawla **Ambrish Rastogi** Yogesh Kumar Gautam Manoj Khattar **Vivek Kapur** Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer Whole-Time Director Partner Director Mem. No. 095136 Mem. No. A31119 DIN: 00694981

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Pa | rticulars | Note | Year Ended | Year Ended |
|----|--|------|------------------|------------------|
| | INCOME | No. | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| | Revenue from Operations | 31 | 1,02,926.27 | 77,752.21 |
| | Other Income | 32 | 443.77 | 691.53 |
| | Total Income | 52 | 1,03,370.04 | 78,443.74 |
| | EXPENSES | | 1,03,370.04 | 70,443.74 |
| | Cost of Material Consumed | 33 | 42,269.43 | 36,970.49 |
| | Purchases of Stock-in-Trade | 00 | 17,621.09 | 8,184.55 |
| | Change in Inventories of Finished Goods & work-in-progress | 34 | 1,044.67 | (2,848.08) |
| | Employee Benefits Expense | 35 | 6,897.01 | 6,214.96 |
| | Finance Costs | 36 | 4,539.01 | 4,213.57 |
| | Depreciation and Amortization Expense | 37 | 2,575.38 | 2,553.30 |
| | Other Expenses | 38 | 26,051.85 | 21,307.79 |
| | Total Expenses | 00 | 1,00,998.44 | 76,596.58 |
| | Profit/ (Loss) before Share of net Profit/(Loss) of | | 2,371.60 | 1,847.16 |
| | Associate | | 2,07 1.00 | 1,047.10 |
| | Share of net profit/(Loss) of Associates | | 123.25 | (1,153.05) |
| Ш | Profit/ (Loss) before exceptional Items and tax | | 2,494.85 | 694.11 |
| | Exceptional Items | | | |
| | Profit / (Loss) before tax | | 2,494.85 | 694.11 |
| | Tax Expenses | 39 | | |
| | I Current tax | | 947.76 | 614.47 |
| | ii Deferred tax | | (15.57) | 59.87 |
| | Profit / (Loss) for the year (A) | | 1,562.66 | 19.77 |
| | Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| | Items that will not be Reclassified to profit or Loss | | | |
| | Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans | | (45.06) | 2.43 |
| | Income tax relating to above items | | 11.41 | (0.55) |
| | Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (B) | | (33.65) | 1.88 |
| | Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | | 1,529.01 | 21.65 |
| | Profit Attributable to: | | | |
| | Owners | | 1,566.48 | 22.28 |
| | Non-controlling Interests | | (3.82) | (2.51) |
| | Other Comprehensive income Attributable to: | | , , | |
| | Owners | | (33.62) | 1.88 |
| | Non-controlling Interests | | (0.03) | - |
| | Total Comprehensive income Attributable to: | | • | |
| | Owners | | 1,532.86 | 24.16 |
| | Non-controlling Interests | | (3.85) | (2.51) |
| | Earnings per equity share of Face Value | | • | • |
| | Basic (in Rupees) | | 12.77 | 0.16 |
| | Diluted (in Rupees) | | 12.47 | 0.16 |
| | Material Accounting Policies | 4 | | |
| | The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial | 1 to | | |
| | | 50 | | |

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi Yogesh Kumar Gautam
Partner Company Secretary
Mem. No. 095136 Mem. No. A31119

Raj Kumar Chawla Chief Financial Officer **Manoj Khattar** Whole-Time Director DIN: 00694981

For and on behalf of the Board

Vivek KapurDirector
DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Equity Share Capital | | | | | • | | | | | Rs. | Rs. in Lakhs |
|--|--|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------|
| Particulars | | | | | | | | | Notes | | Amount |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | | | | | | | | 20.1 | | 1,220.71 |
| Change in equity share capital during the year 2023-24 | | | | | | | | | | | 0.23 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | | | | | | | | 20.1 | | 1,220.94 |
| Change in equity share capital during the year 2024-25 | | | | | | | | | | | 77.50 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | | | | | | | | | | 1,298.44 |
| Other Equity (Refer note no. 21) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Particulars | | | | | | | ä | Reserves and Surplus | Surplus | | Total |
| | Preferential share warrant pending for share allotment | Employee Stock Options outstanding | Preferen- tial share Warrant Forfeited | Non-con- trolling Interest | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve (FCTR) | Capital Reserve | Securities Premium | General Reserve | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income(defined benefit plan) | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | • | 89.43 | 925.75 | 136.04 | 803.17 | 8,470.77 | 7,859.24 | 3,625.38 | 7,859.24 3,625.38 15,617.17 | 38.85 | 37,565.80 |
| Profit for the year | • | | | (2.51) | | | | ٠ | 22.28 | | 19.77 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | • | | | | ٠ | • | | ٠ | | 1.88 | 1.88 |
| Currency Fluctuation Reserve | • | (89.43) | | | | • | 10.75 | 79.59 | | • | 0.91 |
| Money Received during the year | • | | | | 189.77 | • | | ٠ | | • | 189.77 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | • | | 925.75 | 133.53 | 992.94 | 8,470.77 | 7,869.99 | 3,704.97 | 15,639.45 | 40.73 | 37,778.13 |
| Profit for the year | • | | | (3.82) | | | | | 1,566.48 | • | 1,562.66 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | • | • | | (0.03) | | • | | • | | (33.62) | (33.65) |
| Issue of share warrant during the year | 457.95 | • | • | | | • | | • | | • | 457.95 |
| Currency Fluctuation Reserve | • | | | | 536.83 | • | | • | | • | 536.83 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 457.95 | | 925.75 | 129.68 | 1,529.77 | 8,470.77 | 8,470.77 11,124.99 | 3,704.97 | 3,704.97 17,205.93 | 7.11 | 43,556.92 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Mem. No. 095136 Amrish Rastogi Partner

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

Raj Kumar Chawla Chief Financial Officer Yogesh Kumar Gautam Company Secretary Mem. No. A31119

Manoj Khattar Whole-Time Director DIN: 00694981

Vivek kapur Director DIN: 09678378

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss | 2,494.85 | 694.11 |
| Adjustment for : | | |
| Share of (profit)/loss of associates | (123.25) | 1,153.05 |
| Finance Cost | 4,539.01 | 4,213.58 |
| Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 2,575.38 | 2,553.30 |
| Loss/(Profit) on sale of fixed assets (net) | 12.87 | (1.50) |
| Rental Income | (251.78) | (250.11) |
| Interest income | - | - (4.44) |
| Government grant income | (4.44) | (4.44) |
| Operating profit/(loss) Before Working Capital Changes | 9,242.64 | 8,357.99 |
| Movements in working capital: | | |
| Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables | 4,610.04 | 6,457.73 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities | 530.79 | (62.54) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities | (56.94) | 338.34 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in provisions | 3.76 | 56.19 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in inventories | (4,594.72) | (5,340.23) |
| Decrease/ (increase) trade receivables | (4,400.43) | (1,415.19) |
| Decrease/ (increase) in loan | (98.73) | 19.83 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other current financial assets | (587.72) | (896.16) |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets | (152.99) | (386.76) |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current assets | 5.80 | 2.86 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current financial assets | 28.87 | (14.62) |
| Cash (used in) / Generated from Operations | 4,530.37 | 7,117.44 |
| Income tax paid (Net) | (636.92) | (728.57) |
| Currency Fluctuation reserve consolidation | 536.84 | 189.78 |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from Operating Activities - (A) | 4,430.29 | 6,578.65 |
| B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Purchase of fixed assets | (742.50) | (711.80) |
| Capital advance/Capital creditors (net) | (3.71) | (20.08) |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | 3.07 | 7.83 |
| Proceeding from sale of current investments(net) | 0.01 | 7.03 |
| Rental Income | 251.78 | 250.11 |
| | (904.05) | (1,645.95) |
| Fixed Deposit with bank Not each from / (used in) investing activities = (P) | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Net cash from/ (used in) investing activities - (B) | (1,395.40) | (2,119.89) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds of long-term borrowings (net) | (3,166.87) | (3,518.13) |
| Proceeds from short-term borrowings (net) | (502.34) | 5,216.76 |
| Payment of lease Liability | (170.61) | (170.57) |
| Share warrant money received | 457.95 | - |
| Share Capital including securities premium | 3,332.50 | 1.14 |
| Interest and processing fees paid (net) | (4,493.04) | (4,156.71) |
| Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities - (C) | (4,542.41) | (2,627.51) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C) | (1,507.52) | 1,831.25 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year | 2,705.45 | 874.20 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 1,197.93 | 2,705.45 |
| Components of cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Cash on hand | 13.94 | 24.19 |
| Balances with scheduled banks: | | |
| In current accounts | 1,059.31 | 2,619.10 |
| In deposit accounts | 124.68 | 62.16 |
| Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement | 1,197.93 | 2,705.45 |

Note: The above consolidated statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS - 7, Statement of Cash Flow.

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi
Partner
Mem. No. 095136

Yogesh Kumar Gautam
Company Secretary
Mem. No. A31119

Raj Kumar Chawla Chief Financial Officer **Manoj Khattar** Whole-Time Director DIN: 00694981

For and on behalf of the Board

Vivek KapurDirector
DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bhartiya International Limited ('the Holding Company') is a public limited company with domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Holding company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Group") is engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of leather products & textile products. The Holding Company has its registered office at Chennai and its corporate office at Gurugram, Haryana.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except the certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies.

Based on the nature of products/activities and the time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

3 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries are combined on a line by line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, incomes, expenses and cash flows, after fully eliminating intra-group balances and intra-group transactions.

Profits or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as Inventory and Property, Plant and Equipment, are eliminated in full.

In case of foreign subsidiaries, revenue items are consolidated at the average rate prevailing during the year. All assets and liabilities are converted at rates prevailing at the end of the year. Any exchange difference arising on consolidation is recognised in the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve (FCTR).

Goodwill represents the difference between the Company's share in the net worth of subsidiaries and the cost of acquisition at each point of time of making the investment in the subsidiaries.

The audited / unaudited financial statements of foreign subsidiaries /associates have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principle of its Country of Incorporation or Ind AS.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

The carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary is offset (eliminated) against the parent's portion of equity in each subsidiary.

Investment in Associates has been accounted under the Equity Method as per Ind AS 28 – Investments in Associates.

The Group accounts for its share of post-acquisition changes in net assets of associates after eliminating unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates.

Non-Controlling Interest's share of profit / loss of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against the income of the Group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to shareholders of the Company.

Non-Controlling Interest's share of net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment and Capital work in progress (including Pre-operative expenses) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost.

Depreciation is charged on a pro-rata basis at the straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II.

Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life of the asset or the related lease term.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD).

4.2 Investment Properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

Depreciation is charged on a pro-rata basis at the straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of building generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II of the Companies Act.

4.3 Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition inclusive of incidental expenses related to acquisition. all related revenue expenditure including borrowing cost during the period of development forms part of value of assets capitalized.

Computer software are amortized using the straight Line Method over the period of three years.

Amortization of Intangible Assets-Brand at the overseas subsidiary are as per the rate applicable based on the useful life of assets.

4.4 Lease

Effective from 1st April, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 – Leases and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing as on 1st April, 2019 using the modified retrospective method on the date of initial application i.e. 1st April, 2019.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a Lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(i) Right-of-use Assets (ROU Assets)

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

(ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD).

(iii) Short-Term leases and Leases of Low-Value Assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

4.5 Inventories

Raw materials and consumables have been valued at cost after providing for obsolescence. Cost comprise of cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis. Finished goods are value at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost of finished goods and work-in- progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.6 Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Group cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in banks and demand deposits with banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and are considered part of the Group cash management system. In the balance sheet, bank overdrafts are presented under other current liabilities.

4.7 Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plan

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Group has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Group recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation. The Group accounts for the gratuity liability, based upon the actuarial valuation performed in accordance with the Projected Unit Credit method carried out at the year end, by an independent actuary.

Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

4.8 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified as measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Debt Instruments:

Debt instruments are initially measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of (i) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and (ii) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(a) Measured at Amortised Cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss:

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity Instruments:

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Group may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL.

The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognised in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other Payable

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are generally unsecured. Trade and other payable are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Derivative Instruments:

The Group enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risks. These contracts are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently, at the end of each reporting period, remeasured at their fair values on reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss in the same line as the movement in the hedged exchange rate.

4.9 Provision and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

4.10 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised when the Group satisfies performance obligation by transferring promised goods and services to the customer. Performance obligations are satisfied at the point of time when the customer obtains controls of the asset.

Revenue from services

Revenue from services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

Other operating revenue - Export incentives

"Export Incentives under various schemes are accounted in the year of export.

INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method

DIVIDEND INCOME

Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

4.11 Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

4.12 Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The Group offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The Group offsets deferred income tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and they relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or on different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

4.13 Earning Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

4.14 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

4.15 Government Grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to Profit and Loss on a straight - line basis over the expected lives of related assets and presented within other income.

4.16 Share Based Payment

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

4.17 Critical Estimates and Judgements -

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which by definition will seldom equal the actual results. Management also need to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgement are:

Estimation of Defined benefit obligation

Estimation of current tax expenses and Payable

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Provision and contingent liability

Carry value of investment in associates

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | LAND | | | OTHER TH | IAN LAND |) | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | Freehold | Buildings | Plant and Equipment | | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Computer Equipment | Total |
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 255.70 | 8,274.61 | 8,443.15 | 1,466.10 | 198.56 | 499.63 | 320.88 | 19,458.63 |
| Addition | - | 12.10 | 259 | 60 | 166 | 48 | 54 | 599.96 |
| Disposal | - | - | 7 | 14 | 61 | 65 | 0 | 147.23 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 255.70 | 8,286.71 | 8,695.29 | 1,512.53 | 303.53 | 483.27 | 374.33 | 19,911.36 |
| Addition | - | - | 397.37 | 42.66 | 36.98 | 37.73 | 67.33 | 582.07 |
| Disposal | - | - | 43.80 | | 10.26 | 0.72 | 290.42 | 345.20 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 255.70 | 8,286.71 | 9,048.86 | 1,555.19 | 330.25 | 520.28 | 151.24 | 20,148.23 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | 1,195.93 | 2,712.64 | 611.76 | 58.03 | 327.14 | 237.75 | 5,143.25 |
| Addition | | 268.14 | 566.36 | 119.31 | 32.61 | 43.88 | 41.35 | 1,071.65 |
| Disposal | | | 6.54 | | 48.54 | 61.22 | 0.45 | 116.75 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | - | 1,464.07 | 3,272.46 | 731.07 | 42.10 | 309.80 | 278.65 | 6,098.15 |
| Addition | | 278.63 | 546.31 | 121.39 | 47.62 | 44.26 | 52.98 | 1,091.19 |
| Disposal | | | 30.79 | | 9.75 | 0.68 | 277.07 | 318.29 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | - | 1,742.70 | 3,787.98 | 852.46 | 79.97 | 353.38 | 54.56 | 6,871.05 |
| Net carrying amount | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 255.70 | 6,822.64 | 5,422.83 | 781.46 | 261.43 | 173.47 | 95.68 | 13,813.21 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 255.70 | 6,544.01 | 5,260.88 | 702.73 | 250.28 | 166.90 | 96.68 | 13,277.18 |

a) Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

| Relevant line item in the Balance Sheet | Description of item of Property | Gross Carrying Value | Title deeds held in the Name of | Whether title deed holder is a promoter or director or Relative of Promoter Director | Property held since which date | Reason for not being held in the name of the company |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| PPE | Building | 18.50 | Pardeep Goyal | Relative of Director | 12.08.2000 | Due to issue in Registration |

b) All immovable property is held in the name of company except mentioned above.

5.1 Capital Work in Progress

Rs. in Lakhs

| 31st March, 2024 | 129.06 |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Addition | 263.92 |
| Capitalised during the year | (129.06) |
| 31st March, 2025 | 263.92 |

5.1.1 Ageing of Capital Work-in-Progress ageing

Rs. in Lakhs

| | Amount in CWIP for a period of | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|----------|---------------------|--------|
| | Less than 1 Year | | 2-3 Year | More than 3 Year | Total |
| 31-Mar-25 | | | | | |
| Projects in Process | 263.92 | - | - | - | 263.92 |
| 31-Mar-24 | | | | | |
| Projects in Process | 129.06 | - | - | - | 129.06 |

c) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the current reporting period.

d) The company does not hold any Benami Property and does not have any proceedings initiated or pending for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988.

| 5.2 | RIGHT OF USE ASSETS | | R | s. in Lakhs |
|------------|--------------------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| | Particulars | Land | Building | Total |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 532.34 | 993.61 | 1,525.95 |
| | Addition | | - | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 532.34 | 993.61 | 1,525.95 |
| | Addition | | - | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 532.34 | 993.61 | 1,525.95 |
| | Accumulated Depreciation | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 50.54 | 418.77 | 469.31 |
| | Addition | 12.64 | 129.11 | 141.75 |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 63.18 | 547.88 | 611.06 |
| | Addition | 12.64 | 129.10 | 141.74 |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 75.82 | 676.98 | 752.80 |
| | Net carrying amount | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 469.16 | 445.73 | 914.89 |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 456.52 | 316.63 | 773.15 |
| 6. | INVESTMENT PROPERTIES | | | |
| | Particulars | | Land | & Building |
| | Gross Carrying Amount | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | | 594.85 |
| | Addition | | | |
| | Disposal | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | | 594.85 |
| | Addition | | | |
| | Disposal | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | | 594.85 |
| | Accumulated Depreciation | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | | 76.35 |
| | Addition | | | 10.91 |
| | Disposal | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | | 87.26 |
| | Addition | | | 10.91 |
| | Disposal | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | | 98.17 |
| | Net Carrying Amount | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | | 507.59 |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | | 496.68 |
| | Fair Value | | | |
| | As at 31st March, 2024 | | | 3,321.15 |
| | As at 31st March, 2025 | | | 3,817.15 |

Rs. in Lakhs

| 6.1 | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Rental income derived from investment properties | 206.48 | 206.48 |
| | Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income | - | - |
| | Income arising from investment properties before depreciation | 206.48 | 206.48 |
| | Depreciation | 10.91 | 10.91 |
| | Income from investment properties (Net) | 195.57 | 195.57 |

6.2 Maturity Analysis of Lease Payments to be received in aggregate & each of following year:

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| Not later than one year | 206.48 | 207.38 |
| Later than one year and not later than five years | 675.81 | 823.42 |
| Later than five years | 28.00 | 29.00 |

6.3 Estimation of Fair Value

The fair valuation is based on current prices in the active market for similar properties. The main inputs used are quantum, area, location, demand, restrictive entry to the complex,age of building and trend of fair market rent in village/city area.

This valuation is based on valuations performed by an accredited independent valuer. Fair valuation is based on replacement cost method. The fair value measurement is categorised in level 2 fair value hierarchy.

7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Goodwill | Computer Software | Brand/ Patent | Total |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------------------|------------------|----------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 7.99 | 376.76 | 6,611.33 | 6,996.09 |
| Addition | | 7 | | 6.92 |
| Disposal | | | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 7.99 | 383.68 | 6,611.33 | 7,003.01 |
| Addition | | 36.55 | | 36.55 |
| Disposal | | | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 7.99 | 420.23 | 6,611.33 | 7,039.56 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 7.99 | 327.30 | 2,672.21 | 3,007.51 |
| Addition | | 16 | 1,313 | 1,328.99 |
| Disposal | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 7.99 | 343.25 | 3,985.25 | 4,336.50 |
| Addition | | 18.50 | 1,313.04 | 1,331.54 |
| Disposal | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 7.99 | 361.75 | 5,298.29 | 5,668.04 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | - | 40.43 | 2,626.08 | 2,666.51 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | - | 58.48 | 1,313.04 | 1,371.52 |

a) There are no intangible assets under development in the company during the current reporting period.

b) The Company has not revalued its intangible Assets during the current reporting period

Rs. in Lakhs

| 8. | INVESTMENTS | ACCOUNTED | FOR USING | EQUITY METHOD | |
|----|--------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
|----|--------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|

| Particulars | No. of Shares/Units | As at 31st March, 2025 | No. of Shares/Units | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Investments in Associates (Unquoted at Cost) | | | | |
| (a) Investment in Associate Company | # | | | |
| Equity Shares | 3,43,93,260 | 4,373.35 | 3,43,93,260 | 4,250.10 |
| | | 4,373.35 | | 4,250.10 |
| #Particulars of Investment in Associate Company | | | | |
| A) Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | | | | |
| % of ownership interest | | 36.77% | | 36.77% |
| Cost of Acquisition | | 3,999.60 | | 3,999.60 |
| Share of Reserves & Surplus | | 374.43 | | 251.18 |
| Carrying Value | | 4,374.03 | | 4,250.78 |
| B) TADA Mega Leather Cluster Pvt. Ltd. | | | | |
| % of ownership interest | | 50.00% | | 50.00% |
| Cost of Acquisition | | 0.50 | | 0.50 |
| Share of Post Acquisition Reserves & Surplus | | (1.18) | | (1.18) |
| Carrying Value | | (0.68) | | (0.68) |
| Total (A+B) | | 4,373.35 | | 4,250.10 |

9. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

| Pa | rticulars | As on 31st M | arch, 2025 | As on 31st March, 2024 | | |
|----|---|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Units/ Share (No.) | Amount (Rs.) | Units/ Share (No.) | Amount (Rs.) | |
| A) | Investments in Mutual Funds (Unquoted | d) | | | | |
| | At Fair Value through Profit and Loss | | | | | |
| | i) Reliance ETF Liquid BeES | - | - | 1.122 | 0.01 | |
| | | | = | | 0.01 | |
| B) | Investments in Equity Shares (Unquoted | d) | | | | |
| | At Fair Value through Profit and Loss | | | | | |
| | i) Pallavaram Tanners Industrial Effluent Treatment co. Ltd. | 31,525 | 35.00 | 31,525 | 35.00 | |
| | Total (A+B) | | 35.01 | | 35.01 | |
| _ | gregate amount of unquoted vestments | | 35.01 | | 35.01 | |
| | gregate amount of impairment in valu | Je | - | | - | |

| Particulars | | 31st March, | As at 2025 | 31st Mar | As at ch, 2024 |
|--|----------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-------------------|
| (Unsecured & Considered Good) | | | | | |
| (a) Security and Other Deposits | | 3 | 07.31 | | 298.75 |
| (b) Other Advance | | | - | | 37.43 |
| (c) Fixed deposit maturity more than 12 months (Lien with various facilities) | n bank against | 6 | 65.62 | | 1,789.09 |
| TOTAL | | 9 | 72.93 | - | 2,125.27 |
| OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| (a) Capital Advances | | | 22.88 | | 22.88 |
| (b) Security Deposit with Govt. Authority | | | 23.25 | | 26.10 |
| (c) Prepaid Expenses | | | 3.60 | | 5.40 |
| (d) Prepayment Lease Rent | | | 7.61 | | 8.76 |
| TOTAL | | - | 57.34 | | 63.14 |
| INVENTORIES | | | | | |
| (a) Raw Materials | | 45,6 | 25.61 | 3 | 39,591.79 |
| (b) Raw Materials -In transit | | 3 | 15.45 | | 190.60 |
| (c) Stock-in-Progress | | 1,4 | 66.77 | | 1,291.04 |
| (d) Finished Goods | | 10,1 | 08.57 | 1 | 1,328.97 |
| (e) Land and Land Development | | 1,2 | 56.12 | | 1,256.12 |
| (f) Consumable Store | | 3,2 | 81.32 | | 3,800.60 |
| TOTAL | | 62,0 | 53.84 | 5 | 7,459.12 |
| CURRENT INVESTMENT | | | | | |
| Particulars | As at 31st A | March, 2025 | As at | 31st Marc | th, 2024 |
| A) Investment In Equity Instrument (Unquoted) | Shares (No) | Amount (Rs) | Shares | (No) An | nount (Rs) |
| A) Investment In Equity Instrument (Unquoted) At Fair Value through Profit and Loss | | | | | |
| _ | 31,792 | _ | 2 1 | 1,792 | |
| i) Sai Rayalaseema Paper Mills Ltd. | | | | | |

14. TRADE RECEIVABLES Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| (Unsecured, considered good) | | |
| (a) Trade Receivable | 18,921.21 | 14,520.79 |
| (b) Allowance for excepted credit loss | (135.68) | (135.68) |
| TOTAL | 18,785.53 | 14,385.11 |

Trade receivable ageing schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2025

| Particulars | Outstan | ding for foll | owing perio | ds from d | due date of p | ayment |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------|
| | Less than 6 Months | 6 Months - 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | |
| Undisputed -Trade Receivable Considered Good | 15,673.58 | 1,310.48 | 811.36 | 177.08 | 493.52 | 18,466.02 |
| Doubtful debts -Trade Receivable Considered Good | | | | | 455.19 | 455.19 |
| Total | 15,673.58 | 1,310.48 | 811.36 | 177.08 | 948.71 | 18,921.21 |

Trade receivable ageing schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2024

| Particulars | Outsta | nding for fo | ollowing pe | riods fron | n due date | of payment |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | Less than 6 Months | 6 Months - 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Undisputed -Trade Receivable Considered Good | 10,817.08 | 1,662.68 | 1,288.16 | 235.28 | 62.40 | 14,065.60 |
| Doubtful debts -Trade Receivable Considered Good | | | | | 455.19 | 455.19 |
| Total | 10,817.08 | 1,662.68 | 1,288.16 | 235.28 | 517.59 | 14,520.79 |

15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| a) Balances with Banks | | |
| In current accounts | 1,059.31 | 2,619.10 |
| In deposit accounts | 124.68 | 62.16 |
| b) Cash on Hand | 13.94 | 24.19 |
| TOTAL | 1,197.93 | 2,705.45 |
| BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH & CASH | I EQUIVALENTS | |
| a) Fixed Deposit with the bank | 6,473.45 | 4,444.48 |
| b) Unclaimed dividend accounts | 1.75 | 3.20 |
| TOTAL | 6,475.20 | 4,447.68 |

^{16.1} Fixed deposits of Rs. 6473.45 Lacs (previous year Rs. 4444.48 Lacs) are pledged with the banks for various limits and facilities granted.

| 7. CUF | RRENT LOAN | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|----------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Pai | rticulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| (Un | secured & Considered Good) | | |
| (a) | Loan to Employee | 237.73 | 139.00 |
| TO | TAL | 237.73 | 139.00 |
| в. Отн | HER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| a) E | Export incentive Receivable | 865.83 | 857.88 |
| b) \ | /at / GST receivable | 2,344.96 | 2,021.04 |
| c) (| Other Advance | - | 24.37 |
| d) S | Security and Other Deposits | 366.56 | 86.34 |
| TO | TAL | 3,577.35 | 2,989.63 |
| 9. OTH | HER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| a) A | Advances with Suppliers | 2,642.15 | 2,202.59 |
| b) P | Prepaid Expenses | 325.21 | 624.81 |
| c) S | Security Deposit with Govt. Authority | 2.73 | - |
| d) <i>N</i> | Mat Credit Entitlement | 14.35 | 14.35 |
| e) (| Other Advances | 37.49 | 27.20 |
| TO | TAL | 3,021.93 | 2,868.95 |
| 0. SH <i>A</i> | ARE CAPITAL | | |
| Au | thorised Share Capital | | |
| a) | 20,000,000 (31st March, 2024: 20,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each | 2,000.00 | 2,000.00 |
| b) | 500,000 (31st March, 2024: 500,000) Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each | 500.00 | 500.00 |
| | | 2,500.00 | 2,500.00 |
| lss | sued, Subscribed & Paid up : | | |
| a) | 1,29,84,411 (31st March, 2024: 1,22,09,411) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid Up. | 1,298.44 | 1,220.94 |
| | | | |

1,298.44

1,220.94

TOTAL

Rs. in Lakhs 20.1 Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

| Particulars | As at 31st Ma | ırch, 2025 | As at 31st Ma | arch, 2024 |
|---|------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| | No. of Shares | Amount | No. of Shares | Amount |
| Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 1,22,09,411 | 1,220.94 | 1,22,07,129 | 1,220.71 |
| Shares Issued during the year | 7,75,000 | 77.50 | 2,282 | 0.23 |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 1,29,84,411 | 1,298.44 | 1,22,09,411 | 1,220.94 |

20.2 The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

| Na | me of the Shareholders | As at 31st Me | arch, 2025 | As at 31st Ma | rch, 2024 |
|-----|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | | No. of Shares | % of Holding | No. of Shares | % of Holding |
| (a) | Snehdeep Aggarwal | 11,43,362 | 8.81 | 11,43,362 | 9.36 |
| (b) | Bhartiya Infotech Pvt. Ltd. | 10,10,000 | 7.78 | 10,10,000 | 8.27 |
| (c) | Bhartiya Global Ventures Pvt. Ltd. | 30,47,100 | 23.47 | 30,47,100 | 24.96 |
| (d) | Bhartiya Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd. | 6,81,913 | 5.25 | 6,81,913 | 5.59 |
| (e) | TIMF Holdings | 7,06,474 | 5.44 | 7,06,474 | 5.79 |
| (f) | Chartered Finance & Leasing Ltd. | 7,90,500 | 6.09 | 7,90,500 | 6.47 |
| (g) | Urbanac Projects Private Limited | 7,75,000 | 5.97 | - | - |

20.3 Aggregate number of share issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date, wherever applicable is given below:

| | | | | Rs. | in Lakhs |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Particulars | 31st March 2025 | 31st March 2024 | 31st March 2023 | 31st March 2022 | 31st March 2021 |
| Shares issued during the period of five Years immediately preceding the reporting date on exercise of option granted under the Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP) wherein part consideration was received in form of employee services. | - | 2,282 | - | 4,760 | 500 |

Share held by promoter at 31st March, 2025

Rs. in Lakhs

| Promoter Name | No. of Shares at Beginning of the year | % of Total Shares | No. of Shares at the end of the year | | % Change during the year |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|--------|--------------------------------|
| Snehdeep Aggarwal | 11,43,362 | 9.36% | 11,43,362 | 8.81% | -0.56% |
| Ramesh Bhatia | 3,40,250 | 2.79% | 3,40,250 | 2.62% | -0.17% |
| Promoters Group | | | | | |
| Arjun Aggarwal | 4,96,150 | 4.06% | 4,96,150 | 3.82% | -0.24% |
| Kanwal Aggarwal | 1,90,374 | 1.56% | 1,90,374 | 1.47% | -0.09% |
| Snehdeep Aggarwal HUF | 50,000 | 0.41% | 50,000 | 0.39% | -0.02% |
| Parushni Aggarwal | 7,500 | 0.06% | 7,500 | 0.06% | 0.00% |
| Pawan Aggarwal | 5,000 | 0.04% | 5,000 | 0.04% | 0.00% |
| Bhartiya Global Ventures Pvt. Ltd. | 30,47,100 | 24.96% | 30,47,100 | 23.47% | -1.49% |
| Bhartiya Infotech Pvt. Ltd. | 10,10,000 | 8.27% | 10,10,000 | 7.78% | -0.49% |
| Bhartiya Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd. | 6,81,913 | 5.59% | 6,81,913 | 5.25% | -0.33% |
| R.L Bhatia Associates Pvt. Ltd. | 30,000 | 0.25% | 30,000 | 0.23% | -0.01% |
| Urbanac Projects Pvt. Ltd. | 7,75,000 | 6.35% | 7,75,000 | 5.97% | -0.38% |

^{20.5} The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par values of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company in proportion of the number of equity share held by the shareholders.

^{20.6} During the year, the company has allotted 775000 Equity share of Rs. 10/- each fully paid by way of conversation of Preferential share warrant issued to promoter's group company.

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| Particulars | Preferential | Employee | Preferential | Non- | Foreign | | ĕ | Reserves and Surplus | d Surplus | | Total |
|--|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|--------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------|
| | snare warrant Pending for share allotment | Options outstanding | Snare Warrant Forfeited | Interest | Translation Reserve (FCTR) | Capital Reserve | Securities Premium | General Reserve | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income(defined benefit plan) | |
| Balance as at 31st March 2023 | • | 89.43 | 925.75 | 136.04 | 803.17 | 803.17 8,470.77 | 7,859.24 | 3,625.38 | 7,859.24 3,625.38 15,617.17 | 38.85 | 37,565.80 |
| Profit for the year | | | | (2.51) | | | | | 22.28 | | 19.77 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | | | | | | | | | 1.88 | 1.88 |
| Currency Fluctuation Reserve | | (89.43) | | | | | 10.75 | 79.59 | | | 0.91 |
| Money Received during the year | | | | | 189.77 | | | | | | 189.77 |
| Balance as at 31st March 2024 | • | • | 925.75 | 133.53 | 992.94 | 992.94 8,470.77 | 7,869.99 | 3,704.97 | 7,869.99 3,704.97 15,639.45 | 40.73 | 37,778.13 |
| Profit for the year | | | | (3.82) | | | | | 1,566.48 | | 1,562.66 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | | | (0.03) | | | | | | (33.62) | (33.65) |
| Transfer to Security premium on issue of share | | | | | | | 3,255.00 | | | | 3,255.00 |
| Share warrant application money received | 457.95 | | | | | | | | | | 457.95 |
| Currency Fluctuation Reserve | ٠ | | | | 536.83 | | | | | | 536.83 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 457.95 | • | 925.75 | 129.68 | 1,529,77 | 8.470.77 | 1,529,77 8,470,77 11,124,99 3,704,97 17,205,93 | 3,704.97 | 17,205.93 | 7.11 | 43,556.92 |

Component of other Equity

| Securities Premium | Represents amount received in excess of face value on issue of equity shares which may be utilised for purposes specified u/s 52(2) of the Companies Act, 2013. |
|---------------------|---|
| General Reserve | Represents accumulated profits set apart by way of transfer from current year profits or/and retained earnings for "other than specified purposes". |
| Share Warrant money | Upon receipts of shareholders' approval at the EGM held on 3rd June 2024, the Company has allotted 1201000 warrants of Rs. 430/each to Urbanac Projects Private Limited (promoter group company) on 14th June 2024. Out of the said allotment 775000 warrants have been duly converted into equity shares of Rs.10/- at a premium of Rs. 420 and the same has been credited to the paid-up share capital on 19th March 2025. The balance 426000 warrants remain outstanding with the application money of Rs.107.50/- each warrant and are liable to be converted in accordance with the terms and conditions of the original issuance. |

22. NON-CURRENT BORROWINGS

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| Secured | | |
| - Term Loans from Banks | 6,434.54 | 10,049.87 |
| - Vehicle Loans from Banks | 138.28 | 139.46 |
| TOTAL | 6,572.82 | 10,189.33 |

Above total is net of instalments falling due within a year in respect of all the above Loans aggregating of Rs. 6400.23 lakhs (31st March, 2024 Rs. 5950.59 Lakhs) that have been grouped under "Current Borrowing". (Refer note no. 26).

Nature of security and terms of repayment for long term secured borrowings:

| 22.01 | Term | Loans | from | HDFC | Bank, | balance | outstanding | The | Loan is | repayable | in 48 | Monthly | Installment |
|-------|-------|-----------|---------|---------|----------|--------------|----------------|-------|-----------|-----------------|---------|------------|-------------|
| | amou | nting to | Rs 640 | .62 Lac | s (March | 31, 2024 | 4 Rs. 750.00 | start | ing from | Aug 2024. | Last in | stallment | due in July |
| | lacs) | is secure | ed by s | econd c | harge o | n all existi | ing securities | 202 | 8. Rate c | of interest 9.2 | 25 % p. | a. as at y | ear end . |
| | given | to HDF | C Bank | | | | | | | | | | |

22.02 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding amounting Repayable in 40 Quarterly Installment starting from to Rs. 912.02 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs.1146.62 lacs) Oct, 2018. Last installment due in Aug 2028. Rate of is secured by First Charge on the commercial property Interest 10.35 % p.a. as at year end. situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director.

Nature of Security

Terms of Repayment

- 22.03 Term Loans from INDUSIND Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 23 Quarterly Installment amounting to Rs 1550.00 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. starting from Sep 2020. Last installment due in Mar 2630.00 lacs) is secured by Equitable Mortgage of 9 acres 2026. Rate of interest 11.00 % p.a. as at year end. 81 cents land situated in Tamil Nadu. Personal Guarantee of one Director.
- 22.04 Term Loans from SBI Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment to Rs 105.00 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 245.00 lacs) . starting from Feb 2022. Last installment due in Jan secured by second charge on all existing securities given 2026. Rate of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end . to SBI.
- 22.05 Term Loans from SBM Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment to Rs 204.72 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 450.67 lacs) is starting from Feb 2022. Last installment due in Jan secured by second charge on all existing securities given to 2026. Rate of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. SBM Bank.
- 22.06 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment to Rs 468.75 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 843.75 lacs). starting from Jul 2022. Last installment due in Jun Secured by second charge on all existing securities given 2026. Rate of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end . to HDFC Bank.
- 22.07 Term Loans from INDUSIND Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment amounting to Rs 482.08 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. starting from May 2022. Last installment due in Apr 927.08 lacs). secured by second charge on all existing 2026. Rate of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end . securities given to Indusind Bank.

Nature of security and terms of repayment for long term secured borrowings:

Nature of Security Terms of Repayment

- 22.08 Term Loans from SBI Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment to Rs 893.75 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 1218.75 lacs) starting from Feb 2024. Last installment due in Jan . Secured by second charge on all existing securities given 2028. Rate of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end . to SBI.
- 22.09 Term Loans from Union Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment to Rs 170.84 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 319.13 lacs) . starting from March 2022. Last installment due in Feb Secured by second charge on all existing securities given to 2026. Rate of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. Union Bank of India.
- 22.10 Term Loans from Union Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment to Rs 2365.13 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 3199.85 lacs) starting from Feb 2024. Last installment due in Jan . Secured by second charge on all existing securities given 2028. Rate of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end . to Union Bank of India.
- 22.11 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 20 Quarterly Installment to Rs 228.74 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 285.93 lacs). is starting from June 2024. Last installment due in March secured by exclusive Charge on the commercial property 2029. Rate of interest 9.75 % p.a. as at year end. situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director.
- 22.12 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 20 Quarterly Installment to Rs 146.61 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 183.27 lacs). is starting from June 2024. Last installment due in March secured by exclusive Charge on the commercial property 2029. Rate of interest 10.35 % p.a. as at year end. situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director
- 22.13 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding amounting The Loan is repayable in 20 Quarterly Installment to Rs 944.64 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. 1180.80 lacs). starting from June 2024. Last installment due in March is secured by exclusive Charge on the commercial property 2029. Rate of interest 10.35 % p.a. as at year end. situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director
- 22.14 Term Loans from Indusind Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 40 Quarterly Installment amounting to Rs 1734.38 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. Nil starting from September 2024. Last installment due in lacs), is secured by Equitable Mortgage of 9 acres 81 cents June 2028. Rate of interest 10.25 % p.a. as at year land situated in Tamil Nadu. Personal Guarantee of one end Director
- 22.15 Term Loans from Indusind Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 40 Quarterly Installment amounting to Rs 593.75 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. Nil starting from December 2024. Last installment due in lacs) is secured by Equitable Mortgage of 9 acres 81 cents June 2028. Rate of interest 10.25 % p.a. as at year land situated in Tamil Nadu. Personal Guarantee of one end.
- 22.16 Term Loans from Indusind Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 16 Quarterly Installment amounting to Rs. 1,242.84 lacs (March 31, 2024 starting from March 2022. Last installment due in Rs. 2320.59 lacs) is secured by Exclusive charge on December 2025. Rate of interest 4.19 % p.a. as at undergone project and Cash Flows, receivables, book debts year end and revenue of the company.
- 22.17 Vehicle Loans are secured by way of hypothecation of vehicles financed by the Bank.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD).

| 23. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| (a) Security Deposit with Related Parties | 135.11 | 148.26 |
| TOTAL | 135.11 | 148.26 |
| 24. NON-CURRENT PROVISION | | |
| (a) Provision for Employees Benefit | 155.57 | 105.78 |
| TOTAL | 155.57 | 105.78 |
| 25. OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| (a) Government Grant | 39.24 | 43.68 |
| (b) Advance Lease Rent | 31.83 | 42.64 |
| TOTAL | 71.07 | 86.32 |
| 26. CURRENT BORROWING | | |
| Secured | | |
| - Working Capital Loans From Banks | 34,472.48 | 34,974.83 |
| - Current Maturity of Long-term borrowing | 6,400.23 | 5,950.59 |
| TOTAL | 40,872.71 | 40,925.42 |

^{26.1} Working Capital facilities are secured against hypothecation of stocks of raw - materials, stock in process, finished goods, Other Current assets , specified immovable property, movable fixed assets, lien on fixed deposits, exports bills and personal guarantee of Director.

27. TRADE PAYABLE

| (a) Acceptances | 4,902.66 | 4,433.27 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| (b) Payable to Micro and Small Enterprises | 1,399.07 | 650.55 |
| (c) Payable to others than Micro and Small Enterprises | 13,872.21 | 10,480.07 |
| TOTAL | 20,173.94 | 15,563.89 |

Trade Payable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2025

| Particulars | Outsta | Outstanding for following period from due date of payment | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total | | |
| Dues to MSME | 1,399.07 | | | - | 1,399.07 | | |
| Others | 18,774.87 | | | - | 18,774.87 | | |
| Total Trade Payable | 20,173.94 | - | - | - | 20,173.94 | | |

^{26.2} Working Capital facilities in Overseas Subsidiaries are Secured against Corporate Guarantee/SBLC of Holding company.

Rs. in Lakhs

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD).

Trade Payable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2024

| Trade I dyable ageing selector for the year chaca as on orsi March, 2024 | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Particulars | Outstanding for following period from due date of payment | | | | | | |
| | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total | | |
| Dues to MSME | 650.55 | | | | 650.55 | | |
| Others | 14,913.34 | - | - | - | 14,913.34 | | |
| Total Trade Payable | 15,563.89 | - | - | - | 15,563.89 | | |

28. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| (a) Interest Accrued | 122.06 | 120.94 |
| (b) Unpaid dividend | 1.75 | 3.20 |
| (c) Due to Employee | 484.45 | 463.10 |
| (d) Expenses Payable | 394.59 | 258.69 |
| (e) Statutory Dues Payable | 320.03 | 198.14 |
| (f) Capital Payables | - | 3.71 |
| (g) Other Payable | 19.65 | 11.56 |
| (h) Derivatives-Foreign Exchange Forward Contract | 652.58 | 395.54 |
| TOTAL | 1,995.11 | 1,454.88 |
| . PROVISIONS | | |
| (a) Provision for Employees Benefits | 186.89 | 187.85 |
| TOTAL | 186.89 | 187.85 |
| OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| (a) Advance from Customer | 312.47 | 359.61 |
| (a) Advance Lease Rent | 10.80 | 9.80 |
| TOTAL | 323.27 | 369.41 |

31. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sales of Products | | |
| (a) Sales Manufactured Goods | 79,012.09 | 63,568.32 |
| (b) Traded Goods | 20,468.31 | 11,982.15 |
| Sales of Services | 749.68 | 63.79 |
| Other Operating Revenues | | |
| (a) Export Incentives | 2,941.98 | 2,025.13 |
| (b) Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) | (245.79) | 112.82 |
| TOTAL | 1,02,926.27 | 77,752.21 |
| 31.1 Reconciliation of Revenue Recognised in Statement of Pro | ofit and Loss with Cont | racted Price |
| Revenue as per contracted price | 1,00,275.90 | 75,677.65 |
| Less: Discount, rebates etc. | 45.82 | 63.39 |
| Total Revenue from contract with customers | 1,00,230.08 | 75,614.26 |
| 32. OTHER INCOME | | |
| - Rental Income | 251.78 | 250.11 |
| - Profit on sale of Fixed Assets | - | 1.03 |
| - Other Income | 81.63 | 31.74 |
| - Bad debt Recovered | 110.36 | 408.65 |
| TOTAL | 443.77 | 691.53 |
| 33. COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED | | |
| Opening Stock | 43,582.99 | 41,090.84 |
| Add : Purchases | 47,908.82 | 39,462.64 |
| | 91,491.81 | 80,553.48 |
| Less : Closing Stock | 49,222.38 | 43,582.99 |
| MATERIALS CONSUMED | 42,269.43 | 36,970.49 |
| 34. CHANGE IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS AND WO | PRK IN PROGRESS | |
| (a) Opening Inventories | | |
| - Finished Goods | 11,328.97 | 9,036.32 |
| - Work in Progress | 1,291.04 | <i>7</i> 35.61 |
| (b) Closing Inventories | | |
| - Finished Goods | 10,108.57 | 11,328.97 |
| - Work in Progress | 1,466.77 | 1,291.04 |
| Decrease/(Increase) | 1,044.67 | (2,848.08) |

| 35. | EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| | (a) Salary & Allowances | 6,074.56 | 5,404.26 |
| | (b) Contribution to Provident & Other Fund | 415.97 | 387.60 |
| | (c) Staff Welfare Expenses | 406.48 | 423.10 |
| | TOTAL | 6,897.01 | 6,214.96 |
| 36. | FINANCE COST | | |
| | (a) Interest Expense- Net | 4,138.45 | 3,848.27 |
| | (b) Borrowing Cost | 281.93 | 250.12 |
| | (c) Interest on Lease Liability | 45.97 | 56.87 |
| | (d) Exchange difference regarded as an adjustment to borrowing cost | 72.66 | 58.31 |
| | TOTAL | 4,539.01 | 4,213.57 |
| 37. | DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION | | |
| | (a) Depreciation on Property Plant and Equipment | 1,091.19 | 1,071.65 |
| | (b) Amortisation on Intangible Assets | 1,331.54 | 1,328.99 |
| | (c) Depreciation on Investment on Properties | 10.91 | 10.91 |
| | (d) Amortisation on Right of use Assets | 141.74 | 141.75 |
| | TOTAL | 2,575.38 | 2,553.30 |
| 38. | OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| | (I) Manufacturing Expenses | | |
| | (a) Fabrication Charges | 14,815.30 | 12,788.50 |
| | (b) Other Manufacturing Expenses | 679.25 | 438.98 |
| | (c) Freight & Cartage | 95.68 | 71.43 |
| | (II) Selling & Administrative Expenses | | |
| | (a) Legal And Professional Charges | 1,779.86 | 1,316.64 |
| | (b) Power & Fuel | 494.49 | 485.63 |
| | (c) Bank Charges | 1,069.59 | 1,030.78 |
| | (d) Repair & Maintenance | | |
| | - Building | 72.03 | 56.72 |
| | - Plant & Machinery | 286.68 | 261.72 |
| | - Others | 851.16 | 674.47 |

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (e) Communication | 87.18 | 105.76 |
| (f) Rates Taxes & Duties | 53.99 | 97.63 |
| (g) Insurance | 323.41 | 335.46 |
| (h) Rent | 276.94 | 251.14 |
| (i) Travelling & Conveyance | 1,296.33 | 1,319.87 |
| (j) Freight on Exports | 1,928.96 | 754.31 |
| (k) Commission, Brokerage & Discount | 373.35 | 50.98 |
| (I) Loss on Sale /Discard of Fixed Assets | 12.87 | (1.50) |
| (m) Misc. Expenses | 761.74 | 595.33 |
| (n) Expenditure towards CSR activities | 36.14 | 27.08 |
| (o) Directors Meeting Fees | 11.34 | 7.50 |
| (p) Packing Expenses | 335.49 | 205.99 |
| (q) Bad Debts | 347.80 | 369.57 |
| (r) Auditors Remuneration | 62.27 | 63.80 |
| TOTAL | 26,051.85 | 21,307.79 |
| (a) Current Tax on Taxable income for the year | 947.76 | 614.47 |
| | 947.76 | 614.47 |
| II) Deferred Tax | | |
| (a) Related To origination & reversal of temporary differences | (15.57) | 59.87 |
| Income tax expenses reported in statement of profit and loss | 932.19 | 674.34 |
| Effective Income Tax Rate | 37.36 % | 97.15% |
| A reconciliation of the income tax expenses to the among tax rate to the profit before income taxes is summary. | | plying the statutory |
| Accounting profit before tax | 2,494.85 | 694.11 |
| Statutory income tax rate | 25.168% | 25.168% |
| Computed tax expenses | 627.90 | 174.69 |
| Tax in respect of earlier years | 116.03 | 33.25 |
| Non taxable/ differential tax rate of subsidiaries | 206.99 | 181.02 |
| Impact of share of profit/(loss) of associates | (31.02) | 290.20 |
| Deduction under section 24 of income tax act | (15.51) | (11.64) |
| Non-Deductible expenses for tax purpose | 27.80 | |
| Income tax charge to Statement of Profit and Loss Account | | |

40. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Rs. in Lakhs

| Partic | culars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--------|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| i) | Letter of Credit / Import Bills outstanding - | 2,445.18 | 4,357.05 |
| ii) | Bill Discounting | 827.66 | 757.59 |
| iii) | Standby Letter of credit (SBLC) issued by company bankers in favour of the bankers of its subsidiaries | | |
| | - Ultima S A | 6,285.37 | 6,133.80 |
| iv) | Corporate Guarantee given by the company to a bank against facilities granted by that bank to its wholly owned subsidiaries Ultima SA, Ultima Italia Srl. & World Fashion Trade Ltd. | 138.38 | 135.05 |
| v) | Karnataka Vat Demand Under dispute | - | 56.60 |
| vi) | GST Demand Under dispute | 186.50 | 81.07 |
| vii) | Income tax Demand under dispute | 301.81 | 87.19 |
| CAPIT | TAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS | | |
| i) | Estimated value of contract remaining to be executed on capital Account and not provided for | 2,353.62 | 3,379.00 |
| ii) | Estimated Value of contract remaining to be executed on capital account | 13.80 | 19.24 |

42. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLANS

The details of various employee benefits provided to employees are as under:

a) Defined Contribution Plans

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Detail of amount recognised as expense for defined contribution plans is given below: | | |
| a) Provident Fund* | 277.85 | 252.63 |
| b) Employees State Insurance Corporation | 7.63 | 9.45 |

b) Defined Benefit Plans

The Defined benefit plan of the Company includes entitlement of gratuity for each year of service until the retirement age.

i) The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

| Principal Assumptions | Gratu | Gratuity | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 | | |
| Expected return on plan assets | 6.60% | 6.95% | | |
| Discount rate | 6.55%-6.60% | 6.95 -7.25% | | |
| Salary increase rate | 5.00% | 5.00% | | |
| Employee turnover | 5.00% | 5.00% | | |
| In service mortality | IALM (2012-14) | IALM (2012-14) | | |

ii) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Gratuity | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| - | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Current Service Cost | 87.37 | 72.75 |
| Net Interest Expenses | 6.32 | 4.53 |
| Past Service Cost | - | - |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or Loss | 93.69 | 77.28 |
| Re-measurement on the Net Defined Benefit liability: | | |
| Actuarial (gains)/ losses on obligation for the year | 58.67 | 35.47 |
| Return On Plan Assets | (13.65) | (38.32) |
| Net(Income)/Expenses for the year ended recognized in OCI | 45.02 | (2.85) |

iii) The amount included in the Balance Sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its Defined Benefit Obligation

| Particulars | Gratuity | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | |
| Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation | 671.39 | 603.90 | |
| Fair Vale of Plan Asset | (581.48) | (534.01) | |
| Net Liability arising from Defined Benefit Obligation | 89.91 | 69.89 | |

iv) Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars Gratuity | | tuity |
|--|---------|--|
| | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Opening Defined Obligation | 603.90 | 522.04 |
| Interest Cost | 6.32 | 4.53 |
| Current Service Cost | 87.37 | 72.75 |
| Past Service Cost | - | - |
| Benefits Paid Directly by the Employer | (84.87) | (30.89) |
| Actuarial (gains)/ Losses | 58.67 | 35.47 |
| Closing Defined Benefit Obligation | 671.39 | 603.90 |

v) Movements in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Gratuity | |
|---|----------|--|
| | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Opening fair Value of Plan Assets * | 534.01 | 466.08 |
| Interest Income | 33.82 | 29.61 |
| Contribution by the Employer | - | - |
| Return on Plan Assets Excluding Interest Income | 13.65 | 38.32 |
| Closing fair Value of Plan Assets | 581.48 | 534.01 |

* Fund Managed by the approved Insurance Company Kotak Life Insurance

| Particulars | Gra | Gratuity | |
|-------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 | |
| Investment With Insurer | 100.00% | 100.00% | |

Sensitivity Analysis

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2025 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase Effect | Decrease Effect |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | <i>7</i> 21.83 | 770.58 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | 770.86 | 721.37 |

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2024 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase Effect | Decrease Effect |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | 626.11 | 666.67 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | 666.96 | 625.66 |

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined on the basis of actuarial certificate.

43. EARNING PER SHARE

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Profit/(loss) for the year | 1,562.66 | 19.77 |
| No. of share at the beginning of the year (A) | 1,22,09,411 | 1,22,07,129 |
| Equity allotted during the year | 7,75,000 | 2,282 |
| Weighted average shares (B) | 27,603 | 1,334 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding (nos.) (A+B) | 1,22,37,014 | 1,22,08,463 |
| Effect of diluted number of share | | |
| Add:- Employee stock option plan | 2,91,091 | - |
| Weighted average number of equity share for diluted earning per share | 1,25,28,105 | 1,22,08,463 |
| Basic earning per share | 12.77 | 0.16 |
| Diluted earning per share | 12.47 | 0.16 |

44. EXPORT PROMOTION CAPITAL GOODS (EPCG)

Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) scheme allows import of certain capital goods at concessional duty subject to an export obligation for the duty saved on capital goods imported under EPCG scheme. The duty saved on capital goods imported under EPCG scheme being Government Grant, is accounted as stated in the Accounting policy on Government Grant.

45. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company instituted an Employees Stock Option Plan ('ESOP 2013') pursuant to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (Earlier Compensation Committee) and Shareholders' resolution dated September 23, 2013. As per ESOP 2013, the Company had granted the below stock options:

On 28th January , 2014 – 50,000 stock options.

On 16th September, 2015 – 1,55,800 stock options

On 31st December, 2015 – 8,850 stock options

On 3rd February, 2018 – 30,000 stock options

On 5th April, 2018 – 30,000 stock options

These options comprises equal number of equity shares to be allotted in one or more tranches to the eligible employees of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The details of the ESOPs granted so far are provided below:

Rs. in Lakhs

| Grant Date | April 5, 2018 | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III | Vesting IV |
| Vesting date | April 05, 2019 | April 05, 2020 | April 05, 2021 | April 05, 2022 |
| %age of vesting | 16.67 | 16.67 | 16.66 | 50.00 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 330.00 | 330.00 | 330.00 | 330.00 |

| Grant Date | February 03, 2018 | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III | Vesting IV |
| Vesting date | February 03, 2019 | February 03, 2020 | February 03, 2021 | February 03, 2022 |
| %age of vesting | 10.00 | 20.00 | 30.00 | 40.00 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 450.00 | 450.00 | 450.00 | 450.00 |

| Grant Date | December 31, 2015 | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III | |
| Vesting date | December 31, 2016 | December 31, 2017 | December 31, 2018 | |
| %age of vesting | 33.00 | 33.00 | 34.00 | |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | |

| Grant Date | September 16, 2015 | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III | |
| Vesting date | September 16, 2016 | September 16, 2017 | September 16, 2018 | |
| %age of vesting | 33.00 | 33.00 | 34.00 | |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | |

Rs. in Lakhs

| Grant Date | 28, 2014 | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II |
| Vesting date | 1st February, 2015 | 1st March, 2015 |
| %age of vesting | 50.00 | 50.00 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 156.00 | 156.00 |

The Company uses the fair value for determination of the employee stock compensation expense.

The activity in the Employees Stock Option Plan during the year ended 31st March, 2025 is as under:

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Number of options outstanding at the beginning of the period | - | 20,751 |
| Number of options granted during the year | - | - |
| Number of options forfeited / lapsed during the year | - | 18,469.00 |
| Number of options vested during the year | - | - |
| Number of options exercised during the year | - | 2,282 |
| Number of shares arising as a result of exercise of options | - | 2,282 |
| Money realized by exercise of options (INR), if scheme is implemented directly by the company | - | Rs. 1,14,100 |
| Loan repaid by the Trust during the year from exercise price received | NA | NA |
| Number of options outstanding at the end of the year | - | - |
| Number of options exercisable at the end of the year | - | - |

A description of the method and significant assumptions used during the year to estimate the fair value of options including the following information:

| Date of Grant | September 16, 2015 | December 31, 2015 | February 3, 2018 | April 5, 2018 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Weighted average share price | Rs. 468.70 | Rs 521.15 | Rs. 463.55 | Rs. 216.15 |
| Exercise price | Rs. 50.00 | Rs. 50.00 | Rs. 450.00 | Rs. 330.00 |
| Expected volatility | 29.24% | 33.10% | 25.71% | 36.78% |
| Option life (comprising of weighted average of vesting period and exercise period) | 7 years | 7 years | 8 years | 5.50 years |
| Expected dividends | 0.21% | 0.19% | 0.26% | 0.29% |
| Risk free rate of return | 8.17% | 7.96% | 7.82% | 7.22% |

46. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset and paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The following methods and assumptions were used to Estimate the Fair Values:

Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, short term loans, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other current financial liabilities: approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Investments traded in active markets are determined by reference to quotes from the financial institutions; for example:Net asset value (NAV) for investments in mutual funds declared by mutual fund house.

The fair values for loans, security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

The fair values of non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques.

The following is the basis for categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

Rs. in Lakhs **Particulars** As at 31st March, 2025 Carrying Level of input used in **Amount** Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 **Financial Assets At Amortised Cost** Trade Receivable 18,785.53 18,785.53 Cash & cash equivalents 1,197.93 1,197.93 Other bank balance 6,475.20 6,475.20 Loans 237.73 237.73 Other financial assets 4,550.28 4,550.28 At FVTPL Investments 35.00 35.00 **Financial Liabilities At Amortised Cost** Borrowings 47,445.53 **- 47,445.53** Lease Liability 456.55 20,173.94 Trade payables 20,173.94 Other financial liabilities 1,477.64 1,477.64 At FVTPL Other financial liabilities 652.58 652.58

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As | at 31st Ma | rch, 2024 | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Carrying | Level o | of input use | ed in |
| | Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Trade Receivable | 14,385.11 | - | - | 14,385.11 |
| Cash & cash equivalents | 2,705.45 | - | - | 2,705.45 |
| Other bank balance | 4,447.68 | - | - | 4,447.68 |
| Loans | 139.00 | - | - | 139.00 |
| Other financial assets | 5,114.90 | - | - | 5,114.90 |
| At FVTPL | | | | |
| Investments | 35.01 | | 0.01 | 35.00 |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Borrowings | <i>5</i> 1,114. <i>75</i> | - | - | 51,114.75 |
| Trade payables | 15,563.89 | - | - | 15,563.89 |
| Lease Liability | 581.21 | | | 581.21 |
| Other financial liabilities | 1,207.60 | - | - | 1,207.60 |
| At FVTPL | | | | |
| Other financial liabilities | 395.54 | - | 395.54 | - |
| | | | | |

47. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Borrowings (long-term and short-term, including current maturities of long term borrowings) (Note 22 & 26) | 47,445.53 | 51,114.75 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 15) | (1,197.93) | (2,705.45) |
| Net Debt | 46,247.60 | 48,409.30 |
| Equity Share Capital | 1,298.44 | 1,220.94 |
| Other Equity | 43,556.92 | 37,778.13 |
| Total Capital | 44,855.36 | 38,999.07 |
| Capital and Net Debt | 91,102.96 | 87,408.37 |
| Gearing Ratio | 50.76% | 55.38% |

"In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

48. DISCLOSURES AS REQUIRED UNDER SCHEDULE III TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, OF THE ENTERPRISES CONSOLIDATED AS SUBSIDIARY/ASSOCIATES: Rs. in Lakhs

| Name of the Entities | Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities | | Share in Profit or Loss | |
|---|---|------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| | As a % of Consolidated net assets | Amount | As a % of Consolidated Profit | Amount |
| Parent: | 89.01 | 39,593.95 | 148.94 | 2,093.75 |
| Subsidiary: | | | | |
| Indian Subsidiaries | | | - | |
| Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd | 0.86 | 383.18 | (0.16) | (2.21) |
| J&J Leather Enterprises Ltd | 0.95 | 423.63 | (2.73) | (38.41) |
| Bhartiya International Sez Ltd | 2.67 | 1,185.62 | (2.47) | (34.78) |
| Bhartiya Fashion Retail Ltd | 0.02 | 9.32 | 0.02 | 0.26 |
| Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Ltd. | 0.01 | 2.25 | (0.02) | (0.29) |
| Foreign Subsidiaries | | | | |
| World Fashion Trade Ltd. | - | 2.16 | 1.27 | 1 <i>7</i> .85 |
| Design Industry China Ltd. | 0.18 | 82.11 | 3.30 | 46.46 |
| Ultima SA | 4.82 | 2,143.01 | (63.43) | (891.63) |
| Ultima Italia SRL | 4.19 | 1,865.17 | 0.30 | 4.17 |
| Design Industry Ltd., Hongkong | 7.25 | 3,225.67 | 7.33 | 103.06 |
| Sub Total | | 48,916.07 | | 1,298.23 |
| Inter-company Elimination & Consolidation Adjustments | (9.97) | (4,434.02) | 7.65 | 107.53 |
| Grand Total | | 44,482.05 | | 1,405.76 |
| Non-Controlling Interest in subsidiaries | | 129.68 | | (3.82) |
| Share of Profit in Associates | | 373.25 | | 123.25 |
| | | 44,984.98 | | 1,525.19 |

49. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company. These risks include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk).

Cradit Rick

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers and other counter parties, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of financial assets.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk, principally consist of balance with banks, investments in debt instruments/bonds, trade receivables, loans and advances. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentrations of credit risks.

The age analysis of trade receivables as of the balance sheet date have been considered from the due date and disclosed in below table.

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | |
| Less than 6 month | 15,673.58 | 10,817.08 | |
| More than 6 month | 3,111.95 | 3,568.03 | |

Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The surplus funds with the Company and operational cash flows will be sufficient to dispose the financial liabilities within the maturity period.

Maturity Profile of Financial Liabilities

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | | As at 31st M | arch, 2025 | |
|---|-----------|--------------|------------------|-----------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Borrowing (Including current maturity of long term borrowing) | 40,872.71 | 5,488.52 | 1,084.30 | 47,445.53 |
| Trade Payable | 20,173.94 | - | - | 20,173.94 |
| Lease Liabilities | 125.46 | 296.12 | 34.97 | 456.55 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 2,130.22 | - | - | 2,130.22 |

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Borrowing (Including current maturity of Long Term borrowing) | 40,925.42 | 10,189.33 | - | 51,114.75 |
| Trade Payable | 15,563.89 | - | - | 15,563.89 |
| Lease Liabilities | 133.24 | 397.21 | 50.76 | 581.21 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 1,603.14 | - | - | 1,603.14 |

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realisable fair values or in future cash flows that May, result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates risk/liquidity risk which impact returns on investments. Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

| Exposure | to I | nterest | Rate | Risk |
|-----------------|------|---------|------|------|
|-----------------|------|---------|------|------|

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Total Borrowings | 47,445.53 | 51,114.75 | | |
| % of Borrowings out of above bearing variable rate of interest | 94.11% | 90.31% | | |

Interest Rate Sensitivity

A change of 100 bps in interest rates would have following Impact on profit before tax

| 100 bp increase would decrease the profit before tax by | 446.53 | 461.64 |
|---|--------|--------|
| 100 bp decrease would Increase the profit before tax by | 446.53 | 461.64 |

Foreign Currency Risk Management

The Company undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st | March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | | Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | Foreign Currency Monetary Liabilities |
| USD | 107.57 | 500.83 | 114.71 | 499.76 |
| EURO | 21.64 | 31.37 | 20.47 | 31.98 |
| GBP | 34.98 | 0.99 | 30.45 | 2.03 |
| HKD | 302.32 | 68.63 | 274.16 | 54.92 |
| RMB | 24.99 | 12.35 | 12.61 | 7.75 |
| CHF | 92.95 | 31.28 | 118.47 | 44.76 |

Foreign Currency Sensitivity

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 5% change in rupee value against the relevant foreign currencies, which is used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end.

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|--|
| | 5% Weakened | 5% Strengthen | 5% Weakened | 5% Strengthen | |
| Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | | | | | |
| USD | 459.51 | (459.51) | 478.20 | (478.20) | |
| EURO | 99.80 | (99.80) | 92.13 | (92.13) | |
| GBP | 193.05 | (193.05) | 160.10 | (160.10) | |
| HKD | 166.01 | (166.01) | 145.85 | (145.85) | |
| RMB | 14.70 | (14.70) | 7.28 | (7.28) | |
| CHF | 449.25 | (449.25) | 533.58 | (533.58) | |
| Particulars | As at 31st A | March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
| | 5% Weakened | 5% Strengthen | 5% Weakened | 5% Strengthen | |
| Foreign Currency Monetary Liabilities | | | | | |
| USD | (2,139.42) | 2,139.42 | (2,083.36) | 2,083.36 | |
| EURO | (144.68) | 144.68 | (143.94) | 143.94 | |
| GBP | (5.46) | 5.46 | (10.68) | 10.68 | |
| HKD | (37.69) | 37.69 | (29.22) | 29.22 | |
| RMB | (7.26) | 7.26 | (4.47) | 4.47 | |
| CHF | (151.18) | 151.18 | (201.61) | 201.61 | |
| Impact on Profit or Loss as at the end of reporting year | (1,103.37) | 1,103.37 | (1,056.14) | 1,056.14 | |

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

Disclosure Regarding Derivative Instruments.

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to accounts receivable. The use of foreign currency forward contracts is governed by the Company's strategy approved by the Board of Directors, which provide principles on the use of such forward contracts consistent with the Company's Risk Management Policy. The Company does not use forward contracts for speculative purposes.

The following are outstanding forward contracts which has been designated as cash flow hedges:

| Particulars | As at 31st | March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Currency | Foreign Currency Lacs | Currency | cy Foreigi Currency Lac | |
| Forwards Contracts | USD | 144.80 | USD | 73.29 | |
| | EURO | 40.54 | EURO | 64.59 | |
| | GBP | _ | GBP | _ | |

50. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES AS PER IND AS 24

| a) No | a) Name of Related Parties & Nature of Relationship: | | Ownership Interest | |
|-------|--|-------|--------------------|--|
| i) | Associate parties: | | | |
| | Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | India | 36.77% | |
| | Tada Mega Leather Cluster Pvt Ltd. | India | 50% | |

ii) Executive Directors:

Manoj Khattar Whole-Time Director
Amrishpal Singh

Walter willi Zwahlen

Nikhil Aggarwal

iii) Non-Executive Directors

Snehdeep Aggarwal Director
Robert Burton Moore Jr. Director
Navkiran Singh Ghei Independent Director
Deepak Bhojwani Independent Director
Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Independent Director
Vivek Kapur Independent Director
Mukul Harmilap Director

iv) Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Executive Directors or their relatives :

Itopia Management Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. Parushni Interior Designs Private Limited

v) Trust

Bhartiya International Limited Employees Group Gratuity Scheme

Post Employment Benefit

| | | Rs. i | |
|--------|---|---------|---------|
| Partic | ulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
| o) Tı | ransactions during the year with related parties: | | |
| 1. | . Other Income | | |
| | Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd. | 0.13 | 0.78 |
| 2 | 2. Salaries | | |
| | Manoj Khattar | 89.67 | 91.42 |
| | Amrishpal Singh | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| | Nikhil Aggarwal | 41.94 | 43.54 |
| | Walter willi Zwahlen | 53.77 | 60.82 |
| 3 | B. Lease Rent Received | | |
| | Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd. | 18.00 | 18.00 |
| 4 | I. Other Expenses | | |
| | Itopia Management Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. | - | 0.06 |
| 5 | i. Legal and Professional Fees | | |
| | Itopia Management Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| | Robert Burton Moore Jr. | 105.84 | 104.81 |
| | Snehdeep Aggarwal | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| | Mukul Harmilapi | 10.92 | 8.71 |
| 6 | 5. Sitting Fee | | |
| | SM Swati | 2.61 | 2.22 |
| | Navkiran Singh Ghei | 2.61 | 2.22 |
| | Deepak Bhojwani | 1.39 | 0.83 |
| | Vivek Kapur | 2.61 | 2.22 |
| 7 | 7. CSR Expenses | | |
| | Chaman Bhartiya Foundation | 15.00 | - |

| | | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|------|---------------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Part | iculars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
| c) | Balances Outstanding at the year end: | | |
| | 1. Trade Receivable | | |
| | Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd | - | 24.36 |
| | 2. Expenses/Others Payables | | |
| | Amrishpal singh | 0.23 | 0.23 |
| | Bhartiya Global Ventures Pvt. Ltd. | 9.87 | - |
| | Snehdeep Aggarwal | 0.68 | 0.68 |
| | 3. Security Deposit (Received) | | |
| | Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd. | 1.50 | 1.50 |

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi Partner Mem. No. 095136 **Yogesh Kumar Gautam** Company Secretary Mem. No. A31119 **Raj Kumar Chawla** Chief Financial Officer **Manoj Khattar** Whole-Time Director DIN: 00694981

For and on behalf of the Board

Vivek Kapur Director DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Rs. in Lakhs 2575.38 932.19 44855.36 52917.20 443.77 2371.60 123.25 1562.66 12.47 2024-25 1298.44 43556.92 28977.66 9485.99 1439.41 103370.04 (3.82)12.77 15685.77 102926.27 6910.61 1847.16 674.34 1172.82 0.16 2023-24 37778.13 50820.89 28569.39 77752.21 691.53 78443.74 8614.03 6060.73 (2.51)19.77 1220.94 38999.07 17523.67 2553.30 (1153.05)592.96 57122.98 27980.68 79859.80 2022-23 37565.80 19385.85 335.74 80195.54 8227.05 2522.78 1441.71 (3.51)4815.92 50.98 50.91 2034.67 .63 38786.51 5704.27 1220.71 6257. 31105.35 32326.06 50540.77 25829.95 19662.50 69350.95 72568.35 2380.63 4384.15 6764.78 546.00 (3.41)3217.40 2056.59 1510.59 2021-22 1220.71 (13.33)(13.31)(3167.02)(1656.43)47698.42 22967.79 495.50 1033.49 298.03 (617.37) 54839.35 55334.85 269.66 (887.33) 32811.74 34031.98 19020.72 3717.50 28.37 (3.01) (4.82)2020-21 1220.24 2684.01 (4.83)41972.58 33455.76 34675.95 16020.50 13066.17 72069.58 72505.08 2910.24 1220.19 435.50 2019-20 6399.58 998.01 435.87 (1.59)17.67 2125.69 17.61 5401.57 2474.37 (348.68)46795.74 74799.74 812.70 2851.18 1896.44 2018-19 38276.25 13773.50 954.74 (0.01) 80.35 12.00 16.25 16.14 1219.42 39495.67 11798.37 75997.81 6717.19 5904.49 1976.79 1198.07 43225.88 71051.66 71777.20 1861.30 36272.00 37490.13 11574.45 2017-18 12787.52 725.54 748.27 1218.13 5408.24 2703.91 12.00 14.42 14.28 842.61 (3.43)(118.07)1743.23 4659.97 64812.80 30699.56 64194.24 2667.25 8922.09 618.56 601.53 808.95 2016-17 25579.31 26753.41 9422.58 4659.23 (5.68)(58.54)12.00 15.33 14.98 1174.09 4057.70 1858.30 1799.76 2015-16 26468.25 62600.50 2279.26 20014.16 604.98 920.88 1171.38 62215.89 5104.13 4499.15 192.22 12.00 48 22394.47 12109.72 8412.82 3192.93 (7.22)2471.48 69 21. Net Profit after Share of Profit and Loss Of Associ-Net Profit After Tax and before Share of Profit , (Loss) Of Associates Export Sales including Export Incentives Non Controlling Interest Equity Share Capital % Reserves & Surplus **Gross Fixed Assets** Capital Employed Net Fixed Assets Equity Dividend Profit before Tax EPS(Diluted) Rs. Share in Profit EPS (Basic) Rs. Other Income Tax Expenses **Particulars** Total Income Depreciation Net Worth EBITDA EBIT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Members of Bhartiya International Limited Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of M/s **Bhartiya International Limited** ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, its profit, other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matters

Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from the sale of good (hereinafter referred to as "Revenue") is recognized when Company performs its obligation to its customers and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable. The timing of such revenue recognition in case of sale of goods is when the control over the same is transferred to the customer.

The timing of revenue recognition is relevant to the reported performance of the company. The management considers revenue as a key measure for evaluation of performance. There is a risk of revenue being recorded before control is transferred.

Refer Note 3.11 to the Standalone Financial Statements.

Auditor's Response

Principal audit procedures performed:

- Assessed the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies in line with the Ind AS 115 ("Revenue from Contracts with Customers") and tested thereof.
- Evaluated the integrity of the general information and technology control environment and testing the operating effectiveness of key IT application controls over revenue recognition.
- Evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of Company's control in respect of revenue recognition.
- Tested the effectiveness of such controls over revenue cut off at the year-end
- On a sample basis, tested supporting documentation for sales transactions recorded during the year which included sales invoices, customer contracts and shipping documents.
- Performed an increased level of substantive testing in respect of sales transactions recorded during the period closer to the year end and subsequent to the year end.
- Assessed disclosure in financial statements in respect of revenue, as specified in Ind AS 115.

Information Other than the Financial Statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report there on.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statement our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind As") specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statement, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
 or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
 evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
 the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to

draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statement that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statement may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statement.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statement of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. Further to our comments in Annexure I, as required by Section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Standalone Financial Statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Standalone Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B" to this report wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion;
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/ provided by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act; and
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements (Refer Note 40 & to standalone financial statements.)
- ii) The company has made provision as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivatives contracts.
- iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv) (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material misstatement.
- v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi) Based on our examination, which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated during the year for all relevant transactions recorded in that software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDO2928

New Delhi, 29th May, 2025

ANNEXURE - A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025, we report that:

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment, capital work-in-progress, investment property and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets are physically verified by the Management according to a phased program designed to cover all the items over a period of three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, a portion of the fixed assets has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) Based upon the audit procedure performed and according to the records of the Company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than self-constructed building and properties where the Company is the lessee, and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company except for the following which are not held in the name of the Company:

| Description of Property | Gross carrying value | Held in the name of | Whether promoter, director of their relative of employee | Period held | Reason for not being held in name of company |
|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|-------------|---|
| PPE | 18,50,000 | Pardeep Goyal | Yes | 12.08.2000 | Due to issue in Registration |

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- II (a) The inventory, except goods-in-transit and stocks lying with third parties, has been physically verified by the management during the year. In respect of inventory lying with third parties at the year-end, these have substantially been confirmed by them. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, with regard to inventories, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks are materially in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments in or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has provided guarantees during the year to companies and other parties, details of which are stated below. The Company has not provided guarantees during the year to firms or limited liability partnerships.
 - (a) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has provided guarantee to any other entity as below:

<u>Particulars</u> <u>Guarantee amounts</u>

Aggregate amount of guarantee provided during the year

- Subsidiaries Rs. 64.24 Crore

Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date - 31 March, 2025

- Subsidiaries Rs. 64.24 Crore

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the guarantees provided during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loan secured or unsecured. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(c), 3(iii)(d), 3(iii)(e) and 3(iii)(f), of the Order is not applicable.
- IV According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- V The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- VI According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the business activities carried out by the company. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- VII In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2025 on account of disputes are given below:

| Nature of the statute | Nature of dues | Forum where Dispute is Pending | Period to which the Amount Relates | Amount in Rs. |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|----------------|
| Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 | Goods and Service Tax | Appellate Authority upto Commissioner level | F.Y. 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 & 2020-21 | 1,86,49,773 /- |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | Commissioner of Income Tax, Appeals | F.Y. 2019-2020 | 50,74,770/- |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | Commissioner of Income Tax, Appeals | F.Y. 2020-21 | 36,43,886/- |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | Commissioner of Income Tax, Appeals | F.Y. 2017-18 | 52,52,082/- |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | Commissioner of Income Tax | F.Y. 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 | 1,57,15,604/- |

- VIII There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the IncomeTaxAct, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- IX (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates, as defined in the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any joint venture (as defined in the Act) during the year ended 31 March, 2025.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associates (as defined under the Act).
- X a) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilized funds raised by way of preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) for the purposes for which they were raised and the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with.
- XI a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- XII The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable
- XIII In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- XIV a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- XV In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- XVI (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clauses 3(xvi)(a) and 3(xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
 - (b) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CICs
- XVII The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- XVIII There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- XIX According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing

at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- XX (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to other than ongoing projects. Accordingly, clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, the company has transferred unspent amount to a special account, within a period of thirty days from the end of the financial year in compliance with section 135(6) of the said Act

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136

UDIN: 25095136BMPYDO2928

New Delhi, 29th May, 2025

ANNEXURE - B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of "**Bhartiya International Limited**" ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136

UDIN: 25095136BMPYDO2928

New Delhi, 29th May, 2025

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

| - | • | | |
|-----|-----|--|----|
| Rs. | IID | | he |
| | | | |

| Particulars | Note No. | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Assets | 1101 | 0131 March, 2023 | 0151 March, 2021 |
| 1 Non - Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 4 | 11,913.55 | 12,376.44 |
| (b) Capital Work-in-Progress | 4.1 | 240.14 | 129.06 |
| (c) Right of Use Assets | 4.3 | 654.48 | 770.95 |
| (d) Investment Property (e) Intangible Assets | 5 6 | 491.76 57.07 | 502.67 39.02 |
| (c) Right of Use Assets (d) Investment Property (e) Intangible Assets (f) Investments in Subsidiaries & Associates | 7 | 6,576.09 | 6,576.09 |
| (g) Financial Assets | , | 0,570.07 | 0,57 0.07 |
| (i) Investments | 8 | - | 0.01 |
| (ií) Other Financial Assets | 9 | 891.16 | 2,011.48 |
| (h) Other Non-Current Assets | 10 | 49.71 | 52.59 |
| 2 Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Inventories | 11 | 60,453.63 | 55,759.44 |
| (b) Financial Assets | 1.0 | | |
| (i) Investments | 12 13 | 12 927 40 | 10 210 22 |
| (ii) Trade receivables (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 13 | 13,837.49 225.21 | 10,318.23 552.33 |
| (iv) Bank Balances other than Cash & Cash | 15 | 6,475.20 | 4,447.68 |
| Equivalents | 13 | 0,475.20 | 4,447.00 |
| (v) Loans | 16 | 652.06 | 1,002.97 |
| (vi) Others Financial Assets | 17 | 2,949.47 | 2,631.94 |
| (c) Current Tax Assets (net) | • • • | 125.54 | 125.55 |
| d) Other Current Assets | 18 | 2,574.12 | 2,313.38 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 1,08,166.68 | 99,609.83 |
| Equity and Liabilities | | | |
| 1 Equity | | | |
| (a) Equity Share Capital | 19 | 1,298.44 | 1,220.94 |
| (b) Other Equity | 20 | 38,295.51 | 32,488.82 |
| 2 Liabilities | | | |
| Non - current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 21 | 6,528.29 | 8,810.34 |
| (ii) Lease Liability | 21 | 197.35 | 286.59 |
| (ii) Other financial liabilities | 22 | 118.65 | 108.86 |
| (b) Provisions | 23 | 69.70 | 41.52 |
| (b) Other non-Current Liabilities | 24 | 71.07 | 86.32 |
| (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) | 25 | 794.28 | 844.16 |
| 3 Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | 24 | 20 215 74 | 20 574 20 |
| (i) Borrowings (ii) Lease Liability | 26 | 39,315.76 98.70 | 39,576.20 110.06 |
| (iii) Trade payables | 27 | 76.70 | 110.00 |
| Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and | 2/ | 1,185.45 | 360.17 |
| small enterprises | | 1,100110 | 000.17 |
| Total outstanding dues of creditors other than | | 17,314.48 | 13,678.05 |
| micro enterprises and small enterprises | | 11,011 | , |
| (iv) Other financial liabilities | 28 | 1,763.36 | 1,213.29 |
| (b) Provisions | 29 | 143.84 | 142.14 |
| (c) Other Current Liabilities | 30 | 323.27 | 369.41 |
| (d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net) | | <u>648.53</u> | <u>272.96</u> |
| TOTAL OF EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 1,08,166.68 | 99,609.83 |
| Material Accounting Policies | 1 . 5 . | | |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of the | 1 to 54 | | |
| financial statements | | | |
| | | | |

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Ambrish RastogiYogesh Kumar Gautam
PartnerRaj Kumar Chawla
Company SecretaryManoj Khattar
Whole Time Director
DIN: 00694981Vivek Kapur
Director
DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board

Rs. in Lakhs

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|---|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | Note No. | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| INCOME | | | |
| Revenue from Operations | 31 | 85,656.58 | 66,094.66 |
| Other Income | 32 | 396.77 | 265.62 |
| Total Income | | 86,053.35 | 66,360.28 |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Cost of Material Consumed | 33 | 43,938.74 | 36,914.72 |
| Purchases of Stock-in-Trade | | 3,602.84 | 13.43 |
| Change in Inventories of Finished Goods & Work-in-Progress | 34 | 990.01 | (2,735.30) |
| Employee Benefits Expense | 35 | 5,552.63 | 4,756.45 |
| Finance Costs | 36 | 4,352.70 | 3,929.80 |
| Depreciation and Amortisation Expense | 37 | 1,056.68 | 1,047.57 |
| Other Expenses | 38 | 23,561.63 | 20,045.56 |
| Total Expenses | | 83,055.23 | 63,972.23 |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax for the year | | 2,998.12 | 2,388.05 |
| Tax expenses | 39 | | |
| i Current Tax | | 925.54 | 583.82 |
| ii Deferred Tax | | (42.65) | 45.63 |
| Profit / (Loss) for the year (A) | | 2,115.23 | 1,758.60 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Items that will not be Reclassified to profit or Loss | | | |
| Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans | | (28.73) | 9.84 |
| Income tax relating to above items | | 7.23 | (2.48) |
| Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (B) | | (21.50) | 7.36 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (A+B) | | 2,093.73 | 1,765.96 |
| Earnings per equity share of face value | | | |
| Basic (in Rupees) | | 17.29 | 14.40 |
| Diluted (in Rupees) | | 16.88 | 14.40 |
| Material Accounting Policies | | | |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements | 1 to 54 | | |

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi Yogesh Kumar Gautam

Partner Company Secretary Mem. No. 095136

Mem. No. A31119

Raj Kumar Chawla Chief Financial Officer Manoj Khattar Whole Time Director DIN: 00694981

For and on behalf of the Board

Vivek Kapur Director DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

A Equity Share Capital Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Notes | Amount |
|--|-------|----------|
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | 1,220.71 |
| Change in equity share capital during the year 2023-24 | 19.1 | 0.23 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | 1,220.94 |
| Change in equity share capital during the year 2024-25 | 19.1 | 77.50 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | 1,298.44 |

B Other Equity (Refer Note 20)

| Particulars | Preferential | Employee | | Re | serves and | Surplus | | Total |
|--|---|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|
| | share warrant pending for share allotment | Stock Options Outstanding | Preferential Share Warrant Forfeited | Securities Premium | General Reserve | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income (defined benefit plan) | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | 89.43 | 925.75 | 7,859.24 | 3,517.36 | 18,305.49 | 24.68 | 30,721.95 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 1,758.60 | - | 1,758.60 |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the year | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.36 | 7.36 |
| Transfer from ESOP | - | (89.43) | - | 10.75 | 79.59 | - | - | 0.91 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | - | 925.75 | 7,869.99 | 3,596.95 | 20,064.09 | 32.04 | 32,488.82 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 2,115.23 | - | 2,115.23 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | - | - | - | (21.50) | (21.50) |
| Transfer to Security premium on issue of share | - | - | - | 3,255.00 | - | - | - | 3,255.00 |
| Issue of share warrant during the year | 457.96 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 457.96 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 457.96 | - | 925.75 | 11,124.99 | 3,596.95 | 22,179.32 | 10.54 | 38,295.51 |

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi
Partner
Mem. No. 095136

Yogesh Kumar Gautam
Company Secretary
Mem. No. A31119

Raj Kumar Chawla Chief Financial Officer Manoj Khattar Whole Time Director DIN: 00694981

For and on behalf of the Board

Vivek Kapur Director DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | Year Ended | Rs. in Lakhs Year Ended |
|--|------------------|----------------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax as per statement of Profit and loss | 2,998.12 | 2,388.05 |
| Adjustment for: | | |
| Finance Cost | 4,352.70 | 3,929.80 |
| Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 1,056.68 | 1,047.56 |
| Loss/(Profit) on sale of Property, Plant & Equipment (net) | 12.87 | (1.50) |
| Rental Income | (251.78) | (250.11) |
| Government grant income | (4.44) | (4.44) |
| Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes | 8,164.15 | 7,109.36 |
| Movements in working capital: | | |
| Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables | 4,461.71 | 4,854.29 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities | 550.07 | (53.54) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities | (46.14) | 348.14 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in provisions | 1.15 | 30.77 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in inventories | (4,694.19) | (5,229.46) |
| Decrease/ (increase) trade receivables | (3,519.26) | (1,865.85) |
| Decrease/ (increase) in loan | 350.91 | 114.71 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other current financial assets | (317.53) | (928.76) |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets | (260.73) | (81.88) |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current assets | 2.87 | 0.02 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other non-current financial assets | (3.15) | (33.22) |
| Cash (used in) / generated from operations | 4,689.86 | 4,264.58 |
| Income tax paid (Net) | (549.97) | (699.56) |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities - (A) | 4,139.89 | 3,565.02 |
| B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment | (611.48) | (688.44) |
| Capital advance/Capital creditors (net) | - | (23.79) |
| Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant & Equipment | 3.07 | 7.83 |
| Proceeds from sale of current investment | 0.01 | - |
| Security deposit | (1.01) | (0.79) |
| Rental Income | 251.78 | 250.11 |
| Fixed Deposit with bank | (904.05) | (1,645.95) |
| Net cash from/ (used in) investing activities - (B) | (1,261.68) | (2,101.03) |

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | • | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | | Rs. in Lakhs |
| Particulars | Year Ended | Year Ended |
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings (net) | (1,928.35) | (2,685.21) |
| Proceeds from short-term borrowings (net) | (614.14) | 5,359.63 |
| Payment of Lease Liability | (130.75) | (132.33) |
| Share warrant money received | 457.95 | - |
| Share Capital including securities premium | 3,332.50 | 1.14 |
| Interest and processing fees paid (net) | (4,322.54) | (3,890.67) |
| Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities - (C) | (3,205.33) | (1,347.44) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C) | (327.12) | 116.55 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year | 552.33 | 435.78 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 225.21 | 552.33 |
| Components of cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Cash on hand | 5.54 | 18.05 |
| Balances with scheduled banks: | | |
| In current accounts | 219.67 | 534.28 |
| In term deposit (Less than three month) | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement | 225.21 | 552.33 |

Note: The above standalone statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS - 7, Statement of Cash Flow.

As per our report of even date attached

For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi
Partner
Mem. No. 095136

Yogesh Kumar Gautam
Company Secretary
Mem. No. A31119

Raj Kumar Chawla Chief Financial Officer **Manoj Khattar** Whole Time Director DIN: 00694981

For and on behalf of the Board

Vivek Kapur Director DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bhartiya International Limited ('the Company') is a public limited company with domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. Its shares are listed on leading stock exchange in India. The Company has its registered office at Chennai and its corporate office at Gurugram, Haryana. The Company is in the business of manufacturing and trading of leather products & textile products.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except the certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies.

Based on the nature of products/activities and the time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment and Capital work in progress (including Pre-operative expenses) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost.

Depreciation is charged on a pro-rata basis at the straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II.

Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life of the asset or the related lease term.

3.2 Investment Properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

Depreciation is charged on a pro-rata basis at the straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of building generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II of the Companies Act.

3.3 Intangible Assets

Computer Software

Computer software are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation and impairments, if any.

Amortisation Method and Useful Life

The Company amortizes computer software using the straight-line method over the period of 3 years.

3.4 Lease

Effective from 1st April, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 – Leases and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing as on 1st April, 2019 using the modified retrospective method on the date of initial application i.e. 1st April, 2019.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a Lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(i) Right-of-use Assets (ROU Assets)

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

(ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

(iii) Short-term Leases and Leases of Low-Value Assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

3.5 Investment In Subsidiaries And Associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists permanently, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.6 Inventories

Raw materials and consumables have been valued at cost after providing for obsolescence. Cost comprise of cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis. Finished goods are value at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost of finished goods and work-in- progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3.7 Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in banks and demand deposits with banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and are considered part of the Company's cash management system. In the balance sheet, bank overdrafts are presented under other current liabilities.

3.8 Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plan

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation. The Company accounts for the gratuity liability, based upon the actuarial valuation performed in accordance with the Projected Unit Credit method carried out at the year end, by an independent actuary.

Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

3.9 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial Assets are subsequently classified as measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Debt Instruments

Debt instruments are initially measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of (i) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and (ii) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(a) Measured at Amortised Cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income:

Financial Assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss:

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity Instruments:

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL.

The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognised in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade and Other Payable

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are generally unsecured. Trade and other payable are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Derivative Instruments

The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risks. These contracts are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently, at the end of each reporting period, re-measured at their fair values on reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss in the same line as the movement in the hedged exchange rate.

3.10 Provision and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

3.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised when the Company satisfies performance obligation by transferring promised goods and services to the customer. Performance obligations are satisfied at the point of time when the customer obtains controls of the asset.

Revenue is measured based on transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, stated net of discounts, returns and taxes. Transaction price is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of discount.

Revenue from Services

Revenue from services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

Other operating Revenue - Export Incentives

"Export Incentives under various schemes are accounted in the year of export.

Interest Income

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method

Dividend Income

Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

3.12 Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian currency, which is also the company's functional currency.

Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

3.13 Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The Company offsets deferred income tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and they relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or on different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

3.14 Earning Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.15 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

3.16 Government Grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to Profit and Loss on a straight - line basis over the expected lives of related assets and presented within other income.

3.17 Share Based Payment

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

3.18 Critical Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which by definition will seldom equal the actual results. Management also need to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The Areas involving Critical Estimates or Judgement are:

Estimation of Defined benefit obligation

Estimation of current tax expenses and Payable

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Provision and contingent liability

Carry value of investment in subsidiary and associates

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Freehold Land | Buildings | Plant and Equipment | Furniture and Fixtures | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Computer Equipment | Total |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 223.25 | 7,752.87 | 7,672.01 | 454.75 | 193.92 | 470.88 | 316.11 | 17,083.79 |
| Addition | | | 254.69 | 50.33 | 150.77 | 43.40 | 53.28 | 552.47 |
| Disposal | | | 7.12 | | 47.32 | 64.59 | 0.48 | 119.51 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 223.25 | 7,752.87 | 7,919.58 | 505.08 | 297.37 | 449.69 | 368.91 | 17,516.75 |
| Addition | | | 287.06 | 38.08 | 36.98 | 36.15 | 65.66 | 463.93 |
| Disposal | | | 43.81 | | 10.26 | 0.72 | 290.42 | 345.21 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 223.25 | 7,752.87 | 8,162.83 | 543.16 | 324.09 | 485.12 | 144.15 | 17,635.47 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | 1,050.62 | 2,423.92 | 232.24 | 96.95 | 309.64 | 235.86 | 4,349.23 |
| Addition | | 246.03 | 518.91 | 36.28 | 21.40 | 41.21 | 40.41 | 904.24 |
| Disposal | | | 6.54 | | 44.95 | 61.22 | 0.45 | 113.16 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | - | 1,296.65 | 2,936.29 | 268.52 | 73.40 | 289.63 | 275.82 | 5,140.31 |
| Addition | | 245.32 | 497.14 | 38.86 | 36.04 | 41.65 | 51.79 | 910.80 |
| Disposal | | | 41.69 | | 9.75 | 0.68 | 277.07 | 329.19 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | - | 1,541.97 | 3,391.74 | 307.38 | 99.69 | 330.60 | 50.54 | 5,721.92 |
| Net carrying amount | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 223.25 | 6,456.22 | 4,983.29 | 236.56 | 223.97 | 160.06 | 93.09 | 12,376.44 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 223.25 | 6,210.90 | 4,771.09 | 235.78 | 224.40 | 154.52 | 93.61 | 11,913.55 |

a) Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

| Relevant line item in the Balance Sheet | Description of item of Property | Gross Carrying Value | Title deeds held in the Name of | Whether title deed holder is a promoter or director or Relative of Promoter Director | Property held since which date | Reason for not being held in the name of the company |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| PPE | Building | 18.50 | Pardeep Goyal | Relative of Director | 12.08.2000 | Due to issue in Registration |

b) All immovable property is held in the name of company except mentioned above.

4.1 Capital Work in Progress

| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 129.06 |
|--------------------------------|----------|
| Addition | 240.14 |
| Capitalised during the year | (129.06) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 240.14 |

4.1.1 Ageing of Capital Work-in-Progress ageing

| | | Amount in CWIP for a period of | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 Year | 2-3 Year | More than 3 Year | Total | | | |
| 31 March, 2025 | | | | | | | | |
| Projects in Process | 240.14 | - | - | - | 240.14 | | | |
| 31 March, 2024 | | | | | | | | |
| Projects in Process | 129.06 | - | - | - | 129.06 | | | |

c) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the current reporting period.

d) The company does not hold any Benami Property and does not have any proceedings initiated or pending for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988.

4.2 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

| Rs. in Lakhs | | | |
|--------------|----|-----|-------------|
| Pe in lavhe | - | • | |
| | νc | IID | v hc |

| Particulars | Land | Building | Total |
|--------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| Gross Carrying amount | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 532.34 | 740.80 | 1,273.14 |
| Addition | - | - | - |
| Disposal/Adjustment | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 532.34 | 740.80 | 1,273.14 |
| Addition | - | - | - |
| Disposal/Adjustment | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 532.34 | 740.80 | 1,273.14 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 50.55 | 335.17 | 385.72 |
| Addition | 12.64 | 103.83 | 116.47 |
| Disposal/Adjustment | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 63.19 | 439.00 | 502.19 |
| Addition | 12.64 | 103.83 | 116.47 |
| Disposal/Adjustment | | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 75.83 | 542.83 | 618.66 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 469.15 | 301.80 | 770.95 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 456.51 | 197.97 | 654.48 |

5. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

| Particulars | Buildings | Total |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 589.92 | 589.92 |
| Addition | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 589.92 | 589.92 |
| Addition | - | |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 589.92 | 589.92 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 76.34 | 76.34 |
| Addition | 10.91 | 10.91 |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 87.25 | 87.25 |
| Addition | 10.91 | 10.91 |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 98.16 | 98.16 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 502.67 | 502.67 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 491.76 | 491.76 |
| Fair Value | | |
| As at 31st March, 2024 | 2,855.80 | 2,855.80 |
| As at 31st March , 2025 | 3,358.30 | 3,358.30 |

Rs. in Lakhs

| 5.1 | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Rental income derived from investment properties | 205.48 | 205.48 |
| | Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income | 7.38 | 1.67 |
| | Income arising from investment properties before depreciation | 212.86 | 207.15 |
| | Depreciation | 10.91 | 10.91 |
| | Income from investment properties (Net) | 201.95 | 196.24 |

5.2 Maturity Analysis of Lease Payments to be received in aggregate & each of following year:

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| Not later than one year | 205.48 | 206.38 |
| Later than one year and not later than five years | 671.81 | 819.42 |
| Later than five years | - | - |

5.3 Estimation of Fair Value

The fair valuation is based on current prices in the active market for similar properties. The main inputs used are quantum, area, location, demand, restrictive entry to the complex,age of building and trend of fair market rent in village/city area.

This valuation is based on valuations performed by an accredited independent valuer. Fair valuation is based on replacement cost method. The fair value measurement is categorised in level 2 fair value hierarchy.

| 6. | INTANGIBLE ASSETS | Rs. in Lakhs |
|----|-------------------|--------------|
| | | |

| Particulars | Computer Software | Total |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 353.21 | 353.21 |
| Addition | 6.92 | 6.92 |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 360.13 | 360.13 |
| Addition | 36.55 | 36.55 |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 396.68 | 396.68 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 305.16 | 305.16 |
| Addition | 15.95 | 15.95 |
| Disposal | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 321.11 | 321.11 |
| Addition | 18.50 | 18.50 |
| Disposal | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 339.61 | 339.61 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 39.02 | 39.02 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 57.07 | 57.07 |

a) There are no intangible assets under development in the company during the current reporting period.

b) The Company has not revalued its intangible Assets during the current reporting period .

7.

8.

| Pa | Particulars | | As at 31st March, 2025 | | As at 31st M | arch, 2024 |
|----|-------------|--|------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| | | | Shares(Nos) | | Shares(Nos) | Amount |
| A | IN | VESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES | | | | |
| | i. | Equity Instrument at Cost (Unquoted) | | | | |
| | 1 | Equity share of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid in Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd., India | 49,99,020 | 499.90 | 49,99,020 | 499.90 |
| | 2 | Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid in Bhartiya International Sez Ltd., India | 1,20,69,230 | 1,206.92 | 1,20,69,230 | 1,206.92 |
| | 3 | Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid in Bhartiya Fashion Retail Ltd., India | 5,00,000 | 50.00 | 5,00,000 | 50.00 |
| | 4 | Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid in Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Ltd., India | 50,000 | 5.00 | 50,000 | 5.00 |
| | 5 | Equity Shares in Ultima S.A. ,Switzerland | 1,000 | 337.86 | 1,000 | 337.86 |
| | | (having par value of SFR 1,000/- each) | | | | |
| | 6 | Equity Shares in World Fashion Trade Ltd., Hongkong | 7,09,000 | 478.14 | 7,09,000 | 478.14 |
| | | (having par value of \$ 1/- each) | | | | |
| | | Total (A) | | 2,577.82 | | 2,577.82 |
| В | IN | IVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES | | | | |
| | i. E | quity Instrument at Cost (Unquoted) | | | | |
| | 1 | Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid in Bhartiya Urban Private Limited | 3,43,93,260 | 3,999.60 | 3,43,93,260 | 3,999.60 |
| | 2 | Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid in Tada Mega Leather Cluster Pvt. Ltd. | 5,000 | 0.50 | 5,000 | 0.50 |
| | | Total (B) | | 4,000.10 | | 4,000.10 |
| | | Total (A+B) | | 6,577.92 | | 6,577.92 |
| | | gregate amount of unquoted Investments fore impairment | | 6,577.92 | | 6,577.92 |
| | | ss: Provision for diminution in value of restment | | 1.83 | | 1.83 |
| | | gregate amount of unquoted Investments er impairment | | 6,576.09 | | 6,576.09 |
| NO | N-C | CURRENT INVESTMENTS | | | | |
| Pa | rticu | ulars | As at 31st M | arch, 2025 | As at 31st Ma | ırch, 2024 |
| | | | Units(No.) | Amount | Units(No.) | Amount |
| Α | In | vestments in Mutual Funds (Unquoted) | | | | |
| | At | Fair Value through Profit and loss | | | | |
| | i) | Reliance ETF Liquid BeES | - | - | 1.222 | 0.01 |
| | | TOTAL | | - | | 0.01 |
| Ag | gre | gate amount of unquoted Investments | | - | | 0.01 |
| | | gate amount of impairment in Value of oten in Value of oten investments | | - | | |

| OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Particulars | As a 31st March, 202 | t As at 5 31st March, 2024 |
| (Unsecured & Considered Good) | | |
| (a) Security and Other Deposits | 225.54 | 222.39 |
| (b) Fixed deposit maturity more than 12 months (Lien with bank against various facilities) | 665.65 | 1,789.09 |
| TOTAL | 891.10 | 2,011.48 |
| OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| (a) Capital Advances | 22.88 | 2 2.88 |
| (b) Security Deposits With Govt. Authorities | 22.15 | 5 25.00 |
| (c) Prepayment Lease Rent | 4.68 | 8 4.71 |
| TOTAL | 49.7 | 52.59 |
| INVENTORIES | | |
| (a) Raw Materials | 45,406.77 | 7 39,328.14 |
| (b) Raw Materials -In transit | 315.4 | 190.60 |
| (c) Work-in-Progress | 1,466.77 | 1,291.04 |
| (d) Finished Goods | 9,985.3 | 11,151.06 |
| (e) Consumable Store | 3,279.3 | 3 ,798.60 |
| TOTAL | 60,453.65 | 55,759.44 |
| CURRENT INVESTMENTS | | |
| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 A | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| | Shares (No) Amount S | hares (No) Amount |
| a) Investment In Equity Instrument (Unquoted) | | |
| At Fair Value through Profit and Loss | | |
| i) Sai Rayalaseema Paper Mills Ltd. | 31,792 - | 31,792 |
| Total | - | - |

13. TRADE RECEIVABLES Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 | |
| (Unsecured, considered good) | | | |
| (a) Trade Receivable | 11,956.40 | 8,536.18 | |
| (b) Receivable from related parties (refer no. 54) | 2,016.77 | 1,917.73 | |
| Allowance for expected credit loss | (135.68) | (135.68) | |
| TOTAL | 13,837.49 | 10,318.23 | |

Trade receivable ageing schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2025

| Particulars | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | Not due | Less than 6 Months | | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Undisputed -Trade Receivable Considered Good | 8,461.62 | 4,334.35 | 367.78 | 138.51 | 177.06 | 38.66 | 13,517.98 |
| Undisputed -Trade Receivable - Credit Impaired | | | | | | 455.19 | 455.19 |
| Total | 8,461.62 | 4,334.35 | 367.78 | 138.51 | 177.06 | 493.85 | 13,973.17 |

Trade receiable ageing schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2024

| Particulars | Ou | tstanding fo | or following | periods f | rom due d | ate of pay | ment |
|--|----------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | Not due | Less than 6 Months | | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Undisputed -Trade Receivable Considered Good | 5,779.77 | 4,026.65 | 75.96 | 111.00 | 5.34 | - | 9,998.72 |
| Undisputed -Trade Receivable - Credit Impaired | | | | | | 455.19 | 455.19 |
| Total | 5,779.77 | 4,026.65 | 75.96 | 111.00 | 5.34 | 455.19 | 10,453.91 |

14. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

| a) Bo | alances | with | Banks |
|-------|---------|------|-------|
|-------|---------|------|-------|

| In current accounts | 219.67 | 534.28 |
|---------------------|--------|--------|
| b) Cash on Hand | 5.54 | 18.05 |
| TOTAL | 225.21 | 552.33 |

15. BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

| a) Fixed Deposit with the bank | 6,473.45 | 4,444.48 |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------|
| b) Unpaid dividend accounts | 1.75 | 3.20 |
| TOTAL | 6,475.20 | 4,447.68 |

^{15.1}Fixed deposits of Rs. 6473.45 Lacs (previous year Rs 4444.48 Lacs) are pledged with the banks for various limits and facilities granted.

| Rs. in Lakhs |
|--------------|
| |

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|
| (Unsecured & Considered Good) | | |
| (a) Loans / Advances to Related Parties | 558.17 | 886.64 |
| (refer note no. 54) | | |
| (b) Loan to Employee | 93.89 | 116.33 |
| TOTAL | 652.06 | 1,002.97 |
| 7. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| a) Export incentive receivable | 865.83 | 857.88 |
| b) GST Receivable | 2,060.23 | 1,746.82 |
| c) Security and Other Deposits | 23.41 | 27.24 |
| TOTAL | 2,949.47 | 2,631.94 |
| 3. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| a) Advances with suppliers | 2,269.81 | 1,905.74 |
| b) Prepaid Expenses | 304.28 | 407.58 |
| c) Other Advances | - | 0.04 |
| d) Prepayment lease rent | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| TOTAL | 2,574.12 | 2,313.38 |

19. SHARE CAPITAL Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Authorised Share Capital | | |
| a) 20,000,000 (31st March, 2024: 20,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each | 2,000.00 | 2,000.00 |
| b) 500,000 (31st March, 2024: 500,000) Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each | 500.00 | 500.00 |
| | 2,500.00 | 2,500.00 |
| Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up: | | |
| a) 1,29,84,411 (31st March, 2024: 1,22,09,411) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid Up. | 1,298.44 | 1,220.94 |
| TOTAL | 1,298.44 | 1,220.94 |

19.1 Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

| Particulars | As at 31st Mai | rch, 2025 | As at 31st Mar | ch, 202 4 |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | No. of Shares | Amount | No. of Shares | Amount |
| Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 1,22,09,411 | 1,220.94 | 1,22,07,129 | 1,220.71 |
| Shares Issued during the year | 7,75,000 | 77.50 | 2,282 | 0.23 |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 1,29,84,411 | 1,298.44 | 1,22,09,411 | 1,220.94 |

19.2 The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

| Nan | ne of the Shareholders | As at 31st Ma | ırch, 2025 | As at 31st Mo | arch, 2024 |
|-----|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | | No. of Shares | % of Holding | No. of Shares | % of Holding |
| (a) | Snehdeep Aggarwal | 11,43,362 | 8.81 | 11,43,362 | 9.36 |
| (b) | Bhartiya Infotech Pvt. Ltd. | 10,10,000 | 7.78 | 10,10,000 | 8.27 |
| (c) | Bhartiya Global Ventures Pvt. Ltd. | 30,47,100 | 23.47 | 30,47,100 | 24.96 |
| (e) | Bhartiya Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd. | 6,81,913 | 5.25 | 6,81,913 | 5.59 |
| (f) | TIMF Holdings | 7,06,474 | 5.44 | 7,06,474 | 5.79 |
| (g) | Chartered Finance & Leasing Ltd. | 7,90,500 | 6.09 | 7,90,500 | 6.47 |
| (h) | Urbanac Projects Pvt. Ltd. | 7,75,000 | 5.97 | - | - |

Rs. in Lakhs
19.3 Aggregate number of share issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date, wherever applicable is given below:

| Particulars | 31st | 31 st | 31st | 31st | 31st |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | March, | March, | March, | March, | March, |
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Shares issued during the period of five Years immediately preceding through reporting date on exercise of option granted under the Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP) wherein part consideration was received in form of employee services. | - | 2,282 | - | 4,760 | 500 |

19.4Share held by promoter at 31st March, 2025

| Promoter Name | No. of Shares at Beginning of the year | % of Total Shares | No. of Shares at the end of the year | % of Total Shares | % Change during the year |
|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Snehdeep Aggarwal | 11,43,362 | 9.36% | 11,43,362 | 8.81% | -0.56% |
| Ramesh Bhatia | 3,40,250 | 2.79% | 3,40,250 | 2.62% | -0.17% |
| Promoters Group | | | | | |
| Arjun Aggarwal | 4,96,150 | 4.06% | 4,96,150 | 3.82% | -0.24% |
| Kanwal Aggarwal | 1,90,374 | 1.56% | 1,90,374 | 1.47% | -0.09% |
| Snehdeep Aggarwal HUF | 50,000 | 0.41% | 50,000 | 0.39% | -0.02% |
| Parushni Aggarwal | 7,500 | 0.06% | 7,500 | 0.06% | 0.00% |
| Pawan Aggarwal | 5,000 | 0.04% | 5,000 | 0.04% | 0.00% |
| Bhartiya Global Ventures Pvt. Ltd. | 30,47,100 | 24.96% | 30,47,100 | 23.47% | -1.49% |
| Bhartiya Infotech Pvt. Ltd. | 10,10,000 | 8.27% | 10,10,000 | 7.78% | -0.49% |
| Bhartiya Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd. | 6,81,913 | 5.59% | 6,81,913 | 5.25% | -0.33% |
| R.L Bhatia Associates Pvt. Ltd. | 30,000 | 0.25% | 30,000 | 0.23% | -0.01% |
| Urbanac Projects Pvt. Ltd. | 7,75,000 | 6.35% | 7,75,000 | 5.97% | -0.38% |

^{19.5} The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par values of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company in proportion of the number of equity share held by the shareholders.

^{19.6} During the year, the company has allotted 775000 Equity share of Rs.10/- each fully paid by way of conversation of Preferential share warrant issued to promoter's group company.

20. OTHER EQUITY

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Preferential | Employee | | Res | Reserves and Surplus | urplus | | Total |
|--|---|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------|
| | share Warrant Pending for share allotment | Stock Options Outstanding | Preferential share Warrant Forfeited | Securities Premium | General Reserve | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income (defined benefit plan) | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | • | 89.43 | 925.75 | 7,859.24 | 7,859.24 3,517.36 18,305.49 | 18,305.49 | 24.68 | 24.68 30,721.95 |
| Profit for the year | • | ' | • | ı | ı | 1,758.60 | 1 | 1,758.60 |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the year | • | • | • | ı | ı | , | 7.36 | 7.36 |
| Transfer from ESOP | • | (89.43) | • | 10.75 | 79.59 | , | ı | 0.91 |
| Money Received During the Year | • | • | • | ı | ı | , | 1 | • |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | • | • | 925.75 | 7,869.99 | 7,869.99 3,596.95 20,064.09 | 20,064.09 | 32.04 | 32,488.82 |
| Profit for the year | • | • | • | ı | ı | 2,115.23 | 1 | 2,115.23 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | • | • | • | ı | 1 | , | (21.50) | (21.50) |
| Transfer to Security premium on issue of share | • | ' | • | 3,255.00 | ı | ı | 1 | 3,255.00 |
| Issue of share warrant during the year | 457.96 | ' | • | ı | ı | ı | 1 | 457.96 |
| Balance as at 31 March, 2025 | 457.96 | • | 925.75 | 925.75 11,124.99 3,596.95 22,179.32 | 3,596.95 | 22,179.32 | 10.54 | 38,295.51 |
| | | | | | | | | |

20.1 Component of other Equity

Represents amount received in excess of face value on issue of equity shares which may be utilised for purposes specified u/s 52(2) of the Companies Act, 2013. Premium

Represents accumulated profits set apart by way of transfer from current year profits or/and retained earnings for "other than specified purposes". General Reserve

20.2 Share Warrant money

Upon receipts of shareholders' approval at the EGM held on 3rd June 2024, the Company has allotted 1201000 warrants of Rs. 430/- each to Urbanac Projects Private Limited (promoter group company) on 14th June 2024. Out of the said allotment 775000 warrants have been duly converted into equity shares of Rs.10/- at a premium of Rs. 420 and the same has been credited to the paid-up share capital on 19th March 2025. The balance 426000 warrants remain outstanding with the application money of Rs.107.50/- each warrant and are liable to be converted in accordance with the terms and conditions of the original issuance.

21. NON-CURRENT BORROWINGS

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at As at | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|------------------|--|--|
| FullColuis | 2 20 22 | 31st March, 2024 | | |
| Secured | | | | |
| - Term Loans from Banks | 6,396.59 | 8,679.32 | | |
| - Vehicle Loans from Banks | 131.70 | 131.02 | | |
| TOTAL | 6,528.29 | 8,810.34 | | |

Above total is net of instalments falling due within a year in respect of all the above Loans aggregating of Rs. 5050.12 lakhs (31st March, 2024 Rs. 4696.42 Lakhs) that have been grouped under "Current Borrowing". (Refer note no. 26).

Nature of security and terms of repayment for long term secured borrowings:

Nature of Security Terms of Repayment Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting

- 750.00 lacs) is secured by second charge on all interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. existing securities given to HDFC Bank.
- amounting to Rs 640.62 Lacs (March 31, 2024 Rs. from Aug 2024. Last installment due in July 2028. Rate of
- 21.2 Rs.1146.62 lacs) is secured by First Charge on the 10.35 % p.a. as at year end. commercial property situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director.
 - Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding Repayable in 40 Quarterly Installment starting from Oct, amounting to Rs. 912.02 lacs (March 31, 2024 is 2018. Last installment due in Aug 2028. Rate of Interest
- Term Loans from INDUSIND Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 23 Quarterly Installment starting 2630.00 lacs) is secured by Equitable Mortgage of 9 interest 11.00 % p.a. as at year end. acres 81 cents land situated in Tamil Nadu. Personal Guarantee of one Director.
 - amounting to Rs 1550.00 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. from Sep 2020. Last installment due in Mar 2026. Rate of
- 21.4 Term Loans from SBI Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting 245.00 lacs) . secured by second charge on all existing interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. securities given to SBI.
 - amounting to Rs 105.00 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. from Feb 2022. Last installment due in Jan 2026. Rate of
- Term Loans from SBM Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting Rs. 450.47 lacs) is secured by second charge on all interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. existing securities given to SBM Bank.
 - amounting to Rs 204.72 lacs (March 31, 2024 is from Feb 2022. Last installment due in Jan 2026. Rate of
- Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting Rs. 1218.75 lacs). Secured by second charge on all interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. existing securities given to HDFC Bank.
 - amounting to Rs 468.75 lacs (March 31, 2024 is from Jul 2022. Last installment due in Jun 2026. Rate of
- 21.7 927.08 lacs), secured by second charge on all existing of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. securities given to Indusind Bank.
 - Term Loans from INDUSIND Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting amounting to Rs 482.08 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. from May 2022. Last installment due in Apr 2026. Rate
- 21.8 Rs. 1218.75 lacs). Secured by second charge on all interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. existing securities given to SBI.
 - Term Loans from SBI Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting amounting to Rs 893.75 lacs (March 31, 2024 is from Feb 2024. Last installment due in Jan 2028. Rate of

Nature of security and terms of repayment for long term secured borrowings:

Nature of Security

Terms of Repayment

- 319.13 lacs). Secured by second charge on all existing of interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. securities given to Union Bank of India.
- Term Loans from Union Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting amounting to Rs 170.84 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. from March 2022. Last installment due in Feb 2026. Rate
- Rs. 3199.85 lacs). Secured by second charge on all interest 9.25 % p.a. as at year end. existing securities given to Union Bank of India.
- 21.10 Term Loans from Union Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 48 Monthly Installment starting amounting to Rs 2365.13 lacs (March 31, 2024 is from Feb 2024. Last installment due in Jan 2028. Rate of
- 21.11 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 20 Quarterly Installment starting 285.93 lacs), is secured by exclusive Charge on the of interest 9.75 % p.a. as at year end. commercial property situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director
 - amounting to Rs 228.74 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. from June 2024. Last installment due in March 2029. Rate
- 21.12 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 20 Quarterly Installment starting 183.27 lacs), is secured by exclusive Charge on the of interest 10.35 % p.a. as at year end. commercial property situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director
 - amounting to Rs 146.61 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. from June 2024. Last installment due in March 2029. Rate
- 21.13 Term Loans from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 20 Quarterly Installment starting 1180.80 lacs), is secured by exclusive Charge on the of interest 10.35 % p.a. as at year end. commercial property situated at Institutional Plot No 38, Sector 44, Gurgaon and personal guarantee of one of the Director
 - amounting to Rs 944.64 lacs (March 31, 2024 is Rs. from June 2024. Last installment due in March 2029. Rate
- 21.14 Term Loans from Indusind Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 40 Quarterly Installment starting Rs. Nil lacs). is secured by Equitable Mortgage of 9 Rate of interest 10.25 % p.a. as at year end. acres 81 cents land situated in Tamil Nadu. Personal Guarantee of one Director.
 - amounting to Rs 1734.38 lacs (March 31, 2024 is from September 2024. Last installment due in June 2028.
- 21.15 Term Loans from Indusind Bank, balance outstanding The Loan is repayable in 40 Quarterly Installment starting Rs. Nil lacs) is secured by Equitable Mortgage of 9 Rate of interest 10.25 % p.a. as at year end. acres 81 cents land situated in Tamil Nadu. Personal Guarantee of one Director.
 - amounting to Rs 593.75 lacs (March 31, 2024 is from December 2024. Last installment due in June 2028.

21.16 Vehicle Loans are secured by way of hypothecation of vehicles financed by the Bank.

22. OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|
| (a) Security Deposit with related parties | 118.65 | 108.86 |
| TOTAL | 118.65 | 108.86 |

| 23. | NON-CURRENT PROVISION | Rs. in Lakhs | | | |
|------|---|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
| | (a) Provision for Employees benefit | 69.70 | 41.52 | | |
| | TOTAL | 69.70 | 41.52 | | |
| 24. | OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITY | | | | |
| | (a) Government Grant | 39.24 | 43.69 | | |
| | (b) Advance Lease Rent | 31.83 | 42.63 | | |
| | TOTAL | 71.07 | 86.32 | | |
| 25. | DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY/ (ASSETS) | | | | |
| | Deferred Tax Liabilities | | | | |
| | a) Related to Fixed Assets | 1,007.30 | 971.15 | | |
| | b) Related to IND AS Adjustment | (4.75) | 2.48 | | |
| | Deferred Tax Assets | | | | |
| | a) Related to Provision doubtful debts | (34.15) | (34.15) | | |
| | b) Related to IND AS adjustment | (174.12) | (95.32) | | |
| | TOTAL | 794.28 | 844.16 | | |
| 26. | CURRENT BORROWING | | | | |
| | Secured | | | | |
| | - Working Capital Loans From Banks | 34,265.64 | 34,879.78 | | |
| | - Current Maturities of long term Debt | 5,050.12 | 4,696.42 | | |
| | TOTAL | 39,315.76 | 39,576.20 | | |
| 26.1 | Working Capital facilities are secured against hypothecation goods, Other Current assets, specified immovable property, and personal guarantee of Director. | | | | |
| 27. | TRADE PAYABLE | | | | |
| | (a) Acceptances | 4,902.66 | 4,433.27 | | |
| | (b) Payable to others than Micro and small Enterprises | 10,931.68 | 8,274.76 | | |
| | (c) Payable to Related Parties | 1,480.14 | 970.02 | | |
| | (refer note no 54) | | | | |
| | (d) Payable to Micro and Small Enterprises | 1,185.45 | 360.17 | | |
| | TOTAL | 18,499.93 | 14,038.22 | | |

Due to Micro and Small Enterprises

The Company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows:

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| a) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year | 1,185.45 | 360.17 |
| b) Interest due remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year | - | - |
| c) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year | - | - |
| d) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006 | - | - |
| e) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year | 73.04 | 47.31 |
| f) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprises, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 200 | - | - |

Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company.

Trade Payable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2025

| Particulars | Outstanding for following period from due date of payment | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Dues to MSME | 1,185.45 | | | - | 1,185.45 |
| Others | 16,614.98 | 385.11 | - | 314.39 | 17,314.48 |
| Total Trade Payable | 17,800.43 | 385.11 | - | 314.39 | 18,499.93 |

Trade Payable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2024

| Particulars | Outstanding for following period from due date of payment | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Dues to MSME | 360.17 | | | | 360.17 |
| Others | 13,231.23 | | | 446.82 | 13,678.05 |
| Total Trade Payable | 13,591.40 | - | - | 446.82 | 14,038.22 |

| OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| (a) Interest Accrued | 122.06 | 120.94 |
| (b) Unpaid Dividend | 1.75 | 3.20 |
| (c) Due to Employee | 416.94 | 346.36 |
| (d) Expenses Payable | 287.98 | 172.90 |
| (e) Statutory Dues Payable | 282.05 | 171.16 |
| (f) Other Payable | - | 3.19 |
| (g) Derivatives-Foreign Exchange Forward Contract | 652.58 | 395.54 |
| TOTAL | 1,763.36 | 1,213.29 |
| PROVISIONS | | |
| (a) Provision for Employees Benefits | 143.84 | 142.14 |
| TOTAL | 143.84 | 142.14 |
| OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| (a) Advance from Customer | 312.47 | 359.61 |
| (b) Advance Lease Rent | 10.80 | 9.80 |
| TOTAL | 323.27 | 369.41 |
| REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS | | |
| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Sales of Products | | |
| (a) Manufactured Goods | 79,012.09 | 63,654.58 |
| (b) Stock-in-trade | 3,645.66 | 23.79 |
| Other Operating Revenues | | |
| (a) Export Incentives | 2,941.98 | 2,025.13 |
| (b) Foreign Exchange Gain | 56.85 | 391.16 |

TOTAL

85,656.58

66,094.66

| | | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Rs. in Lakh: Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| 31.1 | Reconciliation of Revenue recognised in Statement of | ontracted price | |
| | Revenue as per contracted price | 82,703.57 | 63,741.76 |
| | Less: Discount, rebates etc. | 45.82 | 63.39 |
| | Total Revenue from Contract with Customers | 82,657.75 | 63,678.37 |
| 31.2 | Revenue by Location of Customers | | |
| | India | 5,861.33 | 4,422.05 |
| | Outside India | 76,796.42 | 59,256.32 |
| | Total Revenue from Contract with Customers | 82,657.75 | 63,678.37 |
| 31.2 | The total revenue received from the customer having shared of 1 year is Rs. 46569.46 lacs. | 10% or more of the total re | evenue declared for the |
| 32. O | THER INCOME | | |
| - | Rental Income | 251.78 | 250.11 |
| - | Other Income | 144.99 | |
| Т | OTAL | 396.77 | 265.62 |
| 33. C | OST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED | | |
| C | Opening Stock | 43,317.35 | 40,823.19 |
| A | Add : Purchases | 49,622.94 | 39,408.88 |
| | | 92,940.29 | 80,232.07 |
| L | ess : Closing Stock | 49,001.55 | 43,317.35 |
| | MATERIALS CONSUMED | 43,938.74 | 36,914.72 |
| 34. CI | HANGE IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS AND WO | RK IN PROGRESS | |
| (0 | a) Opening Inventories | | |
| | -Finished Goods | 11,151.05 | 8,971.18 |
| | -Work in progress | 1,291.04 | 735.61 |
| (1 | b) Closing Inventories | | |
| | -Finished Goods | 9,985.31 | 11,151.05 |
| | -Work in progress | 1,466.77 | 1,291.04 |
| | Decrease/(Increase | se) 990.01 | (2,735.30) |

| 35. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| (a) Salary & Allowances | 4,900.26 | 4,235.20 |
| (b) Contribution to Provident & Other fund | 300.58 | 258.36 |
| (c) Staff Welfare Expenses | 351.79 | 262.89 |
| TOTAL | 5,552.63 | 4,756.45 |
| 36. FINANCE COST | | |
| (a) Interest Expense- Net | 3,967.95 | 3,582.24 |
| (b) Borrowing Cost | 281.93 | 250.12 |
| (c) Interest on Lease Liability | 30.16 | 39.13 |
| (d) Exchange difference regarded as an Adjustment to Borrowing Cost | 72.66 | 58.31 |
| TOTAL | 4,352.70 | 3,929.80 |
| 37. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION | | |
| (a) Depreciation on Property Plant and Equipment | 910.80 | 904.24 |
| (b) Amortisation on Intangible Assets | 18.50 | 15.95 |
| (c) Depreciation on Investment Property | 10.91 | 10.91 |
| (d) Amortisation on Right of Use Assets | 116.47 | 116.47 |
| TOTAL | 1,056.68 | 1,047.57 |

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (I) Manufacturing Expenses | | |
| (a) Fabrication Charges | 13,969.07 | 12,092.56 |
| (b) Other Manufacturing Expenses | 628.85 | 388.21 |
| (c) Freight & Cartage | 95.68 | 71.43 |
| (II) Selling & Administrative Expenses | | |
| (a) Legal And Professional Charges | 1,122.83 | 1,276.34 |
| (b) Power & Fuel | 294.64 | 284.16 |
| (c) Bank Charges | 1,050.02 | 962.90 |
| (d) Repair & Maintenance | | |
| - Building | 72.03 | 56.72 |
| - Plant & Machinery | 233.93 | 199.23 |
| - Others | 785.63 | 617.90 |
| (e) Communication | 71.41 | 65.77 |
| (f) Rates Taxes & Duties | 21.71 | 68.30 |
| (g) Insurance | 258.60 | 272.76 |
| (h) Rent | 156.42 | 137.68 |
| (i) Travelling & Conveyance | 1,119.71 | 1,089.48 |
| (j) Freight on Exports | 1,644.18 | 714.72 |
| (k) Commission, Brokerage & Discount | 944.80 | 788.66 |
| (I) Loss/(Profit) on Sale /Discard of Property, Plant & Equipment | 12.87 | (1.50) |
| (m) Misc. Expenses | 491.68 | 350.08 |
| (n) Expenditure towards CSR Activities | 36.14 | 27.08 |
| (o) Directors Meeting Fees | 9.22 | 7.50 |
| (p) Packing Expenses | 335.49 | 205.98 |
| (q) Bad Debts | 206.72 | 369.60 |
| TOTAL | 23,561.63 | 20,045.56 |

882.89

629.45

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

| 39. TAX EXPENSES | Rs. in Lakhs |
|------------------|--------------|
|------------------|--------------|

| Po | articulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I) | Current Tax | | |
| | Current Tax on taxable income for the year | 925.54 | 583.82 |
| II) | Deferred Tax | | |
| | Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences | (42.65) | 45.63 |
| | Income tax expenses reported in statement of profit and loss | 882.89 | 629.45 |
| | Effective Income Tax Rate | 29.45% | 26.36% |
| 1 | A reconciliation of the income tax expenses to the amount compute profit before income taxes is summarized below: | d by applying the statutor | y income tax rate to the |
| | Accounting profit before tax | 2,998.12 | 2,388.05 |
| | Statutory income tax rate (%) | 25.17 | 25.17 |
| | Computed tax expenses | 754.57 | 601.02 |
| | Tax in respect of earlier years | 116.03 | 33.25 |
| | Deduction under section 24 of income tax act | (15.51) | (11.64) |
| | Non-Deductible expenses for tax purpose | 27.80 | 6.82 |
| | | | |

40. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

account

Income tax charge to statement of profit and loss

| Partic | culars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--------|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| i) | Letter of Credit / Import Bills outstanding - | 2,445.18 | 4,357.05 |
| ii) | Bill Discounting | 827.66 | 757.59 |
| iii) | Standby Letter of credit (SBLC) issued by company bankers in favour of the bankers of its subsidiaries | | |
| | - Ultima S A | 6,285.37 | 6,133.80 |
| iv) | Corporate Guarantee given by the company to a bank against facilities granted by that bank to its wholly owned subsidiaries Ultima SA | 138.38 | 135.05 |
| v) | Karnataka Vat Demand Under dispute | - | 56.60 |
| vi) | GST Demand Under dispute | 186.50 | 81.07 |
| vii) | Income tax Demand under dispute | 301.81 | 87.19 |

41. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

Rs. in Lakhs

| Parti | culars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|-------|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| i) | Commitments under import of goods & capital goods at concessional rate of custom duty. | 2,353.62 | 3,379.00 |
| ii) | Estimated Value of contract remaining to be executed on capital account | 13.80 | 19.24 |

42. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLANS

The details of various employee benefits provided to employees are as under:

a) Defined Contribution Plans

| Particulars | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------|--|
| Detail of amount recognised as expense for defined contribution plans is given below: | | |
| a) Provident Fund* | 248.34 | 225.74 |
| b) Employees State Insurance Corporation | 6.78 | 8.19 |

b) Defined Benefit Plans

The Defined benefit plan of the Company includes entitlement of gratuity for each year of service until the retirement age.

i) The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

| Principal Assumptions | Grate | Gratuity | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
| Expected return on plan assets | 6.60% | 6.95% | | |
| Discount rate | 6.60% | 6.95% | | |
| Salary increase rate | 5.00% | 5.00% | | |
| Employee turnover | 5.00% | 5.00% | | |
| In service mortality | IALM (2012-14) | IALM (2012-14) | | |

ii) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

| Particulars | Gratuity | |
|--|--|--|
| | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Current Service Cost | 77.95 | 65.03 |
| Net Interest Expenses | 1.44 | 0.60 |
| Past Service Cost | - | - |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or Loss | 79.39 | 65.63 |
| Re-measurement on the Net Defined Benefit liability: | | |
| Actuarial (gains)/ losses on obligation for the year | 42.38 | 28.48 |
| Return On Plan Assets | (13.65) | (38.32) |
| Net (Income)/Expenses for the year ended recognized in OCI | 28.73 | (9.84) |

Gratuity

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

Particulars

Investment With Insurer

Rs. in Lakhs

iii) The amount included in the Balance Sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its Defined Benefit Obligation

| | | | • |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| _ | | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| P | Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation | 647.63 | 571.97 |
| F | air Vale of Plan Asset | (577.93) | (530.45) |
| | Net Liability arising from Defined Benefit Obligation | 69.70 | 41.52 |
| iv) M | Novements in the present value of the define | d benefit obligation are | as follows: |
| P | Particulars | Gra | tuity |
| _ | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| C | Opening Defined Obligation | 571.97 | 479.14 |
| lr | nterest Cost | 35.26 | 30.21 |
| C | Current Service Cost | 77.95 | 65.03 |
| Р | Past Service Cost | | - |
| В | Benefits Paid Directly by the Employer | (79.94) | (30.89) |
| Δ | Actuarial (gains)/ Losses | 42.38 | 28.48 |
| C | Closing Defined Benefit Obligation | 647.62 | 571.97 |
| v) M | Novements in the Fair Value of the Plan Asset | ts are as follows: | |
| C | Opening fair Value of Plan assets * | 530.45 | 462.52 |
| lr | nterest Income | 33.82 | 29.61 |
| C | Contribution by the Employer | - | - |
| R | Return On Plan Assets Excluding Interest Income | 13.65 | 38.32 |
| C | Closing fair Value of Plan assets | 577.92 | 530.45 |
| * | Fund Managed by the approved Insurance (| Company Kotak Life Insu | rance |

100.00%

100.00%

Rs. in Lakhs

Sensitivity Analysis

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2025 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase Effect | Decrease Effect |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 628.31 | 668.15 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 668.37 | 627.94 |

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2024 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase Effect | Decrease Effect |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 555.62 | 589.31 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 589.56 | 555.25 |

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined on the basis of actuarial certificate.

43. EARNING PER SHARE

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Profit/(loss) for the year | 2,115.23 | 1,758.60 |
| No. of share at the beginning of the year (A) | 1,22,09,411 | 1,22,07,129 |
| Equity allotted during the year | 7,75,000 | 2,282 |
| Weighted average shares (B) | 27,603 | 1,334 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding (nos.) (A+B) | 1,22,37,014 | 1,22,08,463 |
| Effect of diluted number of share | | |
| Add:- Convertible preferential share warrant | 2,91,091 | - |
| Weighted average number of equity share for diluted earning per share | 1,25,28,105 | 1,22,08,463 |
| Basic earning per share | 17.29 | 14.40 |
| Diluted earning per share | 16.88 | 14.40 |

44. EXPORT PROMOTION CAPITAL GOODS (EPCG)

Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) scheme allows import of certain capital goods at concessional duty subject to an export obligation for the duty saved on capital goods imported under EPCG scheme. The duty saved on capital goods imported under EPCG scheme being Government Grant, is accounted as stated in the Accounting policy on Government Grant.

Rs. in Lakhs

45. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company instituted an Employees Stock Option Plan ('ESOP 2013') pursuant to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (Earlier Compensation Committee) and Shareholders' resolution dated September 23, 2013. As per ESOP 2013, the Company had granted the below stock options:

On 28th January, 2014 - 50,000 stock options.

On 16th September, 2015 – 1,55,800 stock options

On 31st December, 2015 – 8,850 stock options

On 3rd February, 2018 – 30,000 stock options

On 5th April, 2018 - 30,000 stock options

These options comprises equal number of equity shares to be allotted in one or more tranches to the eligible employees of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The details of the ESOPs granted so far are provided below:

| Grant Date | | April | 5, 2018 | |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III | Vesting IV |
| Vesting date | April 05, 2019 | April 05, 2020 | April 05, 2021 | April 05, 2022 |
| %age of vesting | 16.67 | 16.67 | 16.66 | 50.00 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 330.00 | 330.00 | 330.00 | 330.00 |
| Grant Date | | Februai | ry 03, 2018 | |
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III | Vesting IV |
| Vesting date | February 03,2019 | February 03,2020 | February 03,2021 | February 03,2022 |
| %age of vesting | 10.00 | 20.00 | 30.00 | 40.00 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 450.00 | 450.00 | 450.00 | 450.00 |
| Grant Date | | December 31, 2015 | | |
| Vesting tranche | | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III |
| Vesting date | | December 31, 2016 | December 31, 2017 | December 31, 2018 |
| %age of vesting | | 33.00 | 33.00 | 34.00 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 |
| Grant Date | | Septemb | per 16, 2015 | |
| Vesting tranche | | Vesting I | Vesting II | Vesting III |
| Vesting date | | September 16, 2016 | September 16, 2017 | September 16, 2018 |
| %age of vesting | | 33.00 | 33.00 | 34.00 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 |

| Grant Date January 28, 2014 | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Vesting tranche | Vesting I | Vesting II |
| Vesting date | 1st February, 2015 | 1st March, 2015 |
| %age of vesting | 50 | 50 |
| Exercise Price (in Rs.) | 156 | 156 |

The Company uses the fair value for determination of the employee stock compensation expense.

Rs. in LakhsThe activity in the Employees Stock Option Plan during the year ended 31st March, 2025 is as under:

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Number of options outstanding at the beginning of the period | NIL | 20,751 |
| Number of options granted during the year | - | - |
| Number of options forfeited / lapsed during the year | - | 18,469 |
| Number of options vested during the year | | |
| Number of options exercised during the year | - | 2,282 |
| Number of shares arising as a result of exercise of options | - | 2,282 |
| Money realized by exercise of options (INR), if scheme is implemented directly by the company | - | Rs. 114100 |
| Loan repaid by the Trust during the year from exercise price received | - | - |
| Number of options outstanding at the end of the year | Nil | Nil |
| Number of options exercisable at the end of the year | Nil | Nil |

A description of the method and significant assumptions used during the year to estimate the fair value of options including the following information:

| Date of Grant | September 16, 2015 | December 31, 2015 | February 03, 2018 | April 5, 2018 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Weighted average share price | Rs. 468.70 | Rs 521.15 | Rs. 463.55 | Rs. 216.15 |
| Exercise price | Rs. 50.00 | Rs. 50.00 | Rs. 450.00 | Rs. 330.00 |
| Expected volatility | 29.24% | 33.10% | 25.71% | 36.78% |
| Option life (comprising of weighted average of vesting period and exercise period) | 7 years | 7 years | 8 years | 5.50 years |
| Expected dividends | 0.21% | 0.19% | 0.26% | 0.29% |
| Risk free rate of return | 8.17% | 7.96% | 7.82% | 7.22% |

46. DETAILS OF CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) EXPENDITURE

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--|------------------------|
| (a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year | 45.45 | 29.07 |
| (b) Amount of expenditure incurred | 36.14 | 27.08 |
| (c) Excess amount set off at the end of the year | 0.81 | 1.99 |
| (d) Shortfall at the end of the year | 8.50 | - |
| (e) Total of previous years shortfall | - | - |
| (f) Reason for shortfall | Pertain to Ongoing Project | N.A |
| (g) Nature of CSR Activities | Rural Development, Education, Heath & Sanitation | Education, Heath & |
| (h) Details of related party transaction | 15.00 | NIL |
| (i) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision. | N.A | N.A |

47. SEGMENT REPORTING DISCLOSURE

The company primarily operates in the Fashion apparels and accessories segment. The Fashion apparels and accessories segment includes Leather products, Textiles products and intermediaries.

As defined in Ind AS 108, the chief operating decision maker (CODM) evaluates the Group's performance, allocate resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicator of the Group as a single unit. Therefore, there is no reportable segment for the Group as per the requirement of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

48. The Net worth of a subsidiary has been fully eroded and there is a consequent possibility of impairment of equity investment of Rs. 4.78 crore. Looking into the subsidiary future plans, growth prospects and determining it's valuation based on forecasting and discounting future cashflows, such impairment in the opinion of management is considered to be temporary in nature and no impairment in value of the investment is required to be made in the accounts of the company.

49. PAYMENT TO AUDITOR (INCLUDED IN LEGAL AND PROFESSIONAL CHARGES)

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| | 31st March, 2025 31st March | , 2024 |
| Audit Fees | 25.00 | 25.00 |
| Limited Review | 7.50 | 7.50 |
| Reimbursement of Expenses | 1.39 | 1.85 |
| Tax Audit Report | 5.00 | 4.00 |
| Certification | 0.75 | 0.75 |

50. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset and paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, short term loans, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other current financial liabilities, : approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Investments traded in active markets are determined by reference to quotes from the financial institutions; for example:Net asset value (NAV) for investments in mutual funds declared by mutual fund house.

The fair values for loans, security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

The fair values of non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques.

The following is the basis for categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

| _ | • | | |
|-----|----|-------|--|
| Ks. | ın | Lakhs | |

| Particulars | <u> </u> | As at 31st N | March, 2025 | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | Carrying | Leve | l of input use | ed in | |
| | Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Financial Assets | | | - | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | |
| Trade Receivable | 13,837.49 | - | - | 13,837.49 | |
| Cash & cash Equivalents | 225.21 | - | - | 225.21 | |
| Other Bank Balance | 6,475.20 | - | - | 6,475.20 | |
| Loans | 652.06 | - | - | 652.06 | |
| Other Financial Assets | 3,840.63 | - | - | 3,840.63 | |
| At FVTPL | | | | | |
| Investments | - | - | - | - | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 45,844.05 | - | - | 45,844.05 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 296.05 | | | 296.05 | |
| Trade Payables | 18,499.93 | - | - | 18,499.93 | |
| Other financial liabilities | 1,229.43 | - | - | 1,229.43 | |
| At FVTPL | | | | | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 652.58 | - | 652.58 | - | |
| Particulars | | As at 31st M | at 31st March, 2024 | | |
| | Carrying | Leve | l of input use | t used in | |
| | Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Financial Assets | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | |
| Trade Receivable | 10,318.23 | - | - | 10,318.23 | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 552.33 | - | - | 552.33 | |
| Other Bank Balance | 4,447.68 | - | - | 4,447.68 | |
| Loans | 1,002.97 | - | - | 1,002.97 | |
| Other Financial Assets | 4,643.42 | - | - | 4,643.42 | |
| At FVTPL | | | | | |
| Investments | 0.01 | 0.01 | - | - | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| i iiidiikidi Eldbiiiilea | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | 48,386.54 | - | - | 48,386.54 | |
| At Amortised Cost Borrowings | 48,386.54 396.65 | - | - | | |
| At Amortised Cost Borrowings Lease Liability | | - | - | 396.65 | |
| At Amortised Cost Borrowings Lease Liability Trade Payables | 396.65 | - | - | 48,386.54 396.65 14,038.22 926.61 | |
| At Amortised Cost Borrowings Lease Liability Trade Payables Other Financial Liabilities At FVTPL | 396.65 14,038.22 | - | - | 396.65 14,038.22 | |

51. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Borrowings (long-term and short-term, including current maturities of long term borrowings) (Note 21 & 26) | 45,844.05 | 48,386.54 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 13) | 225.21 | 552.33 |
| Net Debt | 45,618.84 | 47,834.21 |
| Equity Share Capital | 1,298.44 | 1,220.94 |
| Other Equity | 38,295.51 | 32,488.82 |
| Total Capital | 39,593.95 | 33,709.76 |
| Capital and Net Debt | 85,212.79 | 81,543.97 |
| Gearing Ratio | 53.54% | 58.66% |

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

52. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company. These risks include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk).

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers and other counter parties, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of financial assets.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk, principally consist of balance with banks, investments in debt instruments/bonds, trade receivables, loans and advances. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentrations of credit risks.

The age analysis of trade receivables as of the balance sheet date have been considered from the due date and disclosed in below table.

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at |
|-------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| Not Due | 8,461.62 | 5,779.77 |
| Less than 6 month | 4,334.35 | 4,026.65 |
| More than 6 month | 1,177.20 | 647.49 |

Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The surplus funds with the Company and operational cash flows will be sufficient to dispose the financial liabilities within the maturity period.

Maturity Profile of Financial Liabilities

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | | As at 31st M | March, 2025 | | |
|---|-----------|--------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total | |
| Borrowing (Including current maturity of long term borrowing) | 39,315.76 | 5,481.93 | 1,046.36 | 45,844.05 | |
| Trade Payable | 18,499.93 | - | - | 18,499.93 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 98.70 | 187.56 | 9.79 | 296.05 | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 1,882.01 | | | 1,882.01 | |

| Particulars | | As at 31st Mo | arch, 2024 | |
|---|-----------|---------------|------------------|-----------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Borrowing (Including current maturity of Long Term borrowing) | 39,576.20 | 8,810.34 | - | 48,386.54 |
| Trade Payable | 14,038.22 | - | - | 14,038.22 |
| Lease Liabilities | 110.06 | 264.58 | 22.01 | 396.65 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 1,322.15 | | | 1,322.15 |

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realisable fair values or in future cash flows that May, result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates risk/liquidity risk which impact returns on investments. Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

Exposure to Interest Rate Risk

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Total Borrowings | 45,844.05 | 48,386.54 |
| % of Borrowings out of above bearing variable rate of interest | 96.62% | 94.56% |

Interest Rate Sensitivity

A change of 100 bps in interest rates would have following Impact on profit before tax

| 100 bp increase would decrease the profit before tax by | 442.94 | 457.57 |
|---|--------|--------|
| 100 bp decrease would Increase the profit before tax by | 442.94 | 457.57 |

Foreign Currency Risk Management

The Company undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | As at 31st | March, 2025 | As at 31st | March, 2024 |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | | Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | Foreign Currency Monetary Liabilities |
| USD | 107.57 | 500.83 | 114.71 | 499.76 |
| EURO | 9.38 | 25.04 | 5.20 | 25.27 |
| GBP | 34.98 | 0.99 | 30.45 | 2.03 |
| HKD | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.15 | 0.20 |

Foreign Currency Sensitivity

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 5% change in rupee value against the relevant foreign currencies, which is used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end.

| Particulars | As at 31st A | March, 2025 | As at 31st A | March, 2024 |
|--|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | 5% Weakened | 5% Strengthen | 5% Weakened | 5% Strengthen |
| Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | | | | |
| USD | 459.51 | (459.51) | 478.20 | (478.20) |
| EURO | 43.26 | (43.26) | 23.39 | (23.39) |
| GBP | 193.05 | (193.05) | 160.10 | (160.10) |
| HKD | 0.08 | (80.0) | 0.08 | (80.0) |
| Foreign Currency Monetary Liabilities | | | | |
| USD | (2,139.30) | 2,139.30 | (2,082.99) | 2,082.99 |
| EURO | (115.47) | 115.47 | (113.74) | 113.74 |
| GBP | (5.46) | 5.46 | (10.68) | 10.68 |
| HKD | (0.11) | 0.11 | (0.10) | 0.10 |
| Impact on Profit or Loss as at the end of reporting year | (1,564.44) | 1,564.44 | (1,545.74) | 1,545.74 |

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

Disclosure Regarding Derivative Instruments.

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to accounts receivable. The use of foreign currency forward contracts is governed by the Company's strategy approved by the Board of Directors, which provide principles on the use of such forward contracts consistent with the Company's Risk Management Policy. The Company does not use forward contracts for speculative purposes.

The following are outstanding forward contracts.

| Particulars | As at 31st N | larch, 2025 | As at 31st A | March, 2024 |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| | Currency | Foreign Currency Lacs | Currency | Foreign Currency Lacs |
| Forwards Contracts | USD | 144.80 | USD | 73.29 |
| | EURO | 40.54 | EURO | 64.59 |
| | GBP | | GBP | _ |

Rs. in Lakhs

53. RATIOS

| Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | Variance | Resaon |
|--|--|--|---------|---------|----------|--|
| (a) Current Ratio, | Current Assets | Current Liabilities | 1.44 | 1.38 | 3.71% | |
| (b) Debt-Equity Ratio, | Total Debt | Shareholder's Equity | 1.17 | 1.45 | -19.47% | |
| (c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio, | Earning Available for debt services | Debt Services Interest & Lease payment+Principal Repayments of long term borrowing | 0.84 | 0.98 | -14.53% | |
| (d) Return on Equity Ratio, | Net Profit for the year | Average Shareholders Equity | 5.77% | 5.36% | 0.08% | |
| (e) Inventory turnover ratio, | Cost of Goods Sold | Average Inventory | 0.84 | 0.64 | 29.81% | * The increase in inventory turnover ratio is due to higher sales and improved inventory management. |
| (f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio, | Net Credit Sales | Average Trade Receivables | 6.84 | 6.78 | 0.87% | |
| (g) Trade payables turnover ratio, | Net Credit Purchase | Average Trade Payables | 4.17 | 4.48 | -6.74% | |
| (h) Net capital turnover ratio, | Net Sales | (Current assets- current liabilities) | 3.23 | 3.08 | 4.80% | |
| (i) Net profit ratio, | Net Profit After Tax | Total Sales | 2.47% | 2.66% | -0.07% | |
| (j) Return on Capital employed, | EBIT | (Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability) | 8.53% | 7.62% | 0.12% | |

54. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES AS PER IND AS 24

Rs. in Lakhs

| Nan | ne of Related Parties & Nature of Relationship: | Country | Ownership Interest | |
|-----|---|-------------|--------------------|--------|
| i) | Subsidiary Companies : | | | |
| | Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd. | India | | 100% |
| | J&J Leather Enterprises Ltd. | India | | 100% |
| | Bhartiya International SEZ Ltd. | India | | 88.95% |
| | Bhartiya Fashion Retail Ltd. | India | | 100% |
| | Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Ltd. | India | | 100% |
| | World Fashion Trade Ltd. | Mauritius | | 100% |
| | Ultima S.A. | Switzerland | | 100% |
| | Ultima Italia SRL | Italy | | 100% |
| | Design Industry Ltd. | Hongkong | | 100% |
| | Design Industry China Ltd. | China | | 100% |
| ii) | Associate parties : | | | |
| | Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | India | | 37% |
| | Tada Mega Leather Cluster Pvt. Ltd. | India | | 50% |

iii) Executive Directors:

Manoj Khattar Whole-Time Director

iv) Non-Executive Directors Snehdeep Aggarwal

Robert Burton Moore Jr.

Navkiran Singh Ghei

Independent Director

Deepak Bhojwani

Independent Director

Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi

Vivek Kapur

Independent Director

v) Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Executive Directors or their relatives:

Itopia Management Services (India) Pvt. Ltd.

Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd.

vi) Trust

Bhartiya International Limited Employees Group Gratuity Scheme

Post Employment Benefit Plan

Director

| | | Rs. in Lakhs |
|--|----------|--------------|
| ticulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
| Transactions during the year with Related Parties: | | |
| 1. Sales | | |
| Ultima S.A. | - | 6.26 |
| Design Industry Ltd. | 1,270.60 | 1,963.12 |
| J&J Leather Enterprises Ltd. | - | 51.71 |
| Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | 0.50 | 3.24 |
| 2. Other Income | | |
| Ultima S.A. | 80.42 | 57.79 |
| Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd. | 0.13 | 0.78 |
| Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | 13.00 | - |
| Bhartiya Developers Consortium Pvt. Ltd. | 13.00 | - |
| 3. Purchase / Job Work | | |
| J & J Leather Enterprises Ltd. | 1,982.95 | 1,501.99 |
| Design Industries Ltd. | 13.65 | 89.30 |
| Design Industry China Ltd. | 0.04 | - |
| 4. Commission Expenses | | |
| Ultima S.A. | 742.24 | 765.50 |
| 5. Salaries | | |
| Manoj Khattar | 89.67 | 91.42 |
| 6. Lease Rent / Rent Paid | | |
| Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd. | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| J & J Leather Enterprises Ltd. | 24.00 | 24.00 |
| 7. Lease Rent Received | | |
| Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | 187.48 | 187.48 |
| Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd. | 18.00 | 18.00 |

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
|--|----------|----------|
| 8. Service Charges Paid | | |
| Bhartiya International Sez Ltd. | 54.33 | 51.55 |
| Bhartiya Fashion Retail Ltd. | | - |
| 9. Other Expenses | | |
| Itopia Management Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. | - | 0.06 |
| 10. Legal and Professional Fees | | |
| Itopia Management Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. | 0.60 | 0.60 |
| Robert Burton Moore Jr. | 105.84 | 104.81 |
| Snehdeep Aggarwal | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| J & J Leather Enterprises Ltd | 240.00 | 240.00 |
| 11. Sitting Fee | | |
| Sannovandana Machaiah Swathi | 2.61 | 2.22 |
| Navkiran Singh Ghei | 2.61 | 2.22 |
| Deepak Bhojwani | 1.39 | 0.83 |
| Vivek Kapur | 2.61 | 2.22 |
| 12. CSR Expenses | | |
| Chaman Bhartiya Foundation | 15.00 | - |
| c) Balances Outstanding at the year end: | | |
| 1. Advance Paid | | |
| Ultima S.A. | - | 11.50 |
| 2. Advance with suppliers | | |
| J & J Leather Enterprises Ltd. | 438.12 | 802.59 |
| Bhartiya International SEZ Ltd. | 119.48 | 84.04 |
| 3. Trade Receivable | | |
| Designs Industry Ltd. | 1,664.02 | 1,615.66 |
| Ultima S.A. | 352.75 | 271.11 |
| Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | - | 6.61 |
| Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd. | - | 24.36 |

Rs. in Lakhs

| iculars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
|--|----------|----------|
| 4. Security Deposit (Paid) | | |
| Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd. | 5.00 | 5.00 |
| 5. Trade Payables | | |
| Ultima Italia SRL | 329.43 | 446.82 |
| Design Industry China Ltd. | 1.00 | 0.94 |
| Design Industry Ltd. | 13.42 | |
| Ultima S.A. | 1,136.29 | 522.27 |
| 6. Expenses/Others Payables | | |
| Bhartiya Global Ventures Pvt. Ltd. | 9.87 | - |
| Snehdeep Aggarwal | 0.68 | 0.68 |
| 7. Security Deposit (Received) | | |
| Bhartiya Urban Pvt. Ltd. | 159.79 | 159.79 |
| Parushni Interior Designs Pvt. Ltd. | 1.50 | 1.50 |
| 8. Standby Letter of Credit (SBLC) Issued by Company Bankers | | |
| Ultima S.A. | 6,285.37 | 6,133.80 |
| 9. Corporate Guarantee given by Company | | |
| World Fashion Trade, Ultima Italia SRL and Ultima S.A. | 138.38 | 135.05 |

As per our report of even date attached For SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 014969N For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi Yogesh Kumar Gautam Company Secretary Partner Mem. No. 095136

Mem. No. A31119

Raj Kumar Chawla Chief Financial Officer Manoj Khattar Whole Time Director DIN: 00694981

Vivek Kapur Director DIN: 09678378

Gurugram, 29th May, 2025

Pursuant to Proviso to Sub-Section 3 of Section 129 with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 Statement containing salient features of Financial Statement of Subsidiaries/Associates

Companies/Joint Ventures

| | | | | | PART | PART-A: SUBSIDIARIES | RIES | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Name of Subsidiary | Financial Year Ended | Reporting Currency | Share Capital | Reserves & Surplus | Total Assets | Total Liabilities (excluding Share capital& Reserves & Surplus) | Investments | Turnover | Profit / Loss before Taxation | Provision for Taxation | Profit / Loss after Taxation | % of Share holding |
| | Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd. | 31st March, 2025 | INR (Lacs) | 499.90 | (116.75) | 390.10 | 6.95 | 322.68 | | (1.65) | 0.58 | (2.23) | 100.00 |
| | J&J Leather Enterprises Ltd. | 31st March, 2025 | INR (Lacs) | 207.50 | 216.13 | 1584.25 | 1160.62 | 35.00 | 2249.52 | (19.36) | 7.15 | (26.51) | 100.00 |
| | Bhartiya International SEZ Ltd. | 31st March, 2025 | INR (Lacs) | 1356.92 | (171.30) | 1324.22 | 138.60 | | 54.33 | (34.54) | 00.00 | (34.54) | 88.95 |
| | Bhartiya Fashion Retail Ltd. | 31st March, 2025 | INR (Lacs) | 50.00 | (40.68) | 96.6 | 0.64 | ٠ | | 0.26 | 00.00 | 0.26 | 100.00 |
| | Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Ltd. | 31st March, 2025 | INR (Lacs) | 5.00 | (2.75) | 2.30 | 0.05 | | | (0.29) | 00.00 | (0.29) | 100.00 |
| | Ultima S. A | 31st March, 2025 | SH | 10000000.00 | 2613502.40 | 10423191.27 | 6809688.87 | 2480930.00 | 8811707.21 | (910829.72) | 11565.30 | (922395.02) | 100.00 |
| 1.6 | Design Industry Ltd. | 31st March, 2025 | HK\$ | 100000.00 | 29271488.00 | 49835608.00 | 20464120.00 | | 86351132.00 | 938417.00 | 00.00 | 938417.00 | 100.00 |
| | Design Industry China Ltd., | 31st March, 2025 | RMB/Yuan | 200000.00 | 498130.10 | 2605183.38 | 1907053.28 | ٠ | 9430155.71 | 406486.47 | 11446.84 | 395039.63 | 100.00 |
| | Ultima Italia SRL | 31st March, 2025 | EURO | 2000000.00 | 27499.00 | 2639991.00 | 612492.00 | | 3559585.00 | 36018.52 | 31498.18 | 4520.34 | 100.00 |
| | World Fashion Trade Ltd. | 31st March, 2025 | HK\$ | 5480570.00 | (5460905.00) | 352925.00 | 333260.00 | · | 312082.00 | 162570.00 | 0.00 | 162570.00 | 100.00 |

| | CHF | HK\$ | Euro | RMB Yuan |
|--|---------|-------------|-------|----------|
| Exchange rate for Balance Sheet items (except shares capital figures which are stated at invested value) | 1 79.67 | 10.98 | 92.24 | 11.76 |
| Exchange rate for Profit and Loss | 95.39 | 95.39 10.85 | 90.4 | 11.72 |

PART-B:ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Statement pursuant to section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| Name Of Associates and Joint Ventures | Last Audited Balance Sheet Date | Share of As by the c | iare of Associate/Joint Venture he by the company as on year end | ture held ar end | Description of Significant | Share of Associate/Joint Venture held Description Reason why the by the company as on year end Sianificant venture is not | Net worth attributable to Shareholding | Profit/Loss for the Year | or the Year |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | ò | Amount of Extent of Investment in Holding Associate/Joint venture | Extent of Holding | | consolidated | as per latest audited Balance sheet | Consolidation Consolidation | Not Considered in Consolidation |
| Bhartiya Urban Private Limited | 31st March, 2024 34393260 | 34393260 | 3999.60 | | 36.77% Voting Power | | 1,091.83 | 4,815.92 | • |
| Tada Mega Leather Cluster 31st March, 2024 Pvt. Ltd. | 31st March, 2024 | 2000 | 0.05 | | 50.00% Voting Power | | (1.75) | (0.03) | - |

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Bhartiya Global Marketing Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bhartiya Global Marketing Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, its Loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report there on.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statement our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors and the Management is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, statement of changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind As") specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statement represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statement that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statement may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statement.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statement of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
 - v) The company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
 - vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated during the year for all relevant transactions recorded in that software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDL6814

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

ANNEXURE - A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025, we report that:

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company does not have any Intangible Assets and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management in a periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its business. No discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - (c) Based upon the audit procedure performed and according to the records of the Company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made there under.
- II (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of the security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- III According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments in or provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- IV According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- V The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- VI According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the business activities carried out by the company. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- VII (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31st, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- VIII There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income TaxAct, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- IX (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, as defined in the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any joint venture or associates (as defined in the Act) during the year ended 31 March, 2025.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- X (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- XI (a) No fraud by the Company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) There were no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- XII The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable
- XIII In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards
- XIV Based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an Internal Audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- XV In our opinion, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- XVI (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a),(b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- XVII The Company has incurred cash loss of Rs. 1,63,386/- during the financial year covered by our audit and Rs. 2,59,236/- during the immediately preceding financial year.

- XVIII There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XIX On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- XX The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDL6814

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

ANNEXURE - B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Bhartiya Global Marketing Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that

the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

for Sushil Poddar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDL6814

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Lakhs

| Pai | ticu | lars | | Note No. | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|-----|-------|-------|---|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| ı | Ass | ets | | | • | • |
| | 1 | Nor | n - Current Assets | | | |
| | | (a) | Property, Plant and Equipment | 2 | 1.31 | 1.31 |
| | | (b) | Investment property | 3 | 4.93 | 4.93 |
| | | (c) | Investments in subsidiaries, associate, and joint venture | 4 | 322.68 | 322.68 |
| | | (d) | Financial Assets | | | |
| | | | (i) Other Financial Assets | 5 | 0.39 | 0.39 |
| | | (e) | Deferred tax Assets (net) | | 12.60 | 13.18 |
| | 2 | Cur | rent Assets | | | |
| | | (a) | Financial Assets | | | |
| | | | (i) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 6 | 32.81 | 34.42 |
| | | | (ii) Loans | 7 | 0.28 | 0.42 |
| | | (b) | Current Tax Assets (Net) | | 0.75 | 0.69 |
| | | (c) | Other Current Assets | 8 | 14.35 | 14.35 |
| | | Tota | al Assets | | 390.10 | 392.37 |
| Ш | Equ | ity A | And Liabilities | | | |
| | 1 | Equ | ity | | | |
| | | (a) | Equity Share Capital | 9 | 499.90 | 499.90 |
| | | (b) | Other Equity | 10 | (116.75) | (114.52) |
| | 2 | Lia | bilities | | | |
| | | Nor | n - Current Liabilities | | | |
| | | (a) | Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | | | (i) Other financial Liabilities | 11 | 0.27 | 0.24 |
| | | (b) | Other non-current Liability | 12 | 4.71 | 4.73 |
| | 3 | | rent Liabilities | | | |
| | | (a) | Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | | | (i) Other financial liabilities | 13 | 1.40 | 1.56 |
| | | (b) | Provisions | 14 | 0.54 | 0.44 |
| | | (c) | Other current liabilities | 15 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| | | | al of Equity and Liabilities | | 390.10 | 392.37 |
| Ma | erial | acc | ounting policies | 1 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 014969N

For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi Partner

Mem. No. 095136

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

Manoj Khattar Director

DIN: 00694981

Vinod Kumar Sandal

Director

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| _ | • | | |
|-----|----|----|-----|
| Ks. | ın | La | khs |

| Particulars | Note No. | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Income | | | |
| Revenue from Operations | | - | - |
| Other Income | 16 | 8.55 | 8.14 |
| Total Income | | 8.55 | 8.14 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Employee Benefits Expense | 1 <i>7</i> | 7.83 | 7.47 |
| Other expenses | 18 | 2.37 | 3.27 |
| Total Expenses | | 10.20 | 10.74 |
| Profit/ (Loss) before Tax | | (1.65) | (2.60) |
| Tax expenses | 19 | | |
| i Current tax | | - | - |
| ii Deferred tax | | 0.58 | 8.05 |
| Profit / (Loss) for the year | | (2.23) | (10.65) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | - | - |
| Items that will not be Reclassified to profit or Loss | | | |
| Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans | | - | - |
| Income tax relating to above items | | | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | | (2.23) | (10.65) |
| Earnings per equity share of face value | | | |
| Basic (in Rupees) | | (0.04) | (0.21) |
| Diluted (in Rupees) | | (0.04) | (0.21) |
| Material Accounting Policies | 1 | | |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financia | l | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 014969N For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi Partner

Mem. No. 095136

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

Manoj Khattar Director

DIN: 00694981

Vinod Kumar Sandal

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Lakhs

| Par | ticulars | Note No. | Equity Capital (Rs) | |
|-----|--|----------|---------------------|--|
| a) | Equity Share Capital | 9 | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | 499.90 | |
| | Change in equity share capital during the year 2023-24 | | - | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | 499.90 | |
| | Change in equity share capital during the year 2024-25 | | - | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | 499.90 | |

| Par | ticulars | Note No. | Retained Earning (Rs) |
|-----|---|----------|-----------------------|
| b) | Other Equity | 10 | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | (103.87) |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the Year 2023-24 | | (10.65) |
| | Other Comprehensive income for the year | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | (114.52) |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the Year 2024-25 | | (2.23) |
| | Other Comprehensive income for the year | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | (116.75) |

Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 014969N

For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi Partner Mem. No. 095136

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

Manoj Khattar Director DIN: 00694981 **Vinod Kumar Sandal** Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Lakhs

| | | K3: III EGKII3 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net Profit/(Loss) before tax and exception items | (1.65) | (2.60) |
| Adjusted for: | | |
| Rental income | (1.00) | (1.00) |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | (2.65) | (3.60) |
| Movements in working capital: | | |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities | (0.16) | (0.11) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in provisions | 0.10 | 0.03 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in inventories | - | - |
| Decrease/ (increase) in current loans | 0.14 | (0.16) |
| Cash generated from operations | (2.57) | (3.84) |
| Income tax paid (Net) | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities - (A) | (2.61) | (3.85) |
| B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES | | |
| Rental income | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Net cash from/ (used in) investing activities - (B) | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities - (C) | - | - |
| Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalent (A+B+C) | (2.61) | (2.85) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Opening Balance | 34.42 | 37.27 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Closing Balance | 32.81 | 34.42 |
| | | |

Note: The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in IND AS 7 Statement of cash Flows.

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner

Mem. No. 095136

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board

Manoj Khattar Director

DIN: 00694981

Vinod Kumar Sandal

Director

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bhartiya Global Marketing Limited ('the Company'), promoted by Bhartiya international limited is a public limited company with domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Company has its registered office at New Delhi .The Company is in the business of trading of leather & textile products.

1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in Division II Ind AS Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

1.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment and Capital work in progress (including Pre-operative expenses) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost.

Depreciation is provided on straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

b) Investment Properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

Depreciation is charged on a pro-rata basis at the straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of building generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II of the Companies Act.

c) Investment In Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists permanently, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

d) Inventories

Raw materials and consumables have been valued at lower of cost or net realisable value after providing for obsolescence. Cost comprise of cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis. Cost of finished goods and work-in- progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

e) Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

f) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised when the company satisfies performance obligation by transferring promised goods and services to the customers. Performance obligations are satisfied at the point of time when the customer obtain control of asset.

Revenue is measured based on transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, stated net of discount, returns and taxes. transaction price is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of discount.

NOTES (CONTD.)

Revenue from Services

Revenue from Services is recognised in accounting period in which services are rendered.

g) Interest Income

Interest income on fixed deposits with banks is recognized/accounted on accrual basis.

Rental Income is recognised on accrual basis.

h) Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

i) **Employee Benefits**

Defined Contribution Plan

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation. The Company accounts for the gratuity liability, based upon the actuarial valuation performed in accordance with the Projected Unit Credit method carried out at the year end, by an independent actuary.

i) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian currency, which is also the company's functional currency.

Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

NOTES (CONTD.)

k) Provision and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

I) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

These include trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, fixed deposits with Banks, other financial assets and investments.

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified as measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and Measurement

These include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including Bank OD.

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

NOTES (CONTD.)

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Furniture and Fixtures | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Computer Equipment | Total |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | |
| Cost as at 31st March, 2023 | 0.81 | 0.14 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 1.41 |
| Addition | - | | | | - |
| Disposal | | | | | - |
| Cost as at 31st March, 2024 | 0.81 | 0.14 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 1.41 |
| Addition | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cost as at 31st March, 2025 | 0.81 | 0.14 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 1.41 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | 0.01 | 0.09 | - | 0.10 |
| Addition | - | | - | - | - |
| Disposal | | | | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | - | 0.01 | 0.09 | - | 0.10 |
| Addition | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | - | 0.01 | 0.09 | - | 0.10 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 0.81 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.21 | 1.31 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 0.81 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.21 | 1.31 |

3. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Land |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | |
| Cost as at 31st March, 2023 | 4.93 |
| Addition | - |
| Disposal | - |
| Cost as at 31st March, 2024 | 4.93 |
| Addition | - |
| Disposal | - |
| Cost as at 31st March, 2025 | 4.93 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | |
| Balance as at 1st March, 2023 | - |
| Addition | - |
| Disposal | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | - |
| Addition | - |
| Disposal | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | - |
| Net Carrying Amount | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 4.93 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 4.93 |
| Fair Value | |
| As at 31st March, 2024 | 465.35 |
| As at 31st March, 2025 | 458.85 |

3.1

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Rental income derived from investment properties | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income | - | - |
| Income arising from Investment Properties before Depreciation | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Depreciation | - | - |
| Income from Investment Properties (Net) | 1.00 | 1.00 |

3.2 Estimation of Fair Value

The fair valuation is based on current prices in the active market for similar properties. The main inputs used are quantum, area, location, demand, restrictive entry to the complex and trend of fair market rent in village/city area.

This valuation is based on valuations performed by an accredited independent valuer on Fair valuation is based on replacement cost method. The fair value measurement is categorised in level 2 fair value hierarchy.

| Par | ticulars | As on 31st March, 2025 | As on 31st March, 2024 |
|-------|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| A | INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES | | |
| | i. Equity Instrument at Cost (Unquoted) | | |
| | Investment in J & J Leather Enterprises Ltd, 207,500 Equity Shares (Previous Year 2,07,500 shares) of Rs. 100/- each, fully paid. | 322.68 | 322.68 |
| | | 322.68 | 322.68 |
| | gregate amount of unquoted Investments before pairment | 322.68 | 322.68 |
| Les | s: Provision for diminution in value of investment | - | - |
| | gregate amount of unquoted Investments after pairment | 322.68 | 322.68 |
| ОТН | ER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| (Uns | secured & Considered Good) | | |
| (a) S | Security and Other Deposits | 0.39 | 0.39 |
| TO | TAL | 0.39 | 0.39 |
| CAS | H AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | |
| a) B | alances with Banks | | |
| | In current accounts | 9.05 | 12.01 |
| | In term deposit | 23.35 | 21.97 |
| b) C | Cash on Hand | 0.41 | 0.44 |
| TO | TAL | 32.81 | 34.42 |
| CUR | RENT LOAN | | |
| (Uns | secured & Considered Good) | | |
| (a) l | Loan to Employee | 0.28 | 0.42 |
| TO | TAL | 0.28 | 0.42 |
| ОТН | ER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| a) N | Nat Credit Entitlement | 14.35 | 14.35 |
| TO | TAL | 14.35 | 14.35 |

| 9. S | SHARE CAPITAL | Rs. in Lakhs |
|------|---------------|--------------|
|------|---------------|--------------|

| Par | rticulars | As on 31st March, 2025 | As on 31st March, 2024 |
|------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Aut | thorised Share Capital | | |
| a) | 50,00,000 (Previous Year 50,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each. | 500.00 | 500.00 |
| | | 500.00 | 500.00 |
| Issu | ued, Subscribed & Paid up : | | |
| a) | 49,99,020 (Previous Year 49,99,020) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, Fully Paid Up. | 499.90 | 499.90 |
| то | TAL | 499.90 | 499.90 |

9.1 Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2025 Amount (Rs.) | As at 31st March, 2024 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2024 Amount (Rs.) |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 49,99,020 | 499.90 | 49,99,020 | 499.90 |
| Shares issued during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 49,99,020 | 499.90 | 49,99,020 | 499.90 |

9.2 The details of Shareholders holding more than 5%

| Promoters Group | As at | As at | As at | As at |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 | 31st March, 2024 |
| | No. of Shares | % of Holding | No. of Shares | % of Holding |
| (a) Bhartiya International Ltd. | 49,99,020 | 100 | 49,99,020 | 100 |

9.3 Shares held by holding company and subsidiaries of holding company in aggregate:

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2024 No. of Shares |
|---|--|--|
| (a) Shares held by holding company, Bhartiya International Ltd. | 49,99,020 | 49,99,020 |

- 9.4 The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par values of Rs. 10/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company in proportion of the number of equity share held by the shareholders.
- 9.5 Shares held by promoter as at 31st March, 2025:

| Promoter Name | No.of shares at the beginning of the year | | No. of shares at the end of the year | % of Total Shares | % Change during the year |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Bhartiya International Ltd. | 49,99,020 | - | 49,99,020 | 100 | - |

| 10. | OTHER EQUITY | Rs. in Lakhs |
|-----|--------------|----------------|
| 10. | OTHER EQUIT | KS. III LUKIIS |

| P | Particulars | Retained Earning | Total |
|--------|--|------------------|----------|
| В | Galance as at 31st March, 2023 | (103.87) | (103.87) |
| Р | rofit for the year | (10.65) | (10.65) |
| C | Other comprehensive income for the year | - | - |
| В | Salance as at 31st March, 2024 | (114.52) | (114.52) |
| Р | rofit for the year | (2.23) | (2.23) |
| C | Other comprehensive income for the quarter ended | - | - |
| В | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | (116.75) | (116.75) |
| 11. 0 | THER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | |
| (0 | a) Security Deposit with Related Parties | 0.27 | 0.24 |
| Т | TOTAL | 0.27 | 0.24 |
| 12. 0 | THER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| (0 | a) Advance Lease Rent | 4.71 | 4.73 |
| Т | TOTAL | 4.71 | 4.73 |
| 13. 0 | THER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | |
| (0 | a) Due to Employee | 0.40 | 0.51 |
| (1 | b) Expenses Payable | 0.44 | 0.49 |
| (0 | c) Statutory Dues Payable | 0.56 | 0.56 |
| T | TOTAL | 1.40 | 1.56 |
| 14. PI | ROVISIONS | | |
| (0 | a) Provision for Employees Benefits | 0.54 | 0.44 |
| т | TOTAL | 0.54 | 0.44 |
| 15. O | THER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| (0 | a) Advance Lease Rent | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| т | OTAL | 0.03 | 0.02 |

| Rs. in Lakhs |
|--------------|
| |

| | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | (a) Interest on | | |
| | - Income Tax Refund | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| | - Bank Deposit | 1.53 | 1.11 |
| | (b) Rental Income | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| | (c) Services Charges | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| | TOTAL | 8.55 | 8.14 |
| 1 <i>7</i> . | EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES | | |
| | (a) Salary & Allowances | 7.36 | 7.01 |
| | (b) Contribution to Provident & Other Fund | 0.47 | 0.46 |
| | TOTAL | 7.83 | 7.47 |
| 18. | OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| | (a) Professional Charges | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| | (b) Power & Fuel | 1.65 | 1.67 |
| | (c) Bank Charges | - | 0.80 |
| | (d) Auditors Remuneration | 0.40 | 0.40 |
| | (e) Rates & Taxes | 0.17 | 0.25 |
| | TOTAL | 2.37 | 3.27 |
| 19. | TAX EXPENSES | | |
| | I) Current Tax | | |
| | (a) Current Tax on taxable income for the year | - | - |
| | II) Deferred Tax | | |
| | (a) Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences | 0.58 | 8.05 |
| | | 0.58 | 8.05 |
| | Effective Income Tax Rate | -35.15% | -309.62% |

19.1 A reconciliation of the income tax expenses to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the profit before income taxes is summarized below:

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Accounting profit before tax | (1.65) | (2.60) |
| Statutory income tax rate | 26.00% | 26.00% |
| Computed tax expenses | (0.43) | (0.68) |
| Tax in respect of earlier years | 1.01 | 8.05 |
| Due to change in tax rate | - | - |
| Permanent tax difference | - | 0.68 |
| Income tax charge to statement of profit and loss account | 0.58 | 8.05 |
| 2 Deferred Tax Assets /(Liability) | | |
| Opening balance | 13.18 | 21.23 |
| Add: Difference in books value and written down value as per income tax | - | - |
| Add: Carry forward losses for current year | (0.58) | (8.05) |
| Add: Effect of Change in tax rate | - | - |
| Closing balance | 12.60 | 13.18 |

20.1 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES: NIL

- 20.2 Investment include 600 equity shares of the value of Rs.72,120/- in M/s J & J Leather Enterprises Ltd. held in the name of six nominees of the company.
- 22.3 Related Party Disclosures as per Ind AS 24:-

Particulars

i) Holding Company

Bhartiya International Ltd

ii) Subsidiary Company

J&J Leather Enterprises Ltd.

iii) Key Management Personnel

Directors

Manoj Khattar

Ashok Kumar Gadhok

| iv) | Transactions during the year with related parties | | Rs. in Lakhs 2023-24 | | |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | | |
| 1 | Lease Rent Received | | | | |
| | Bhartiya International Ltd | 1.00 | 1.00 | | |
| 2 | Consultancy Received | | | | |
| | J & J Leather Enterprises Ltd | 6.00 | 6.00 | | |
| vi) | Balances Outstanding at the year end: | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | | |
| 1 | Security Deposit Received | | | | |
| | Bhartiya International Ltd | 5.00 | 5.00 | | |
| 20.4 Earning | g Per Share (EPS) | | 2023-24 5.00 Year Ended | | |
| Parti | iculars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 | | |
| a) Ne | t Profit/(loss) for the year | (2.23) | (10.65) | | |
| b) We | eighted Average Shares Outstanding during the year | 49,99,020 | 49,99,020 | | |
| c) Bas | ic/Diluted earnings per share | (0.04) | (0.21) | | |
| 20.5 Auditor | r's Remuneration | | | | |
| Audit | Fees | 0.40 | 0.40 | | |
| | vee Benefits Plans | | | | |
| The def | tails of various employee benefits provided to employees are a | ıs under: | | | |
| a) Define | ed Contribution Plans | | | | |
| Partic | culars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 | | |
| | of amount recognised as expense for defined contribution is given below: | | | | |
| a) Prov | vident fund* | 0.47 | 0.46 | | |

Rs. in Lakhs

b) Defined benefit Plans

The Defined benefit plan of the Company includes entitlement of gratuity for each year of service until the retirement age.

i) The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

| Principal Assumptions | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Discount rate | 6.55% | 6.95% | |
| Salary increase rate | 5.00% | 5.00% | |
| In service mortality | IALM (2012-14) | IALM (2012-14) | |

ii) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

| | Particulars | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Current Services Cost | 0.14 | 0.13 |
| | Net Interest Expenses | 0.14 | 0.12 |
| | Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or Loss | 0.28 | 0.25 |
| | Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: | - | - |
| | Actuarial (gains)/ losses on obligation for the year | (0.04) | 0.10 |
| | Net(Income)/Expenses for the year ended recognized in OCI | (0.04) | 0.10 |
| iii) | The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the er obligation | ntity's obligation in respec | ct of its defined benefit |
| | Present Value of defined benefit obligation | 2.30 | 2.06 |
| | Fair Value of Plan Asset | 3.56 | 3.56 |
| | Net Liability/(Asset) arising from defined benefit obligation | (1.26) | (1.50) |
| iv) | Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation | n are as follows: | |
| | Opening defined obligation | 2.06 | 1.71 |
| | Current Service Cost | 0.14 | 0.13 |
| | Interest Cost | 0.14 | 0.12 |
| | Actuarial (gains)/ losses | (0.04) | 0.10 |
| | Closing defined benefit obligation | 2.30 | 2.06 |
| v) | Movements in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows: | | |
| | Opening fair Value of Plan assets * | 3.56 | 3.56 |
| | Return on plan assets excluding interest income | - | - |
| | Closing Fair Value of Plan Assets | 3.56 | 3.56 |

* Fund Managed by the Approved Insurance Company

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | Grat | uity |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Investment | 75.39% | 75.39% |

Sensitivity Analysis

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2025 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase effect | Decrease effect |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 0.5% on Defined benefit obligations | 2.21 | 2.40 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 0.5% on Defined benefit obligations | 2.40 | 2.21 |

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2024 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase effect | Decrease effect |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | 1.97 | 2.16 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | 2.16 | 1.97 |

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined on the basis of actuarial certificate.

20.7 Assets given on lease

The company has given assets under operating lease agreement. Future minimum lease payments under non cancellable operating leases in the aggregate and for each of the following year.

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| Not later than one year | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Later than one year and not later than five years | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| Later than five years | 28.00 | 29.00 |

20.8 Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset and paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, short term loan, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other current financial liabilities: approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques.

The following is the basis for categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | A | s at 31st March | , 2025 | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|
| | Carrying Amount | Level | of input used in | 1 |
| | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 32.81 | - | - | 32.81 |
| Loan | 0.28 | - | - | 0.28 |
| Other Financial Assets | 0.39 | | | 0.39 |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 1.67 | - | - | 1.67 |
| Particulars | A | s at 31st March | , 2024 | |
| | Carrying Amount | Level | of input used in | 1 |
| | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Cash & cash equivalents | 34.42 | - | - | 34.42 |
| Other financial assets | 0.39 | - | - | 0.39 |
| Loan | 0.42 | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 1.80 | - | - | 1.80 |

^{20.9} Information with regard to the additional information and other disclosures to be disclosed by way of notes to Statement of profit and loss as specified in Schedule III to the Act is either 'nil' or ' not applicable ' to the Company for the year.

20.10Financial Risk Management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk, principally consist of balance with banks, investments in debt instruments/bonds, trade receivables, loans and advances. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentrations of credit risks.

Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The surplus funds with the Company and operational cash flows will be sufficient to dispose the financial liabilities within the maturity period.

Maturity Profile of Financial Liabilities

Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars | | As at 31st March, 2025 | | |
|---------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------|-------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Other Current Liabilities | 1.40 | - | 0.27 | 1.67 |

| Particulars | | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
|---------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------|-------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Other Current Liabilities | 1.56 | _ | 0.24 | 1.80 |

20.11 Ratios

| Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | Current Period | Previous Period | % of Variance | Reason for Variance |
|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Current Ratio | Current Assets | Current Liabilities | 24.46 | 24.70 | -0.97% | |
| Return on Equity | Net Profits after taxes | Average Shareholder Equity | (0.004) | (0.007) | -63.02% | Reduce the loss in currect year |

20.12 Satisfaction of charge with ROC of Rs. 4.55 crore of IDBI Bank is Pending due to some document issues.

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 014969N For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner

Mem. No. 095136

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025

Manoj Khattar Director

DIN: 00694981

Vinod Kumar Sandal

Director

DIN: 09792105

AOC-1

Pursuant to Proviso to Sub-Section 3 of Section 129 with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 Statement containing salient features of Financial Statement of Subsidiaries/Associates Companies/Joint Ventures

PART-A: SUBSIDIARIES

| | | | | | | | | | | | Rs. in Thousand | nsand |
|--|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Name of Subsidiary | Financial Year Reporting Share Ended Currency Capital | Reporting Currency | Share Capital | Reserves & Surplus | Total Assets | Reserves Total Assets Total Liabilities Investments & Surplus (excluding Share capital & Reserves & Surplus) | Investments | Turnover | Profit / Loss before Taxation | Profit / Provision Profit / % of Loss before for Taxation Laxation holding | Profit / Loss after Taxation | % of Share holding |
| J&J Leather Enterprises Ltd. 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2025 | Indian Rupees | Indian 20750.00 Rupees | 21612.93 | 21612.93 158424.81 | 116061.88 | 3500.00 | 224951.61 | (19.35.51) | 3500.00 224951.61 (19.35.51) (714.77) (2650.28) 100.00 | (2650.28) | 100.00 |

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
J&J LEATHER ENTERPRISES LTD.
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of J&J LEATHER ENTERPRISES LTD. ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31stMarch, 2025, and the statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, and Loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

Responsibility of Management for Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("The Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. (A) As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in paragraph 2(C)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of cash flow dealt with by this dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act
 - f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in

- the paragraph 2(A)(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2(C)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (B) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16) of the Act, as amended , we report that:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March, 2025 has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (C) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts requiring provision for any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.
 - (iv) (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
 - (v) The Company has not proposed, declared or paid any dividend during the year.
 - (vi) The reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023.

Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software and except for records of Property plant and equipment, Payroll and Inventories which were maintained separately.

Further during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

Additionally, the audit trail (edit log) facility, has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention with effect from 30th March, 2022, the date on which the audit trail was enabled.

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujam

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 002510S

N. Ramani

Partner Mem No. 022438

UDIN: 25022438BMMLNY6336

Chennai, 28th May, 2025

ANNEXURE- A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph number 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the members of J&J LEATHER ENTERPRISES LTD. on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025)

- (i) (a) On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:
 - (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;
 - (b) These Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were observed by the management on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
 - (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) According to information and explanation given to us and in our opinion, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management. In our opinion the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and discrepancies noticed were not in excess of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
 - (b) The company does not have any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, during the year the company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence, the clause (iii) is not applicable to the company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company's investment complies with the provisions of section 186 of the Act. The Company has not granted any loans nor extended any guarantees nor provided any securities covered under provisions of section 185 or section 186 of the Act.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified. Hence reporting under the clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products manufactured by the company (and/ or services provided by it). Accordingly, reporting under the clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of records examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has been regular in depositing with the appropriate authorities the undisputed statutory dues in the case of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-Tax, Goods & Services Tax, and any other material statutory dues applicable to it. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, Employees' state insurance, Income tax, and any other statutory dues applicable to it, not deposited on account of any dispute with the appropriate authorities
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination, there are no transactions not recorded in the books of account, which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the term loans have been applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) According to information and explanations given to us, the procedures performed by us and on the basis of our overall examination of financial statements, prima facie no funds raised on short term basis have been utilised for long term purposes.
 - (e) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Hence, provisions of clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order, are not applicable.
 - (f) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Hence, provisions of clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order, are not applicable.
- (x) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Company, no material fraud by the company or any fraud on the company by its officers and employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented by the management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company, hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) The Company is not required to appoint an Internal Auditor under Section 138 of the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, the reporting under clause xiv (a) and (b) is not applicable to the company at present.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination, and in our opinion, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of Section 192 of Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination, the company has not conducted any Non- Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities and accordingly provisions of clause 3(xvi) (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and hence provisions of clause 3(xvi)(c) and (d) of the Order, are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) On the basis of our overall examination of the financial statements, the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xviii) is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are not applicable to the Company at present. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xx) (a) and (b) are not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of this financial statement. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujam

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 002510S

N. Ramani

Partner Mem No. 022438

UDIN: 25022438BMMLNY6336

Chennai, 28th May, 2025

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the members of J&J LEATHER ENTERPRISES LTD. on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Section 143(3) of the Act.

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of J&J LEATHER ENTERPRISES LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- 1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company.
- 2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- 3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujam

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 002510S

N. Ramani

Partner Mem No. 022438

UDIN: 25022438BMMLNY6336

Chennai, 28th May, 2025

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Partic | :ulars | Note | As at | As at |
|---------|---|------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Ι Δ | ssets | No. | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| 1 | | | | |
| | (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 2 | 79,295.49 | 86,411.59 |
| | (b) Capital Work-In-Progress | _ | 2,377.46 | 00,411.07 |
| | (c) Other Intangible Assets | 3 | 140.34 | 140.34 |
| | (d) Right to use Assets | 4 | 11,865.88 | 14,394.10 |
| | (e) Financial Assets | 7 | 11/000100 | 14,074.10 |
| | (i) Investment | 5 | 3,500.00 | 3,500.00 |
| | (ii) Other Financial Assets | 6 | 7,571.59 | 7,072.49 |
| | (f) Deferred tax assets (net) | 22 | - 7,07 1.07 | 106.42 |
| | (g) Other Non Current Assets | 7 | 761.06 | 876.15 |
| | (h) Non-Current Tax Assets (net) | , | 4,104.85 | 3,742.70 |
| 2 | | | 1,101.00 | 0,7 .=.7 0 |
| _ | (a) Inventories | 8 | 27,473.07 | 31,961.21 |
| | (b) Financial Assets | - | , | |
| | (i) Trade Receivables | 9 | 18.47 | 253.45 |
| | (ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 10 | 1,083.83 | 848.61 |
| | (iii) Loans | 11 | 886.95 | 424.00 |
| | (iv) Others Financial Assets | 12 | | - |
| | (c) Current Tax Assets (net) | | | |
| | (d) Other Current Assets | 12 | 19,345.82 | 24,074.95 |
| | Total Assets | | 1,58,424.81 | 1,73,806.01 |
| II Ec | quity And Liabilities | | | |
| 1 | · _ · · | | | |
| | (a) Equity Share Capital | 13 | 20,750.00 | 20,750.00 |
| | (b) Other Equity | 14 | 21,612.93 | 25,453.91 |
| 2 | Liabilities | | | |
| | Non - current Liabilities | | | |
| | (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | (i) Borrowings | 15 | 658.47 | 844.09 |
| | (ii) Lease Liability | | 13,374.28 | 16,139.11 |
| | (b) Provisions | 16 | 8,539.52 | 6,410.23 |
| | (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) | 22 | 190.00 | - |
| 3 | | | | |
| | (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | (i) Borrowings | 1 <i>7</i> | 177.96 | 174.79 |
| | (ii) Trade payables | 18 | | |
| | Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises | | 21,362.36 | 10,350.58 |
| | and small enterprises | | | 0 077 71 |
| | Total outstanding dues of creditors other than | | 1 <i>7,</i> 553.44 | 3,277.71 |
| | micro enterprises and small enterprises | | 2 474 01 | 2 214 57 |
| | (iii) Lease Liability (iv) Other financial liabilities | 19 | 2,676.01 | 2,316.57 |
| | | 20 | 3,065.50 | 2,741.18 |
| | (c) Provisions | 20 | 3,110.20 | 3,469.51 |
| | (d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net) (e) Other Current Liabilities | 21 | 45,354.14 | 81,878.33 |
| | | ۷ ۱ | 1,58,424.81 | 1,73,806.01 |
| | Total of Faulty and Liabilities | | | |
| Matoria | Total of Equity and Liabilities al accounting policies | 1 | 1,30,424.01 | 1,/3,000.01 |

As per our report of even date attached

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujan

Firm Registration No. 002510S Chartered Accountants

N. Ramani Partner Mem. No. 022438

Chennai, 28th May, 2025

Amrishpal Singh Managing Director DIN: 02735647 Manoj Khattar Director DIN: 00694981

For and an behalf of the Board

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | | | Rs. in Thousand |
|---|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | Note No. | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Income | | | |
| Revenue from Operations | 23 | 2,24,951.61 | 1,79,997.88 |
| Other Income | 24 | 3,008.95 | 3,213.93 |
| Total Income | | 2,27,960.56 | 1,83,211.81 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Cost of Material Consumed | 25 | 31,364.54 | 5,376.38 |
| Manufacturing & Operating Expenses | 26 | 1,18,342.07 | 1,03,826.45 |
| Employee Benefits Expense | 27 | 47,405.54 | 42,667.51 |
| Finance Costs | 28 | 1,764.07 | 1,876.88 |
| Depreciation and Amortisation Expense | 29 | 10,110.41 | 10,099.42 |
| Other Expenses | 30 | 20,909.44 | 21,372.54 |
| Total Expenses | | 2,29,896.07 | 1,85,219.18 |
| Profit/ (Loss) before Tax | | (1,935.51) | (2,007.37) |
| Tax expenses | 31 | | |
| i Current Tax | | - | - |
| ii Deferred tax | | 714.77 | (424.57) |
| Profit / (Loss) for the year | | (2,650.28) | (1,582.80) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Items that will not be Reclassified to profit or Loss | | | |
| - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans | | (1,609.05) | (740.47) |
| - Income tax relating to above items | | 418.35 | 192.52 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | | (3,840.98) | (2,130.75) |
| Earnings per equity share of face value of Rs 10/- | each | | |

Basic (in Rupees)

Diluted (in Rupees)

Material Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujan

Firm Registration No. 002510S Chartered Accountants

N. Ramani Partner Mem. No. 022438 Chennai, 28th May, 2025 **Amrishpal Singh** Managing Director DIN: 02735647

Manoj Khattar Director DIN: 00694981

For and an behalf of the Board

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Thousand

| Pa | rticulars | Equity Capital |
|----|--|----------------|
| a) | Equity share Capital (Refer Note-13) | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 20,750.00 |
| | Change in equity share capital during the year 2022-23 | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 20,750.00 |
| | Change in equity share capital during the year 2023-24 | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 20,750.00 |

| Pa | rticulars | | Reserve | and Surplus | i | Total |
|----|---|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|------------|
| | | Securities Premium | Capital Reserve | Retained Earning | Other Comprehensive Income (Defined Benefit Plans) | |
| b) | Other Equity (Refer Note -14) | | | | | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 8,992.50 | 4,621.28 | 13,022.45 | 948.43 | 27,584.66 |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the year | | | (1,582.80) | | (1,582.80) |
| | Other comprehensive income (Net of Taxes) | | | | (547.95) | (547.95) |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 8,992.50 | 4,621.28 | 11,439.65 | 400.48 | 25,453.91 |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the year | | | (2,650.28) | | (2,650.28) |
| | Other comprehensive income (Net of Taxes) | | | | (1,190.70) | (1,190.70) |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 8,992.50 | 4,621.28 | 8,789.37 | (790.22) | 21,612.93 |

As per our report of even date attached

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujan

Firm Registration No. 002510S Chartered Accountants For and an behalf of the Board

N. Ramani Partner Mem. No. 022438 Chennai, 28th May, 2025 **Amrishpal Singh** Managing Director DIN: 02735647 Manoj Khattar Director DIN: 00694981

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | | Rs. in Thousand |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax as per statement of Profit and loss | (1,935.51) | (2,007.37) |
| Adjustment for : | | |
| Finance Cost | 1,764.07 | 1,876.88 |
| Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 10,110.41 | 10,099.42 |
| Rental Income | (2,400.00) | (2,400.00) |
| Operating profit/(loss) before Working Capital Changes | 7,538.97 | 7,568.93 |
| Movements in Working Capital: | | |
| Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables | 25,287.51 | (3,697.09) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities | 324.32 | 261.00 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities | (36,524.19) | (18,494.61) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in provisions | 160.93 | 1,441.74 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in inventories | 4,488.14 | (85.97) |
| Decrease/ (increase) trade receivables | 234.98 | 13,345.19 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in loan and advances | (462.95) | (94.00) |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets | 4,729.13 | 6,311.04 |
| Decrease/ (increase) in other Non-current assets | (384.01) | (238.80) |
| Cash (used in) / generated from operations | (2,146.14) | (1,251.50) |
| Income tax paid (Net) | (362.14) | 2,245.65 |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities - (A) | 5,030.69 | 8,563.08 |
| B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Purchase of fixed assets | (2,843.56) | (2,885.55) |
| Rental Income | 2,400.00 | 2,400.00 |
| Net cash from/ (used in) investing activities - (B) C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (443.56) | (485.55) |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings (net) | (182.45) | (4,016.72) |
| Interest and processing fees paid (net) | (182.91) | (103.31) |
| Payment of Lease Rent | (3,986.55) | (3,825.00) |
| Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities - (C) | (4,351.91) | (7,945.03) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C) | 235.22 | 132.50 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year | 848.61 | 716.11 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 1,083.83 | 848.61 |
| Components of cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Cash on hand | 583.81 | 330.17 |
| Balances with scheduled banks: | | |
| In current accounts | 500.02 | 518.44 |
| Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement | 1,083.83 | 848.61 |

The Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard - 7 ('Ind AS 7') on Cash Flow Statement prescribed in Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report of even date attached

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujan

For and an behalf of the Board

Firm Registration No. 002510S Chartered Accountants

N. RamaniAmrishpal SinghManoj KhattarPartnerManaging DirectorDirectorMem. No. 022438DIN: 02735647DIN: 00694981

Chennai, 28th May, 2025

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1 Material Accounting Policies

1.1 Corporate Information

J&J Leather Enterprises Limited ('the Company') is a public limited company with domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Company has its registered office at Chennai .The Company is in the business of job work/processing of leather.

1.2 Basis of Preparation

The company has assessed the materiality of the accounting policy information which involves exercising judgements and considering both qualitative and quantitative factors by taking into account not only the size and nature of the item or condition but also the characteristics of the transactions, events or conditions that could make the information more likely to impact the decisions of the users of the financial statements.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments and defined benefit plans which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

1.3 Current and Non Current classification

Current Versus Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

1.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and non refundable taxes, assets retirement obligation and costs directly attributable towards bringing the assets to its working condition for intended use. Any trade discount and rebate are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is provided on straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

1.5 Capital Work-In-Progress

Capital WIP is carried at cost and directly attributable expenditure during the period which is allocated to the property, plant and equipment on the completion (of the project).

1.6 Lease

Effective from 1st April, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 – Leases and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing as on 1st April, 2019 using the modified retrospective method on the date of initial application i.e. 1st April, 2019.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a Lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(i) Right-of-use Assets (ROU Assets)

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

(ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

(iii) Short-Term Leases and Leases of Low-Value Assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

1.7 Inventories

Raw materials and consumables have been valued after providing for obsolescence. Cost comprise of cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis. Finished goods, raw material and consumables are value at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of material, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

1.8 Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

1.9 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised when the Company satisfies performance obligation by transferring promised goods and services to the customer. Performance obligations are satisfied at the point of time when the customer obtains controls of the asset.

Revenue is measured based on transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, stated net of discounts, returns and taxes. Transaction price is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of discount.

Revenue from Job Work/ Services

Revenue from Job work/ services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

Revenue from Sale

Revenue from contract with customers is recognised when the Company satisfies performance obligation by transferring promised goods and services to the customer. Performance obligations are satisfied at the point of time when the customer obtains controls of the asset.

Interest Income

Interest income on fixed deposits with banks is recognized/accounted on accrual basis.

1.10 Manufacturing and Operating Expenses

The Company classifies separately manufacturing and operating expenses which are directly linked to manufacturing and service activities of the Company

1.11 Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

1.12 Provision and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

1.13 Earning Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.14 Employee Benefits

Short-Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

Defined Contribution Plan

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation. The Company accounts for the gratuity liability, based upon the actuarial valuation performed in accordance with the Projected Unit Credit method carried out at the year end, by an independent actuary. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur in Other Comprehensive Income.

1.15 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

These include trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, fixed deposits with Banks, other financial assets and investments.

Financial Assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial Assets are subsequently classified as measured at

amortised cost

- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of Financial Assets other than those measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL). Expected Credit Losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument). For Trade Receivables the Company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For other assets, the Company uses 12 month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used

Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and Measurement

These include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including Bank OD.

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

1.16 Intangible Assets

On transition to IND AS, the company has adopted optional exemption under IND AS 101 to measure Intangible assets at previous GAAP carrying value. Consequently the previous GAAP carrying value has been assumed to be deemed cost of Intangible assets on the date of transition. Subsequently intangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization and impairments, if any. Cost comprises of purchase price and directly attributable cost of acquisition/bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Amortisation Method and Useful Life

The Company amortizes its intangible assets using the straight-line method over the period of 3 years.

1.17 Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian currency, which is also the company's functional currency.

Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

1.18 Government Grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to Profit and Loss on a straight - line basis over the expected lives of related assets and presented within other income.

1.19 Impairment of Assets

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each reporting date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal and external factors.

An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as an income immediately.

1.20 Recent accounting pronouncements

- (i) Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS 117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind As 116 Leases, relating to sale and lease back transactions, applicable from April 1, 2024. The Company has assessed that there is no significant impact on its financial statements.
- (ii) On May 9, 2025, MCA notifies the amendments to Ind AS 21 Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates. These amendments aim to provide clearer guidance on assessing currency exchangeability and estimating exchange rates when currencies are not readily exchangeable. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2025. The Company has assessed that there is no significant impact on its financial statements.

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS

| Particulars | LAND | | | OTHER TH | IAN LAND | | | Total |
|---|----------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | Freehold | Buildings | Plant and Equipment | Furniture and Fixtures | Vehicles | | Computer Equipment | |
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 2,752.99 | 45,909.02 | 77,946.40 | 1,192.03 | 1,386.47 | 2,842.92 | 1,118.98 | 1,33,148.81 |
| Addition | - | 1,209.75 | 456.90 | 160.30 | 1,530.44 | 481.94 | 65.68 | 3,905.01 |
| Disposal | - | - | - | | 1,378.59 | - | - | 1,378.59 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 2,752.99 | 47,118.77 | 78,403.30 | 1,352.33 | 1,538.32 | 3,324.86 | 1,184.66 | 1,35,675.23 |
| Addition | - | - | 115.70 | 24.86 | | 158.05 | 167.49 | 466.10 |
| Disposal | | | | | | | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 2,752.99 | 47,118.77 | 78,519.00 | 1,377.19 | 1,538.32 | 3,482.91 | 1,352.15 | 1,36,141.33 |
| Accumulated Depreciation and impairment | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | 8,852.02 | 29,723.36 | 635.44 | 250.49 | 1,738.78 | 851.49 | 42,051.58 |
| Addition | | 2,211.44 | 4,744.39 | 115.85 | 138.57 | 266.95 | 94.00 | 7,571.20 |
| Disposal | - | - | - | - | 359.14 | - | - | 359.14 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | - | 11,063.46 | 34,467.75 | 751.29 | 29.92 | 2,005.73 | 945.49 | 49,263.64 |
| Addition | | 2,240.46 | 4,655.82 | 125.29 | 181.68 | 260.76 | 118.19 | 7,582.20 |
| Disposal | | | | | | | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | - | 13,303.92 | 39,123.57 | 876.58 | 211.60 | 2,266.49 | 1,063.68 | 56,845.84 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 2,752.99 | 36,055.31 | 43,935.55 | 601.04 | 1,508.40 | 1,319.13 | 239.17 | 86,411.59 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 2,752.99 | 33,814.85 | 39,395.43 | 500.61 | 1,326.72 | 1,216.42 | 288.47 | 79,295.49 |

2.1 CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

Balance as at 31st March, 2024

Balance as at 31st March, 2025 2,377.46

2.2 AGEING OF CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS AGEING

| Particulars | | Amount in | CWIP for a p | eriod of | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|----------|
| | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 Year | 2-3 Year | More than 3 Year | Total |
| 31-Mar-25 | | | | | |
| Projects in Process | - | - | - | - | - |
| 31-Mar-24 | | | | | |
| Projects in Process | 2,377.46 | - | - | - | 2,377.46 |

3. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | Computer Software | Total |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 2,354.81 | 2,354.81 |
| Addition | | - |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 2,354.81 | 2,354.81 |
| Addition | | - |
| Disposal | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 2,354.81 | 2,354.81 |
| Amortization | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 2,214.47 | 2,214.47 |
| Addition | - | - |
| Disposal | - | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 2,214.47 | 2,214.47 |
| Addition | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 2,214.47 | 2,214.47 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 140.34 | 140.34 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 140.34 | 140.34 |

4. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

| Particulars | Building | Total |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 25,282.16 | 25,282.16 |
| Addition | - | - |
| Disposal | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 25,282.16 | 25,282.16 |
| Addition | | |
| Disposal | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 25,282.16 | 25,282.16 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 8,359.84 | 8,359.84 |
| Addition | 2,528.22 | 2,528.22 |
| Disposal | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 10,888.06 | 10,888.06 |
| Addition | 2,528.22 | 2,528.22 |
| Disposal | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 13,416.28 | 13,416.28 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 14,394.10 | 14,394.10 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 11,865.88 | 11,865.88 |

| INVESTMENT IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS | | | Rs. in | Thousand |
|---|----------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Particulars | 31st Mc | As at irch, 2025 | 31st Ma | As at rch, 2024 |
| | Share (No.) | Amount | Share (No.) | Amount |
| A Investments in Equity Instrument (Unquoted) | | | | |
| At Fair Value through Profit and Loss | | | | |
| i) Pallavaram Tanners Industrial Effluent Treatment Co. Ltd. | 31,525 | 3,500.00 | 31,525 | 3,500.00 |
| | | 3,500.00 | | 3,500.00 |
| Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments | | 3,500.00 | | 3,500.00 |
| Aggregate amount of impairment in value of Unquoted Investments | | - | | - |
| OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS Particulars | | As at | | As at |
| Puriculars | 31st Mo | arch, 2025 | 31st Mai | |
| (Unsecured & Considered Good) | | | | |
| (a) Security and Other Deposits | | 7,571.59 | | 7,072.49 |
| TOTAL | | 7,571.59 | | 7,072.49 |
| OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| (a) Prepayment Lease Rent | | 761.06 | | 876.15 |
| TOTAL | | 761.06 | | 876.15 |
| INVENTORIES | | | | |
| (Valued at Lower of cost and net realisable value) | | | | |
| (a) Consumable Stores | | 279.25 | | 285.73 |
| (b) Raw Material | | 27,193.82 | | 31,675.48 |
| TOTAL | | 27,473.07 | - | 31,961.21 |
| TRADE RECEIVABLES | | | | |
| a) Trade Receivable | | 18.47 | | 253.45 |
| TOTAL | | 18.47 | | 253.45 |
| | | | | |

Rs. in Thousand Trade receivable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2025

| Particulars | Out | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | Total | |
|--|-----------------------|--|----------------|-------------|----------------------|-------|
| | Less than 6 months | | 1 - 2 years | 2 - 3 years | More than 3 years | |
| (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good | 18.47 | - | - | - | | 18.47 |

Trade receivable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2024

| Particulars | Out | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | Total |
|--|---|--|--|--------|---|--------|
| | Less than 6 1 - 2 2 - 3 years More than 3 years -1 year | | | | | |
| (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good | 62.29 | | | 191.16 | - | 253.45 |

10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Balances with Banks | | |
| - In current accounts | 500.02 | 518.44 |
| b) Cash on Hand | 583.81 | 330.17 |
| TOTAL | 1,083.83 | 848.61 |
| 11. CURRENT LOAN | | |
| (Unsecured & Considered Good) | | |
| (a) Advance to Employees | 886.95 | 424.00 |
| TOTAL | 886.95 | 424.00 |
| 12. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| a) Advances with suppliers | 33.14 | 10.54 |
| b) Prepaid Expenses | 1,168.19 | 1,152.04 |
| c) GST Receivable | 18,137.29 | 22,905.17 |
| d) Other Advances | 7.20 | 7.20 |
| TOTAL | 19,345.82 | 24,074.95 |

13. SHARE CAPITAL

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Authorised Share Capital | | |
| 3,00,000 (31st March,2024: 300,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each | 30,000.00 | 30,000.00 |
| | 30,000.00 | 30,000.00 |
| Issued, Subscribed & Paid up: | | |
| 2,07,500 (31st March,2024: 207,500) Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each | 20,750.00 | 20,750.00 |
| TOTAL | 20,750.00 | 20,750.00 |

13.1 Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

| Particulars | As at 31st Ma | rch, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| | No. of Shares | Amount | No. of Shares | Amount | |
| Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 2,07,500 | 20,750.00 | 2,07,500 | 20,750.00 | |
| Shares Issued during the year | - | - | - | - | |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 2,07,500 | 20,750.00 | 2,07,500 | 20,750.00 | |

- 13.2 The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 100/- per equity share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per shares. In the event of Liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity share will be entitled to receive assets of the Company in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
- 13.3 The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

| Name of the share holders | As at 31st March, 2025 | | As at 31st Mai | rch, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | No. of Shares | % of Holding | No. of Shares | % of Holding |
| Bhartiya Global Marketing Limited | 2,07,500 | 100.00 | 2,07,500 | 100.00 |

13.4 Shares Held By holding company and subsidiaries of holding company in aggregate

| Particulars | As at | As at |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | |
| | No. of Shares | No. of Shares |
| Shares held by holding company, Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd. | 2,07,500 | 2,07,500 |

14. OTHER EQUITY

| Particulars | Securities Premium | Capital Reserve | Retained Earning | Other Comprehensive Income (Defined Benefit Plans) | Total |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|------------|
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 8,992.50 | 4,621.28 | 13,022.45 | 948.43 | 27,584.66 |
| Profit for the year | | | (1,582.80) | | (1,582.80) |
| Other comprehensive income (Net of Taxes) | | | | (547.95) | (547.95) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 8,992.50 | 4,621.28 | 11,439.65 | 400.48 | 25,453.91 |
| Profit for the year | | | (2,650.28) | | (2,650.28) |
| Other comprehensive income (Net of Taxes) | | | | (1,190.70) | (1,190.70) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 8,992.50 | 4,621.28 | 8,789.37 | (790.22) | 21,612.93 |

Nature and Amount of Reserve

a) Securities Premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium.

b) Capital Reserve

Grants in the nature of promoters recovered from Government are recognised as Capital Reserve.

15. NON-CURRENT BORROWINGS

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Secured | | |
| Vehicle Loans from Bank | 658.47 | 844.09 |
| TOTAL | 658.47 | 844.09 |

Nature of Security Terms of Repayment

Vehicle Loans are secured by way of hypothecation of vehicle financed by the bank.

The Loan is repayable in 60 Monthly Installment starting from Feb, 2024. Last installment due in Jan, 2029.

16. NON CURRENT PROVISION

| | Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--------------|--|---------------------------|------------------------|
| | Provision for Gratuity | 8,539.52 | 6,410.23 |
| | TOTAL | 8,539.52 | 6,410.23 |
| 1 <i>7</i> . | CURRENT BORROWING | | |
| | (a) Current Maturities of Long Term Borrowings | 177.96 | 174.79 |
| | TOTAL | 177.96 | 174.79 |
| 18. | TRADE PAYABLES | | |
| | (a) Payable to Micro & Small Enterprises | 21,362 | 10,350.58 |
| | (b) Payable to others | 17,553 | 3,277.71 |
| | TOTAL | 38,915.80 | 13,628.29 |

Due to Micro and Small Enterprises

The Company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows: -

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2025 | As at 31st March 2024 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| a) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year | 21,362.36 | 10,350.58 |
| b) Interest due remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year | | |
| c) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year | | |
| d) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006 | | |
| e) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year | 92.98 | - |
| f) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprises, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2000 | | |

Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company.

Rs. in Thousand Trade payable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2025

| Particulars | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | due date of |
|---------------------|--|--------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2 - 3 years | More than 3 years | Total |
| (i) MSME | 21,362.36 | - | - | - | 17,553.44 |
| (ii) Others | 17,505.06 | 44.94 | 3.44 | - | 17,460.47 |
| Total Trade Payable | 38,867.42 | 44.94 | 3.44 | - | 38,915.80 |

Trade payable ageing Schedule for the year ended as on 31st March, 2024

| Particulars | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2 - 3 years | More than 3 years | Total |
| (i) MSME | 10,350.58 | - | - | - | 10,350.58 |
| (ii) Others | 3,274.27 | 3.44 | - | - | 3,277.71 |
| Total Trade Payable | 13,624.85 | 3.44 | • | - | 13,628.29 |

Micro and small enterprises under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 have been determined based on the information available with the Company and the required disclosures are given below:

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

19. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

| | Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|-----|---|--|--------------------------------|
| | (a) Due to Employee | 3,065.50 | 2,741.18 |
| | TOTAL | 3,065.50 | 2,741.18 |
| 20. | CURRENT PROVISIONS | | |
| | Provision for Employee Benefits Provision for Leave Encashment Provision for Gratuity TOTAL | 2,145.71 964.49 3,110.20 | 2,687.66 781.85 3,469.51 |
| 21. | OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| | (a) Advance from Customer | 43,812.18 | 80,259.44 |
| | (b) Bonus Payable | 721.26 | 776.58 |
| | (c) Statutary Dues Payable | 820.70 | 842.31 |
| | TOTAL | 45,354.14 | 81,878.33 |
| 22. | DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY/ (ASSETS) | | |
| | Deferred Tax Liabilities | | |
| | a) Related to Property Plant & Equipment | 5,794.60 | 5,670.91 |
| | b) Related to OCI | (487.30) | (68.95) |
| | Deferred Tax Assets | (1.570.77) | (0.107.20) |
| | a) Related to Business Losses | (1 <i>,</i> 578.77) (2 <i>,</i> 798.09) | (2,197.30) (2,770.64) |
| | b) Related to Provision of Bonus, Leave Encashment & Gratuityc) Mat Credit Entitlement | (2,798.09) (740.44) | (2,770.04) |
| | Deferred Tax Liability(Net) | 190.00 | (106.42) |
| | | | 1.00.12 |

| 23. | REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS | | Rs. in Thousand |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| | Sale of Product | 32,727.47 | 5,622.61 |
| | Sale of Services | 1,92,224.14 | 1,74,375.27 |
| | TOTAL | 2,24,951.61 | 1,79,997.88 |
| 24. | OTHER INCOME | | |
| | Interest Income | 492.85 | 445.68 |
| | Rent Income | 2,400.00 | 2,400.00 |
| | Other Misc Income | 116.10 | 283.71 |
| | Profit on Sale of Fixed assets | - | 84.54 |
| | TOTAL | 3,008.95 | 3,213.93 |
| 25. | COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED | | |
| | Opening Stock | 31,675.48 | 31,675.48 |
| | Add : Purchases | 26,882.88 | 5,376.38 |
| | | 58,558.36 | 37,051.86 |
| | Less : Closing Stock | 27,193.82 | 31,675.48 |
| | MATERIALS CONSUMED | 31,364.54 | 5,376.38 |
| 26. | MANUFACTURING & OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| | Job Work Expenses | 84,622.91 | 69,593.31 |
| | Electricity Expenses | 15,746.85 | 15,097.92 |
| | Machinery Maintenance | 5,274.77 | 6,249.39 |
| | Rent | 115.10 | 105.87 |
| | Effluent Treatment Expenses | 5,040.00 | 5,076.73 |
| | Generator Running & Maintenance | 2,713.90 | 3,572.46 |
| | Consumption of Chemical\Consumables | 4,828.54 | 4,130.77 |
| | TOTAL | 1,18,342.07 | 1,03,826.45 |
| 27. | EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES | | |
| | a) Salaries and Wages | 42,150.11 | 38,020.80 |
| | b) Contribution to Provident and Other Funds | 2,988.39 | 2,767.86 |
| | c) Staff Welfare Expenses | 2,267.04 | 1,878.85 |
| | TOTAL | 47,405.54 | 42,667.51 |

Testing Charges

TOTAL

Auditors Remuneration-As Audit Fees

| 28. | FINANCE COSTS | | Rs. in Thousand |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| | a) Interest Expenses | 1,764.07 | 1,876.88 |
| | TOTAL | 1,764.07 | 1,876.88 |
| 29. | DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE | | |
| | (a) Depreciation on Property Plant and Equipment | 7,582.19 | 7,571.20 |
| | (b) Amortisation on Right to use Assets | 2,528.22 | 2,528.22 |
| | TOTAL | 10,110.41 | 10,099.42 |
| 30. | OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| | Legal & Professional | 2,689.94 | 4,120.74 |
| | Bank Charges | 15.66 | 47.23 |
| | Repair & Maintenance | 3,640.41 | 3,599.99 |
| | Communication Expenses | 87.18 | 92.15 |
| | Rate & Taxes | 1,140.64 | 1,171.61 |
| | Rent-Others | 232.36 | 217.08 |
| | Travelling & Conveyance | 1,209.08 | 1,226.24 |
| | Freight Outward | 3,240.88 | 3,508.75 |
| | Miscellaneous Expenses | 594.29 | 343.49 |
| | Bad Debts | 254.01 | - |
| | Insurance | 1,426.70 | 1,039.61 |
| | Security Expenses | 4,654.24 | 4,825.50 |
| | Fees & Subscription | 1,133.90 | 550.56 |
| | Printing & Stationery | 306.17 | 294.59 |

163.98

120.00

20,909.44

205.00

130.00

21,372.54

31. Tax Expenses Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| i) Current Tax | | |
| Current Tax on Taxable Income for the year | - | - |
| Earlier Year Tax | - | - |
| Mat Credit Entitlement | - | - |
| | - | - |
| ii) Deferred Tax | | |
| Deferred Tax Charge/(Credit) | 714.77 | (424.57) |
| Deferred Tax on <i>OCI</i> | (418.35) | (192.52) |
| Income Tax reported in Statement of Profit & Loss | 296.42 | (617.09) |

A reconciliation of the income tax expenses to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the profit before income taxes is summarized below:

| Accounting profit before tax | (1,935.51) | (2,007.37) |
|---|------------|------------|
| Statutory Income Tax Rate (%) | 26.00 | 26.00 |
| Computed tax Expenses | (503.23) | (521.92) |
| Permanent tax difference | 1,218.00 | 97.35 |
| Tax in respect of earlier years | - | - |
| Income Tax Charge to Statement of Profit and Loss Account | 714.77 | (424.57) |

32. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLANS

The details of various employee benefits provided to employees are as under:

a) Defined Contribution Plans

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Detail of amount recognised as expense for defined contribution plans is given below: | | |
| a) Provident fund | 2,903.32 | 2,642.40 |
| b) Employees State Insurance Corporation | 85.08 | 125.46 |

b) Defined Benefit Plans

The Defined benefit plan of the Company includes entitlement of gratuity for each year of service until the retirement age.

Rs. in Thousand

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

| Principal Assumptions | Gra | Gratuity | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
| Expected return on plan Assets | 0.00% | 0.00% | | |
| Discount Rate | 6.95% | 6.95% | | |
| Salary Increase Rate | 5.00% | 5.00% | | |
| In Service Mortality | IALM (2012-14) | IALM (2012-14) | | |

ii) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss in respect of these Defined Benefit plans are as follows:

| Particulars | Gra | tuity |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| Current Services Cost | 921.79 | 754.62 |
| Net Interest Expenses | 472.68 | 379.89 |
| Past Services Cost | - | - |
| Components of defined Benefit Costs recognised in profit or Loss | 1,394.47 | 1,134.51 |
| Remeasurement on the net Defined Benefit Liability: | | |
| Actuarial (gains)/ losses on obligation for the year | 1,609.05 | 688.57 |
| Return on plan assets | - | - |
| Net(Income)/ Expenses for the year ended recognized in OCI | 1,609.05 | 688.57 |

iii) The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its defined Benefits

| Particulars | Gra | tuity |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| Present Value of defined benefit obligation | 9,504.01 | 7,192.07 |
| Fair Vale of Plan Asset | - | - |
| Net Liability arising from Defined Benefit obligation | 9,504.01 | 7,192.07 |

Rs. in Thousand

iv) Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

| Particulars | Gro | ituity |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| Opening defined obligation | 7,192.07 | 5,368.99 |
| Interest Cost | 472.68 | 379.89 |
| Current Service Cost | 921.79 | 754.62 |
| Past Service Cost | - | - |
| Benefits Paid | (691.58) | - |
| Actuarial (gains)/ losses | 1,609.05 | 688.57 |
| Closing defined benefit obligation | 9,504.01 | 7,192.07 |

v) Movements in the Fair Value of the Plan Assets are as follows:

| Particulars | Gratuity |
|-------------|---|
| | As at As at 31st March, 2025 31st March, 2024 |
| | NA NA |

vi) Sensitivity Analysis

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2025 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase Effect | Decrease Effect |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 9,087.89 | 9,950.65 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 9,955.70 | 9,079.63 |

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2024 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase effect | Decrease effect |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by .50% on Defined benefit obligations | 6,870.84 | 7,537.57 |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by .50% on Defined benefit obligations | 7,542.49 | 6,863.58 |

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined on the basis of actuarial certificate.

Movement of provision in Leave Encashment

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Opening Balance | 2,687.66 | 2,380.43 |
| Add:- Provision made during the year | 939.51 | 957.19 |
| Less:- Amount paid during the year | 1,481.46 | 649.96 |
| Closing Balance | 2,145.71 | 2,687.66 |

33. Segment Reporting Disclosure

As defined in Ind AS 108, the chief operating decision maker (CODM), evaluates the Group's performance, allocate resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicator of the Group as a single unit. Therefore, there is no reportable segment for the Group as per the requirement of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

34. Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset and paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, short term loans, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other current financial liabilities: approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Investments traded in active markets are determined by reference to quotes from the financial institutions; for example: Net asset value (NAV) for investments in mutual funds declared by mutual fund house.

The fair values for loans, security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

The fair values of non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques.

The following is the basis for categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | | As at 31st Mai | rch, 2025 | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Carrying | Level | Level of input used in | | |
| | Amount — | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Financial Assets | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | |
| Trade Receivable | 18.47 | - | - | 18.47 | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 1,083.83 | - | - | 1,083.83 | |
| Loans | 886.95 | - | - | 886.95 | |
| Other Financial Assets | 7,571.59 | - | - | 7,571.59 | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 836.43 | - | - | 836.43 | |
| Trade Payables | 38,915.80 | - | - | 38,915.80 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 16,050.29 | - | - | 16,050.29 | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 3,065.50 | - | - | 3,065.50 | |

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | | As at 31st Mai | rch, 2024 | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Carrying | Level | Level of input used in | | |
| | Amount — | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Financial Assets | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | |
| Trade Receivable | 253.45 | - | - | 253.45 | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 848.61 | - | - | 848.61 | |
| Loans | 424.00 | - | - | 424.00 | |
| Other Financial Assets | 7,072.49 | - | - | 7,072.49 | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 1,018.88 | - | - | 1,018.88 | |
| Trade Payables | 13,628.29 | - | - | 13,628.29 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 18,455.68 | | | 18,455.68 | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 2,741.18 | - | - | 2,741.18 | |

35. Related Party Disclosure as per IND AS 24:

(a) Relationship:

i) Holding Companies

Bhartiya Global Marketing Ltd.

Bhartiya International Ltd - Ultimate Holding Company

ii) Key Management Personnel:

Mr. Amrishpal Singh

Mr. Manoj Khattar

Mr. Raghav Goyal

(b)

iii) (a) Transaction with Related Parties -

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | 202 | 4-25 | 3-24 | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| | Holding Company | Key Management Personnel | Holding Co | Key Management Personnel |
| a) Rent (Received) | 2,400.00 | - | 2,400.00 | - |
| b) Leather Sales/Job Work | 2,22,295.35 | - | 1,74,199.38 | - |
| c) Salaries | - | 300.00 | | 300.00 |
| d) Management fees paid | 600.00 | - | 600.00 | - |
| e) Purchases | - | | 5,171.08 | |
| Balances Outstanding at t | he Year End | | | |
| Sundry Creditors | - | 22.50 | - | 23.75 |
| Advance from Customer | 43,812.18 | | 98,791.36 | - |

36. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Income available to Equity Shareholders | (2,650.28) | (1,582.80) |
| No of Shares at the beginning of the Year (A) | 2,07,500.00 | 2,07,500.00 |
| Changes during the year (B) | | |
| Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (nos)(A+B) | 2,07,500.00 | 2,07,500.00 |
| Weighted Average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS | 2,07,500.00 | 2,07,500.00 |
| Nominal Value per share | 100 | 100 |
| Earnings per share (Basic) | -12.77 | -7.63 |
| Earnings per share(Diluted) | -12.77 | -7.63 |

37. RATIO

| Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | Variance | Reason |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------|---------|----------|---|
| (a) Current Ratio, | Current Assets | Current Liabilities | 0.52 | 0.55 | -5.29% | |
| (b) Debt-Equity Ratio, | Total Debt | Shareholder's Equity | 0.02 | 0.02 | -10.46% | |
| (c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio, | Earning Available for debt services | Debt Services (interest & Lease Payment+Principal Repayments of long term borrowing | 0.00 | 0.00 | -0.30% | |
| (d) Return on Equity Ratio, | Net Profit for the year | Average Shareholder's Equity | -3.13% | -3.43% | 8.69% | |
| (e) Inventory turnover ratio, | Cost of Goods Sold | Average Inventory | 1.06 | 0.17 | 526.59% | *Due to sales of product increase in current year |
| (f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio, | Net Credit Sales | Average Trade Receivables | 1654.54 | 25.99 | 6266.43% | *Due to lower credit period allow to trade receivables |
| (g) Trade payables turnover ratio, | Net Credit Purchase | Average Trade Payables | 5.53 | 7.06 | -21.66% | |
| (h) Net capital turnover ratio, | Net Sales | Working Capital(Current assets-current liabilities) | -0.32 | -0.23 | 39.04% | *Due to reduce in w.c. in current year |
| (i) Net profit ratio, | Net Profit After Tax | Total Sales | -1.18% | -0.88% | 33.98% | *Due to loss in current year |
| (j) Return on Capital employed, | EBIT | (Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability) | -0.40% | -0.28% | 43.03% | |

38. Financial Risk Management

The Company's management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company. These risks include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk).

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk, principally consist of balance with banks, investments in debt instruments/bonds, trade receivables, loans and advances. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentrations of credit risks.

The age analysis of trade receivables as of the balance sheet date have been considered from the due date and disclosed in below table.

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Less than 6 month | 18.47 | 62.29 |
| More than 6 month | - | 191.16 |

Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The surplus funds with the Company and operational cash flows will be sufficient to dispose the financial liabilities within the maturity period.

Maturity Profile of Financial Liabilities

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Borrowing (Including current maturity of long term borrowing | 177.96 | 658.47 | | 836.43 |
| Trade Payable | 38,915.80 | | | 38,915.80 |
| Lease Liability | 2,676.01 | 13,129.70 | 244.58 | 16,050.29 |
| Other current liabilities | 3,065.50 | | | 3,065.50 |

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Borrowing (Including current maturity of long term borrowing | 174.79 | 844.09 | | 1,018.88 |
| Trade Payable | 13,628.29 | | | 13,628.29 |
| Lease Liability | 2,316.57 | 13,262.33 | 2,876.78 | 18,455.68 |
| Other Current Liabilities | 2,741.18 | | | 2,741.18 |

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realisable fair values or in future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates risk/liquidity risk which impact returns on investments. Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

Exposure to Interest Rate Risk

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Total Borrowings | 836.43 | 1,018.88 |
| % of Borrowings out of above bearing variable rate of interest | 100% | 100% |

Interest Rate Sensitivity:

A change of 100 bps in interest rates would have following Impact on profit before tax

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| 100 bp increase would decrease the profit before tax by | 8.36 | 10.19 |
| 100 bp decrease would Increase the profit before tax by | 8.36 | 10.19 |

Foreign Currency Risk Management

The Company undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| Particulars | As at 31st | March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | Foreign Currency Monetary Liabilities | Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | Foreign Currency Monetary Liabilities |
| USD | | - | - | - |
| FLIRO | _ | _ | _ | _ |

Foreign Currency Sensitivity

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 5% change in rupee value against the relevant foreign currencies, which is used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end.

| Particulars | As at 31st / | March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--|
| | 5% Weakened | 5% Weakened 5% Strengthen | | 5% Strengthen | |
| Foreign Currency Monetary Assets | | | | | |
| USD | - | - | - | - | |
| EURO | - | - | - | - | |
| Foreign Currency Monetary Liabilities | | | | | |
| USD | - | - | - | - | |
| EURO | - | - | - | - | |
| Impact on profit or loss as at the end of reporting year | - | - | - | - | |

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

- **39.** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee. Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to confirm current year classification.
- 40. Contingent Liability and Commitments :- Nil
- **41.** The Company has no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961
- **42.** The Company does not hold any Benami, Property and does not have any proceeding initiated or pending for holding benami property under the Benami Transaction (Prohibitions) Act, 1988.
- 43. The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- **44.** The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- **45.** The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

As per our report of even date attached

For Padmanabhan Ramani & Ramanujan

Firm Registration No. 002510S Chartered Accountants

N. Ramani

Partner Mem. No. 022438

Chennai, 28th May, 2025

For and an behalf of the Board

Amrishpal Singh Managing Director DIN: 02735647

Director DIN: 00694981

Manoj Khattar

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

Bhartiya International SEZ Ltd.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bhartiya International SEZ Ltd. ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, its Loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report there on.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Board of Directors and Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors and the management is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, statement of changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind As") specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing
 our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statement represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statement of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
- v) The company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
- vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated during the year for all relevant transactions recorded in that software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

for KASG&CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 002228C

R.B. Sharma

Partner Mem. No. 075701 UDIN: 25075701BMUJDL5742

Gurugram, 26th May, 2025

ANNEXURE - A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025, we report that:

- I (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company does not have any Intangible Assets and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management in a periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its business. No discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - (c) Based on our examination of records, we report that in respect of self-constructed building disclosed in the financial statements, the Title Deeds are held in the name of the Company as at balance sheet date.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31st March, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made there under.
- II (a) The company is a SEZ developer. The inventory of land/plots has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the coverage, frequency and procedure of such verification is reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business. No discrepancy has been noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of the security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- III According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments in or provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year.
- IV According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Company has not provided any security as specified under Section 186 of the Act. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- V The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- VI According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- VII In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees'

- State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31st March, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- viii There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the IncomeTaxAct, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint venture. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix) (e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- X a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- XI a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - c) There were no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- XII The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- XIII In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the CompaniesAct,2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- XIV a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- Xv In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- Xvi a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a),(b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

- b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- Xvii The Company has incurred cash loss of Rs. 34.53 lacs during the financial year covered by our audit and Rs. 22.77 lacs during the immediately preceding financial year

XVIII There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.

- XIV On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- XX a) There is no amount to be spent for towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Hence, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
 - b) The Company does not have ongoing projects relating to CSR. Hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

for KASG&CO.

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 002228C

R.B. Sharma

Partner Mem. No. 075701 UDIN: 25075701BMUJDL5742

Gurugram, 26th May, 2025

ANNEXURE - B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Bhartiya International SEZ Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

for KASG&CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 002228C

R.B. Sharma

Partner Mem. No. 075701

UDIN: 25075701BMUJDL5742

Gurugram, 26th May, 2025

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Thousand

| Pari | icular | s | Note No. | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|------|----------|--|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 4 | Assets | ; | | · | |
| | 1 No | on - Current Assets | | | |
| | (a) | Property, Plant and Equipment | 2 | 873.58 | 873.58 |
| | (b) | Financial Assets | | | |
| | | (i) Other Financial Assets | 3 | 90.00 | 90.00 |
| | (c) | Other Non-Current Assets | 4 | 360.00 | 540.00 |
| | 2 Cu | rrent Assets | | | |
| | (a) | Inventories | 5 | 1,25,611.59 | 1,25,611.59 |
| | (b) | Financial Assets | | | |
| | | (i) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 6 | 4,208.54 | 4,012.92 |
| | | (ii) Loans | 7 | 150.20 | - |
| | (c) | Current Tax Assets | | 133.80 | 125.60 |
| | (d) | Other Current Assets | 8 | 993.89 | 787.21 |
| | | tal Assets | | 1,32,421.60 | 1,32,040.90 |
| Ш | Equ | uity And Liabilities | | | |
| | 1 Equ | | | | |
| | (a) | . , | 9 | 1,35,692.30 | |
| | (b) | Other Equity | 10 | (17,130.16) | (13,652.41) |
| | | bilities | | | |
| | No | on - Current Liabilities | | | |
| | (a) | | 11 | 47.74 | 16.35 |
| | 3 Cu | rrent Liabilities | | | |
| | (a) | Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | | (i) Trade payables | 12 | | |
| | | Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | | - | - |
| | | Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | | - | 403.57 |
| | | (ii) Other financial liabilities | 13 | 1,785.38 | 1,128.00 |
| | (b) | Provisions | 14 | 78.04 | 48.74 |
| | (c) | Other Current Liabilities | 15 | 11,948.30 | 8,404.35 |
| | Tot | tal of Equity and Liabilities | | 1,32,421.60 | 1,32,040.90 |
| Mate | erial ac | counting policies | 1 | | |

As per our report of even date attached For K A S G & CO.

For K A S G & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 002228C For and on behalf of the Board

R.B. SharmaPartner
Mem. No. 075701

Jogendra Company Secretary Mem. No. A-54391

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Manoj Khattar Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00694981 **Amrishpal Singh** Managing Director DIN: 02735647

Gurugram, 26th May, 2025

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | | Rs. in Thousand |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Note No. | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| | | |
| 16 | 5,433.33 | 5,155.14 |
| 17 | 274.47 | 421.63 |
| | 5,707.80 | 5,576.77 |
| | | |
| 18 | 1,379.60 | 1,053.89 |
| 19 | - | - |
| 20 | 7,782.34 | 6,799.45 |
| | 9,161.94 | 7,853.34 |
| | (3,454.14) | (2,276.57) |
| | | |
| | (0.80) | - |
| | - | - |
| | (3,453.34) | (2,276.57) |
| | | |
| s ; | | |
| | (24.41) | (0.50) |
| | (3,477.75) | (2,277.07) |
| | | |
| | (0.25) | (0.17) |
| | (0.25) | (0.17) |
| 1 | | |
| | No. 16 17 18 19 20 | No. 31st March, 2025 16 5,433.33 17 274.47 5,707.80 18 1,379.60 19 - 20 7,782.34 9,161.94 (3,454.14) (0.80) - (3,453.34) s; (24.41) (3,477.75) (0.25) (0.25) |

As per our report of even date attached

For K A S G & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 002228C For and on behalf of the Board

R.B. SharmaPartner
Mem. No. 075701

Jogendra Company Secretary Mem. No. A-54391

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Manoj Khattar Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00694981 **Amrishpal Singh** Managing Director DIN: 02735647

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| - | • | -1 | | |
|-----|----|------|-------|---|
| Ks. | ın | Ihou | Jsano | 1 |

(24.41)

(17,130.16)

| Pai | ticulars | Note No. | Equity Share Capital (Rs) |
|-----|--|----------|------------------------------|
| a) | Equity Share Capital | 9 | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | 1,35,692.30 |
| | Change in Equity Share Capital during the year 2023-24 | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | 1,35,692.30 |
| | Change in Equity Share Capital during the year 2024-25 | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March , 2025 | | 1,35,692.30 |
| Par | rticulars | Note No. | Retained Earnings (Rs) |
| b) | Other Equity | 10 | |
| | As at 31st March, 2023 | | (11,375.34) |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the year 2023-24 | | (2,276.57) |
| | Other Comprehensive Income for the year | | (0.50) |
| | As at 31st March, 2024 | | (13,652.41) |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the year 2024-25 | | (3,453.34) |

As per our report of even date attached

Other Comprehensive Income for the year

As at 31st March, 2025

For K A S G & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 002228C For and on behalf of the Board

R.B. SharmaPartner
Mem. No. 075701

Jogendra Company Secretary Mem. No. A-54391 **Manoj Khattar** Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00694981 **Amrishpal Singh** Managing Director DIN: 02735647

Gurugram, 26th May, 2025

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | | Rs. in Thousand |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particular | Year ended 31st March, 2025 | Year ended 31st March, 2024 |
| A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax | (3,454.14) | (2,276.57) |
| Adjustment for : | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | - | - |
| Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes | (3,454.14) | (2,276.57) |
| Movements in working capital: | | |
| Decrease/ (increase) in Loan | (150.20) | - |
| Decrease/ (increase) in Other assets | (26.68) | 1.32 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables | (403.57) | (72.61) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other current financial liabilities | 657.38 | (111.52) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities | 3,543.95 | 2,477.33 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in short term provisions | 29.30 | 23.44 |
| Increase/ (decrease) in long term provisions | 6.98 | 11.95 |
| Cash generated / (used in) from operations | 203.02 | 53.34 |
| Income tax paid (Net) | (7.40) | (7.87) |
| Net cash generated / (used in) from operating activities - (A) | 195.62 | 45.47 |
| B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net cash from/ (used in) investing activities - (B) | | - |
| C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | - |
| Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities - (C) | | - |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C) | 195.62 | 45.47 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year | 4,012.92 | 3,967.45 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 4,208.54 | 4,012.92 |
| Components of cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Cash on hand | 53.49 | 94.06 |
| Balances with banks | 4,155.05 | 3,918.86 |
| Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement (refer note 6) | 4,208.54 | 4,012.92 |

Note: The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in IND AS 7 Statement of cash Flows.

As per our report of even date attached

For K A S G & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 002228C For and on behalf of the Board

R.B. Sharma Partner Mem. No. 075701 Jogendra Company Secretary Mem. No. A-54391 **Manoj Khattar** Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00694981 **Amrishpal Singh** Managing Director DIN: 02735647

Gurugram, 26th May, 2025

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bhartiya International SEZ Limited ('the Company') is a public limited company promoted by Bhartiya International Limited with domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Company has its registered office at New Delhi. The Company is a developer of an integrated Leather & Leather Products Sector Specific Special Economic Zone at Tada, Nellore District, Andhra Pradesh.

1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in Division II Ind AS Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

1.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipments are stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation amortisation, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost. Subsequent costs for bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use are included in the asset's carrying amount.

Depreciation is charged on a pro-rata basis at the straight-line method over estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II of companies act, 2013.

b) Inventories

Inventories of land is valued at cost which comprises cost of Land, Materials, Services and Overheads directly related to development of land

c) Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

d) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Services

Revenue from services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

Interest Income

Interest income on fixed deposits with banks is recognized/accounted on accrual basis.

e) Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

f) Provision and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

g) Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plan

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees state insurance is charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Plan as the Company has no further obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation. The Company accounts for the gratuity liability, based upon the actuarial valuation performed in accordance with the Projected Unit Credit method carried out at the year end, by an independent actuary.

h) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified as measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Debt Instruments:

Debt instruments are initially measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of (i) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and (ii) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(a) Measured at Amortised Cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss:

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity Instruments:

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL.

The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognised in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade and Other Payable

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are generally unsecured. Trade and other payable are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

i) Critical Estimates and Judgements -

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which by definition will seldom equal the actual results. Management also need to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The Areas Involving Critical Estimates or Judgement are:

Estimation of Defined benefit obligation

Useful lives of depreciable Assets

Provision and Contingent Liability

2.

3.

4.

5.

| Particulars | Buildings | STP | Furniture and Fixtures | Office Equipment | Total |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 6,291.55 | 1,728.67 | 30.94 | 3.70 | 8,054.86 |
| Addition | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 6,291.55 | 1,728.67 | 30.94 | 3.70 | 8,054.86 |
| Addition | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 6,291.55 | 1,728.67 | 30.94 | 3.70 | 8,054.86 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | |
| Balance as at April 1, 2023 | 5,573.63 | 1,578.07 | 27.25 | 2.09 | 7,181.04 |
| Addition | | | 0.24 | | 0.24 |
| Disposal | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 5,573.63 | 1,578.07 | 27.49 | 2.09 | <i>7</i> ,181.28 |
| Addition | - | - | | - | - |
| Disposal | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 5,573.63 | 1,578.07 | 27.49 | 2.09 | 7,181.28 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 717.92 | 150.60 | 3.45 | 1.61 | 873.58 |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | 717.92 | 150.60 | 3.45 | 1.61 | 873.58 |
| OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL AS | SSETS | | | | |
| Particulars | | 31si | As March, 202 | | As at arch, 2024 |
| (a) Security Deposit & Others | | | 90.0 | 00 | 90.00 |
| TOTAL | | | 90.0 | 00 | 90.00 |
| OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| (a) Prepaid Expenses | | | 360.0 | 00 | 540.00 |
| TOTAL | | | 360.0 | 00 | 540.00 |
| INVENTORIES | | | | | |
| Land and Land Development Cost | | | 1,25,611.5 | 59 | 1,25,611.59 |
| TOTAL | | | 1,25,611.5 | - | 1,25,611.59 |

Rs. in Thousand

| 6. | CASH | AND | CASH | EQUIV | /ALENT |
|----|------|-----|------|--------------|--------|
|----|------|-----|------|--------------|--------|

Shares outstanding at the end of

the year

| | Particulars | | 31 | As at lst March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|-----|--|--|---|---|------------------------|
| | a) Balances with Banks | | | | |
| | In Current Accounts | | | 652.55 | 649.66 |
| | In Deposit Accounts | | | 3,502.50 | 3,269.20 |
| | b) Cash on Hand | | | 53.49 | 94.06 |
| | TOTAL | | | 4,208.54 | 4,012.92 |
| 7. | CURRENT LOAN | | | | |
| | (Unsecured & Considered Go | od) | | | |
| | (a) Loan to Employee | | | 150.20 | - |
| | TOTAL | | | 150.20 | |
| 8. | OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| | a) Prepaid Expenses | | | 180.00 | 180.00 |
| | b) GST Receivable | | | 813.89 | 607.21 |
| | TOTAL | | | 993.89 | 787.21 |
| 9. | SHARE CAPITAL | | | | |
| | Authorised Share Capito | ıl | | | |
| | a) 20,000,000 (31st March Rs 10/- Each | 1, 2024 : 20,000,000) | Equity Shares of | 2,00,000.00 | 2,00,000.00 |
| | | | | 2,00,000.00 | 2,00,000.00 |
| | Issued, Subscribed & Pa | id up : | | | |
| | a) 13,569,230 (31st March 10/- Each Fully Paid up | 1, 2024 : 13,569,230) | Equity Shares of | 1,35,692.30 | 1,35,692.30 |
| | Total | | | 1,35,692.30 | 1,35,692.30 |
| 9.1 | Reconciliation of the number o | f shares outstanding is s | et out below: | | |
| | Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2025 Amount (Rs.) | As a 31st March, 202 No. of Share | 4 31st March, 2024 |
| | Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 1,35,69,230 | 1,35,692.30 | 1,35,69,23 | 0 1,35,692.30 |
| | Shares issued during the year | - | - | | _ |

1,35,692.30

1,35,69,230

1,35,692.30

1,35,69,230

^{9.2} The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per shares. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity share will be entitled to receive assets of the Company in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

9.3 The details of Shareholders Holding more than 5% shares

Rs. in Thousand

| Name of the Share holders | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2025 % of Holding | As at 31st March, 2024 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2024 % of Holding |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| (a) Bhartiya International Ltd. | 1,20,69,230 | 88.95 | 1,20,69,230 | 88.95 |
| (b) Andhra Pradesh Industrial & Infrastructure Corporation Ltd. | 15,00,000 | 11.05 | 15,00,000 | 11.05 |

9.4 Shares held by Holding Company and Subsidiaries of Holding Company in aggregate

Rs. in Thousand

| Part | iculars | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2024 No. of Shares |
|------|---|--|--|
| (a) | Shares held by Holding Company, Bhartiya International Ltd. | 1,20,69,230 | 1,20,69,230 |

9.5 Share held by promoter at 31st March, 2025

| Pro | omoter Name | No. of Shares | % of Total Shares | % Change during the year |
|-----|---|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Bhartiya International Limited | 1,20,69,224 | 88.95% | - |
| 2 | Bhartiya Global Marketing Limited (nominee of Bhartiya International Limited) | 1 | - | - |
| 3 | Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Limited (nominee of Bhartiya International Limited) | 1 | - | - |
| 4 | Bhartiya Advisory Services Private Limited (nominee of Bhartiya International Limited) | 1 | - | - |
| 5 | Bhartiya Fashion Retail Limited (nominee of Bhartiya International Limited) | 1 | - | - |
| 6 | J & J Leather Enterprises Limited (nominee of Bhartiya International Limited) | 1 | - | - |
| 7 | Bhartiya Global Ventures Private Limited (nominee of Bhartiya International Limited) | 1 | - | - |

10. OTHER EQUITY

| Particulars | Retained Earning | Total |
|---|------------------|-------------|
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | (11,375.34) | (11,375.34) |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year | (2,276.57) | (2,276.57) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | (0.50) | (0.50) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | (13,652.41) | (13,652.41) |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year | (3,453.34) | (3,453.34) |
| Other comprehensive income for the Year | (24.41) | (24.41) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | (17,130.16) | (17,130.16) |

| 11. | NON CURRENT PROVISIONS | | Rs. in Thousand |
|-----|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| | (a) Provision for Employees Benefit | 47.74 | 16.35 |
| | TOTAL | 47.74 | 16.35 |
| 2. | TRADE PAYABLE | | |
| | (a) Payable to Micro & Small Enterprises | - | - |
| | (b) Payable to Others | - | 403.57 |
| | TOTAL | 3 | 403.57 |
| | The Company has not received information from vendors Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and hence disclosure interest paid / payable under this Act have not been given | relating to amounts unpaid as at the | |
| 3. | OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | |
| | (a) Due to employee | 105.36 | 98.31 |
| | (b) Expenses payable | 1,433.49 | <i>77</i> 1.21 |
| | (c) Statutory Dues Payable | 12.14 | 24.09 |
| | (d) Other Payable | 234.39 | 234.39 |
| | TOTAL | 1,785.38 | 1,128.00 |
| 4. | PROVISIONS | | |
| | (a) Provision for Employees Benefits | 78.04 | 48.74 |
| | TOTAL | 78.04 | 48.74 |
| 5. | OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| | (a) Advance from Related Party | 11,948.30 | 8,404.35 |
| | TOTAL | 11,948.30 | 8,404.35 |
| 6. | REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS | | |
| | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| | (a) Service Charges | 5,433.33 | 5,155.14 |
| | TOTAL | 5,433.33 | 5,155.14 |

| 1 7 . | OTHER INCOME | | Rs. in Thousand |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| | (a) Interest Income on | | |
| | - Bank Deposit | 258.44 | 225.01 |
| | - Income Tax Refund | 4.42 | 6.40 |
| | (b) Excess Provision Written off | 11.61 | 190.22 |
| | TOTAL | 274.47 | 421.63 |
| 18. | EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES | | |
| | (a) Salary & Allowances | 1,377.07 | 1,053.10 |
| | (b) Contribution to Provident & Other Fund | 2.53 | 0.79 |
| | TOTAL | 1,379.60 | 1,053.89 |
| 19. | DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION | | |
| | (a) Depreciation on Property Plant and Equipment | - | - |
| | TOTAL | - | - |
| 20. | OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| | (a) Legal And Professional Charges | 1,151.00 | 897.34 |
| | (b) Auditors Remuneration | 30.00 | 30.00 |
| | (c) Bank Charges | 0.93 | 8.82 |
| | (d) Rates Taxes & Duties | 201.94 | 197.86 |
| | (e) Travelling | 16.92 | 10.72 |
| | (f) Conveyance Expenses | 30.86 | 6.00 |
| | (g)Fees & Subscription | 45.00 | 45.00 |
| | (h) Security Expenses | 5,147.61 | 4,838.51 |
| | (i) Business promotion | 123.13 | 65.49 |
| | (j)Service Charges to Authorities | 1,032.94 | 699.21 |
| | (k) Other Expenses | 2.01 | 0.50 |
| | TOTAL | 7,782.34 | 6,799.45 |

21.1 EARNING PER SHARE

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a) Net Profit/(loss) for the year | (3,453.34) | (2,276.57) |
| b) Weighted Average Shares Outstanding during the year | 1,35,69,230 | 1,35,69,230 |
| c) Basic/Diluted earnings Per Share | (0.25) | (0.17) |

21.2 Auditor's Remuneration

| Particulars | Current Year Rs. | Previous Year Rs. |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Audit Fees | 30.00 | 30.00 |
| Limited Review fees | 22.50 | 22.50 |

- 21.3 In the opinion of the management of the company, profits of the company earned as a SEZ developer qualifies for the deduction under section 80IAB of the Income Tax Act 1961, however the Provisions of Section 115JB(MAT) of the Income Tax Act 1961 applies on the Book Profits of the Company. During the year provision under Section 115JB of the Income Tax Act 1961, is not required to be made in view of loss during the year.
- 21.4 A demand of Rs. 24.56 Lacs for the A.Y. 2015-16 raised suomoto by the income tax department by ordering under section 154 in respect to earlier order passed under section 143(3) is appearing on the income tax portal which in the opinion of the management is erroneous. Order of the same is yet to be received.

21.5 Related Party Disclosures

Name of Related Parties & Nature of Relationship

Bhartiya International Limited - Holding Company

Bhartiya City Residences Private Limited

Mukul Harmilapi - Non-Executive Director

| | Particulars | Current Year Rs. | Previous Year Rs. |
|------|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| ii) | Transactions during the year with Related Parties: | | |
| | Service Charges Received | | |
| | Bhartiya International Limited | 5,433.33 | 5,155.14 |
| | Professional Charges Paid | | |
| | Mukul Harmilapi | 1,092.00 | 870.84 |
| iii) | Balances Outstanding at the Year End: | | |
| | Advances Received | | |
| | Bhartiya International Limited | 11,948.30 | 8,404.35 |
| | Bhartiya City Residences Private Limited | 187.50 | 187.50 |

21.6 Employee Benefits Plans

Rs. in Thousand

The details of various employee benefits provided to employees are as under:

a) Defined Contribution Plans

| Particulars | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|---|--|
| Detail of amount recognised as expense for defined contribution plans is given below: | | |
| a) Employees State Insurance Corporation | - | 0.79 |

b) Defined Benefit Plans

The Defined benefit plan of the Company includes entitlement of gratuity for each year of service until the retirement age.

i) The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

| Principal Assumptions | As at | As at |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| Discount Rate | 7.25% | 7.35% |
| Salary increase Rate | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| In service Mortality | IALM (2012-14) | IALM (2012-14) |

Amounts recognised in statement of Profit and Loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

| Particulars | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Current Services Cost | 5.83 | 5.29 |
| Interest Cost | 1.14 | 0.71 |
| Components of defined Benefit costs recognised in Profit or Loss | 6.97 | 6.00 |
| Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: | | |
| Actuarial (gains)/ losses on obligation for the year | 24.41 | 0.50 |
| Net (Income)/Expenses for the year ended recognized in OCI | 24.41 | 0.50 |

iii) The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its defined benefit obligation:

| Particulars | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Present Value of defined benefit obligation | 16.35 | 16.35 |

iv) Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

| Particulars | | For the Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Opening defined benefit obligation | 16.36 | 9.86 |
| Current Service Cost | 5.83 | 5.29 |
| Interest Cost | 1.14 | 0.71 |
| Actuarial (gains)/ losses | 24.41 | 0.50 |
| Actual Benefit Paid | - | - |
| Closing defined benefit obligation | 47.74 | 16.36 |

Rs. in Thousand

Sensitivity Analysis:

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2025 is as follows:

| Particulars | Increase effect | Decrease effect | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 43.22 | 52.89 | | |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 0.50% on Defined benefit obligations | 52.96 | 43.12 | | |
| A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at 31st March, 2024 is as follows: | | | | |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in discount rate by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | 14.81 | 18.01 | | |
| Effect of Increase/decrease in salary escalation by 1% on Defined benefit obligations | 18.13 | 14.78 | | |
| The sensitivity analysis alone has been determined on the basis of actuarial certificate | | | | |

21.7 Fair Value Measurement:

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset and paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values:

Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other current financial liabilities: approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques.

The following is the basis for categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

| Particulars | As | As at 31st March, 2025 | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|--|
| | Carrying Amount | Level of input used in | | | |
| | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Financial Assets | | - | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | |
| Other Financial Assets | 90.00 | - | - | 90.00 | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 4,208.54 | - | - | 4,208.54 | |
| Loan | 150.20 | | | 150.20 | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | |
| Trade Payables | - | - | - | - | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 1,785.38 | - | - | 1,785.38 | |

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | As | at 31st N | March, 202 | 4 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|----------|
| | Carrying Amount | Level | of input u | sed in |
| | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Other Financial Assets | 90.00 | - | - | 90.00 |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 4,012.92 | - | - | 4,012.92 |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Trade Payables | 403.57 | - | - | 403.57 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 1,128.00 | - | - | 1,128.00 |

21.8 Financial Risk Management

The Company's management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company. These risks include credit risk and liquidity risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk, principally consist of balance with banks, investments in debt instruments/bonds, trade receivables, loans and advances. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentrations of credit risks.

Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The surplus funds with the Company and operational cash flows will be sufficient to dispose the financial liabilities within the maturity period.

Maturity Profile of Financial Liabilities

| Particulars | | As at 31st March, 2025 | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------|----------|--|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total | |
| Trade Payable | - | - | - | - | |
| Other Current Liabilities | 1,785.38 | - | - | 1,785.38 | |

| Particulars | | As at 31st March, 2023 | | |
|---------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------|----------|
| | 0-1 year | 1-5 year | Beyond 5 year | Total |
| Other Current Liabilities | 1,128.00 | - | - | 1,128.00 |
| Trade Payable | 403.57 | - | - | 403.57 |

Market Risk

Company has no foreign currency exposure and does not have hedge position in currency market, thus Company does not foresee any market risk.

21.9 Ratios

Rs. in Thousand

| Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | Current Period | Previous Period | % of Variance | Reason for variance |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Current Ratio | Current Assets | Current Liabilities | 9.49 | 13.07 | -37.74% | |
| Return on Equity | Net Profits after taxes | Average Shareholder Equity | -2.91% | -1.87% | 35.95% | Due to increase the |
| Net Capital Turnover Ratio | Revenue | Working Capital | (0.03) | (0.02) | 35.86% | revenue in current year |
| Net Profit Ratio | Net Profits | Revenue | -63.56% | -44.16% | 30.52% | |

21.10 Information with regard to the additional information and other disclosures to be disclosed by way of notes to Statement of profit and loss as specified in Schedule III to the Act is either 'nil' or 'not applicable 'to the Company for the year.

As per our report of even date attached **For K A S G & CO.**

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 002228C For and on behalf of the Board

R.B. Sharma Partner Mem. No. 075701 Jogendra Company Secretary Mem. No. A-54391 Manoj Khattar Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00694981 **Amrishpal Singh** Managing Director DIN: 02735647

Gurugram, 26th May, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Bhartiya Fashion Retail Ltd. Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bhartiya Fashion Retail Ltd. ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, its Loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report there on.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Board of Directors and Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors and the Management is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, statement of changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind As") specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statement represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statement that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statement may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statement.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statement of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
 - v) The company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
 - vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated during the year for all relevant transactions recorded in that software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention

for SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136

UDIN: 25095136BMPYDK8998

ANNEXURE - A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025, we report that:

- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not have any property plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(i)(a) to 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- II (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not have any inventory and hence clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of the security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- III According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments in or provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- IV According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Company has not provided any security as specified under Section 186 of the Act. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- V The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- VI According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- VII (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any statutory dues which are required to be deposited with the appropriate authorities. Accordingly, clause 3(vii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- VIII There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income TaxAct, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- IX (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint venture. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

- X (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- XI (a) No fraud by the Company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) There were no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- XII The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable
- XIII In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act,2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards
- XIV Based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an Internal Audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- XV In our opinion, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- XVI (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- XVII The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and there was a cash loss of Rs. 25.58 thousand in the immediately preceding financial year.
- XVIII There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XIX On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- XX The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

for SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDK8998

ANNEXURE - B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Bhartiya Fashion Retail Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

for SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDK8998

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

| • | Thousand | |
|---|----------|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Pa | Particulars | | Note No. | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 | |
|----|-------------|---------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| ı | As | sets | | | | |
| | 1 | Nor | n - Current Assets | | | |
| | | (a) | Financial Assets | | | |
| | | | (i) Other Financial Assets | 2 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| | 2 | Cur | rent Assets | | | |
| | | (a) | Financial Assets | | | |
| | | | (i) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 3 | 963.00 | 956.06 |
| | | (b) | Other Current Assets | 4 | 18.33 | 5.76 |
| | | (c) | Current Tax Assets (Net) | | 4.57 | - |
| | | Toto | al Assets | | 995.90 | 971.82 |
| II | Eq | uity . | And Liabilities | | | |
| | 1 | Equ | ity | | | |
| | | (a) | Equity Share Capital | 5 | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| | | (b) | Other Equity | 6 | (4,068.18) | (4,093.76) |
| | 2 | Lia | bilities | | | |
| | 3 | Cur | rent Liabilities | | | |
| | | (a) | Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | | | (i) Other Financial Liabilities | 7 | 64.08 | 65.58 |
| | | Toto | al of Equity and Liabilities | | 995.90 | 971.82 |
| Ma | teric | al acco | ounting policies | 1 | - | - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Firm Registration No. 014969N Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi Partner

Mem. No. 095136

Vinod Kumar Sandal

Manoj Khattar

Director DIN: 09792105 DIN: 00

DIN: 00694981

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | • | | | |
|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| Rs. | IID | Ιh | CO | nd |
| | | | | |

| Particulars | Note No. | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| INCOME | | | |
| Revenue from Operations | | - | - |
| Other income | 8 | 54.49 | 32.53 |
| Total Income | | 54.49 | 32.53 |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Other expenses | 9 | 28.91 | 32.42 |
| Total Expenses | | 28.91 | 32.42 |
| Profit/ (Loss) before Tax | | 25.58 | 0.11 |
| Tax expenses | | | |
| i Current tax | | - | 23.03 |
| ii Deferred tax | | - | - |
| Profit / (Loss) for the year | | 25.58 | (22.92) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | - | |
| Other Comprehensive Income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods :- | | | |
| a) Re-Measurement gain/(losses) on defined benefit plan | | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | | 25.58 | (22.92) |
| Earnings per equity share of face value | | | |
| Basic (in Rupees) | | 0.05 | (0.05) |
| Diluted (in Rupees) | | 0.05 | (0.05) |
| Material Accounting Policies | 1 | | |

As per our report of even date attached

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Firm Registration No. 014969N **Chartered Accountants**

For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner

Mem. No. 095136

Vinod Kumar Sandal

Manoj Khattar

Director

DIN: 09792105

Director

DIN: 00694981

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Thousand

| Pa | rticulars | Note No. | Equity Capital |
|----|--|----------|----------------|
| a) | Equity Share Capital | 5 | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | 5,000.00 |
| | Change in Equity Share Capital during the year 2023-24 | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | 5,000.00 |
| | Change in Equity Share Capital during the year 2024-25 | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | 5,000.00 |

| Pa | rticulars | Note No. | Retained Earning |
|----|---|----------|------------------|
| b) | Other Equity | 6 | |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | (4,070.84) |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the year 2023-24 | | (22.92) |
| | Other Comprehensive Income for the year | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | (4,093.76) |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the year 2024-25 | | 25.58 |
| | Other Comprehensive Income for the year | | - |
| | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | (4,068.18) |

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Firm Registration No. 014969N

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi Partner

Mem. No. 095136

Director DIN: 09792105

Vinod Kumar Sandal

Manoj Khattar

Director DIN: 00694981

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Thousand **Particular** Year Ended Year Ended 31st March, 2025 31st March, 2024 A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit / (Loss) before Tax 25.58 0.11 Adjustment for: 25.58 0.11 Operating profit/(loss) before Working Capital Changes Movements in working capital: Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets (12.57)(3.78)Increase/ (decrease) in other current financial liabilities (1.50)1.50 11.51 (2.17)Cash (used in) / Generated from Operations 4.57 (204.18)Income tax paid (Net) Net cash (used in)/ Generated from Operating Activities - (A) 6.94 202.01 **B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Security Deposit** Net cash from/ (used in) investing activities - (B) C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceed from Short term borrowing Net cash from/ (used in) Financing Activities - (C) Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C) 6.94 202.01 Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year 956.06 754.05 963.00 956.06 Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year Components of cash and cash equivalents: Cash on hand 23.43 23.42 Balances with banks 939.57 932.64 963.00 Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement 956.06

Note: The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in IND AS 7 Statement of cash Flows.

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Firm Registration No. 014969N Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board

Ambrish Rastogi
Partner

Mem. No. 095136

Vinod Kumar SandalDirector

Manoj Khattar

Director

DIN: 09792105 DIN: 00694981

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bhartiya Fashion Retail Limited ('the Company') promoted by Bhartiya International Limited is a public limited company with domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Company has its registered office at New Delhi. The Company is in the business of trading of leather & textile products.

1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in Division II Ind AS Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

1.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Cash & Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

b) Revenue Recognition

Income from service charge is recognised on accrual basis

c) Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

d) Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plan

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation. The Company accounts for the gratuity liability, based upon the actuarial valuation performed in accordance with the Projected Unit Credit method carried out at the year end, by an independent actuary.

f) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

These include Trade Receivables, Cash and Cash Equivalents, Other Bank Balances, Fixed Deposits with Banks, Other financial assets and Investments.

Financial Assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified as measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement

These include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including Bank OD.

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

| - | OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSET | <u> </u> | | | Rs in Thousand |
|---|--|--|---|----------------------|--|
| _ | Particulars | | 31st | As at March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
| | (Unsecured, Considered Good) | | | | |
| | a) Security Deposit | | | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| | TOTAL | | | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| (| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | | | |
| | a) Balances with Banks | | | | |
| | - In Current Accounts | | | 189.5 <i>7</i> | 182.64 |
| | - In Fixed Deposit Accounts | | | 750.00 | 750.00 |
| | b) Cash on Hand | | | 23.43 | 23.42 |
| | TOTAL | | | 963.00 | 956.06 |
| | OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| | a) Gst Receivable | | | 9.54 | 5.76 |
| | b) Interest Receivable | | | 8.79 | - |
| | TOTAL | | | 18.33 | 5.76 |
| 9 | SHARE CAPITAL | | | | |
| | Authorised Share Capital: | | | | |
| | a) 500,000 (Previous Year 500,000 each |) Equity Shares of | Rs.10/- | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| | Issued, Subscribed & Paid up: | | | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| | a) 500,000 (Previous Year 500,000 each, Fully Paid Up |) Equity Shares of | Rs.10/- | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| | TOTAL | | | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| F | Reconciliation of the number of shares ou | tstanding is set out | below: | | |
| | Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As a 31st March, 2025 Amount (Rs. | 31st March, 2 | As at As at O24 31st March, 2024 ares Amount (Rs.) |
| | Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 5,00,000 | 5,000.00 | 5,00, | 5,000.00 |
| | Shares issued during the year | - | | - | |
| | Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 5,00,000 | 5,000.00 | 5,00, | 5,000.00 |
| S | The Company has only one class of equity hares is entitled to one vote per shares. entitled to receive assets of the Company | In the event of liqu | idation of the Cor | npany, the holder | of equity share will be |
| Ţ | he details of Shareholders holding more | than 5% shares: | | | |
| _ | Name of the Share holders | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2025 | | s at As at 024 31st March, 2024 |

100.00

5,00,000

100.00

5,00,000

Bhartiya International Ltd.

(a)

5.4 Shares held By Holding Company and Subsidiaries of holding Company in Aggregate:

Rs in Thousand

| Par | ticulars | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2024 No. of Shares |
|-----|---|--|--|
| (a) | Shares held by holding company, Bhartiya International Ltd. | 5,00,000 | 5,00,000 |

5.5 Share held by promoter at 31st March, 2025

| Na | me of the share holders | No. of Shares at the beginning of the year | Change During the year | No. of Shares at the end of the year | % of Total Shares | % Change during the year |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| (a) | Bhartiya International Ltd. | 5,00,000 | - | 5,00,000 | 100 | - |

6. OTHER EQUITY

| Particulars | Retained Earning | Total |
|---|------------------|------------|
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | (4,070.84) | (4,070.84) |
| Profit for the year | (22.92) | (22.92) |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | (4,093.76) | (4,093.76) |
| Profit for the year | 25.58 | 25.58 |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | (4,068.18) | (4,068.18) |
| OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | |
| (a) Expenses Payable | 64.08 | 65.58 |

8. OTHER INCOME

TOTAL

7.

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a) Interest on Income Tax Refund | - | 18.94 |
| b) Interest on FDR | 54.49 | 13.59 |
| TOTAL | 54.49 | 32.53 |

64.08

65.58

Rs in Thousand

NOTES (CONTD.)

9. OTHER EXPENSES

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (a) Audit fees | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| (b) Bank Charges | - | 0.02 |
| (c) Legal & Professional | 11.00 | 11.00 |
| (d) Rates Taxes & Duties | 2.01 | 5.50 |
| (e) Fee & Subscription | 5.90 | 5.90 |
| TOTAL | 28.91 | 32.42 |
| 10.1 Earning Per Share (EPS) | | |
| a) Net Profit/(loss) for the year | 25.58 | (22.92) |
| b) Weighted average number of Equity Shares of the year | utstanding during 5,00,000 | 5,00,000 |
| c) Basic/Diluted Earning per share Rs.(a/b) | 0.05 | (0.05) |
| 10.2 Auditor's Remuneration | | |
| Audit Fees | 10.00 | 10.00 |

10.3 Related Party Disclosures as per IND AS-24

i) Holding Company:

Bhartiya International Limited

ii) Key Management Personnel:

Directors

Manoj Khattar

A.K. Gadhok

Vinod Kumar Sandal

iii) Transactions during the year with Related Parties

2024-25

2023-24

During the year no transaction with the related party.

10.4 Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset and paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, short term loan, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other current financial liabilities: approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

At Amortised Cost

Other Financial Liabilities

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques.

The following is the basis for categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

| Rs in Thousa | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----|----|----|-----|--|----|----|
| | ını | aı | 50 | 116 | | ın | КC |

65.58

| Particulars | As | s at 31st Ma | rch, 2025 | 25 | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | L | evel of inpu | t used in | | | | |
| | Carrying Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | | |
| Financial Assets | | | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | | | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 963.00 | - | - | 963.00 | | | |
| Other Financial Assets | 10.00 | | | 10.00 | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | | | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 64.08 | - | - | 64.08 | | | |
| | | | Rs in | Thousand | | | |
| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | | | | | | |
| | L | evel of inpu | t used in | | | | |
| | Carrying Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | | |
| Financial Assets | | | | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | | | | |
| Other Financial Assets | 10.00 | - | - | 10.00 | | | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 956.06 | - | - | 956.06 | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

65.58

12.5 Ratios **Rs in Thousand**

| Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | Current Period | Previous Period | % of Variance | Reason for variance |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Current Ratio | Current assets | Current Liabilities | 15.39 | 14.67 | 4.90% | |
| Return on Equity | Net Profits after taxes | Average Shareholder Equity | 2.78% | 2.50% | 11.33% | |

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Firm Registration No. 014969N **Chartered Accountants**

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner

Mem. No. 095136

For and on behalf of the Board

Vinod Kumar Sandal

DIN: 09792105

Director

Manoj Khattar

Director

DIN: 00694981

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Ltd. Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Ltd. ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, its Loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report there on.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Board of Directors and Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, statement of changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind As") specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statement represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statement of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
 - v) The company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
 - vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated during the year for all relevant transactions recorded in that software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

for SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136

UDIN: 25095136BMPYDM2668

ANNEXURE - A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025, we report that:

- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not have any property plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(i)(a) to 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- II (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not have any inventory and hence clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of the security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- III According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments in or provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- IV According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Company has not provided any security as specified under Section 186 of the Act. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- V The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- VI According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- VII (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any statutory dues which are required to be deposited with the appropriate authorities. Accordingly, clause 3(vii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- VIII There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- IX (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint venture. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

- X (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- XI (a) No fraud by the Company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) There were no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- XII The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable
- XIII According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, there are no transactions with the related parties during the year.
- XIV Based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an Internal Audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- XV In our opinion, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- XVI (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3 (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- XVII The Company has incurred a cash loss of Rs. 28,892 in the current year and there was a cash loss of Rs. 30,398 in the immediately preceding financial year.
- XVIII There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XIX On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- XX The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

for SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastoai

Partner Mem. No. 095136

UDIN: 25095136BMPYDM2668

ANNEXURE - B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

for SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 014969N

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem. No. 095136

New Delhi, 28th May, 2025 UDIN: 25095136BMPYDM2668

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Thousand

Rs. in Thousand

(30.40)

(28.89)

For and on behalf of the Board

| Dautianlana | Note | A. a.t. | A |
|--|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Particulars | Note | As at | As at |
| | No. | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 |
| Assets | | | |
| 1 Non - Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i) Other financial assets | 2 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| 2 Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 3 | 219.79 | 249.18 |
| Total Assets | | 229.79 | 259.18 |
| ☐ Equity And Liabilities | | | |
| 1 Equity | | | |
| (a) Equity Share Capital | 4 | 500.00 | 500.00 |
| (b) Other Equity | 5 | (275.21) | (246.32) |
| 2 Liabilities | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| (i) Other Financial Liabilities | 6 | 5.00 | 5.50 |
| Total of Equity and Liabilities | | 229.79 | 259.18 |
| Material Accounting Policies | 1 | | |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial s | tatements | | |

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Year Ended **Particulars** Year Ended Note 31st March, 2025 31st March, 2024 No. **Income** Revenue from Operations Other Income **Total Income EXPENSES** 7 28.89 30.40 Other Expenses **Total Expenses** 28.89 30.40 Profit/ (Loss) before Tax (28.89)(30.40)**Tax Expenses Current Tax** Deferred Tax

Total Comprehensive Income for the Year

Earnings per Equity Share of Rs. 10/- each

Basic/Diluted (in Rupees)

(0.58)

(0.61)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Firm Registration No. 014969N

Profit / (Loss) for the year

Other Comprehensive Income

Material Accounting Policies

Chartered Accountants

 Ambrish Rastogi
 A.K. Gadhok
 Manoj Khattar

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 Mem.No. 095136
 DIN: 01254410
 DIN:00694981

Gurugram, 28th May, 2025

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| | | Rs. in Thousand |
|--|----------|---------------------------------|
| Particulars | Note No. | Equity Capital Amount (Rs.) |
| a) Equity Share Capital | 4 | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | | 500.00 |
| Change in equity share capital during the Year 2023-24 | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | | 500.00 |
| Change in equity share capital during the Year 2024-25 | | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | | 500.00 |
| Particulars | | Retained Earning Amount (Rs. |
| b) Other Equity | 5 | , , , |
| As at 31st March, 2023 | | (215.92) |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year 2023-24 | | (30.40) |
| As at 31st March, 2024 | | (246.32) |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year 2024-25 | | (28.89) |
| As at 31st March, 2025 | | (275.21) |

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Rs. in Thousand

| | | ks. III IIIoosalla |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | Year Ended 31st March, 2024 |
| A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net Profit/(Loss) before tax and exception items | (28.89) | (30.40) |
| Adjusted for: | - | - |
| Operating profit before Working Capital Changes | (28.89) | (30.40) |
| Movements in working capital: | | |
| Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities | (0.50) | 0.50 |
| Cash Generated from Operations | (29.39) | (29.90) |
| Income tax paid (Net) | | - |
| Net cash (used in)/ Generated from Operating Activities - (A) | (29.39) | (29.90) |
| B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES | | |
| Security Deposit | | |
| Net cash from/ (used in) Investing Activities - (B) | - | - |
| C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities - (C) | - | - |
| Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalent (A+B+C) | (29.39) | (29.90) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Opening Balance | 249.18 | 279.08 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Closing Balance | 219.79 | 249.18 |
| | | |

Note: The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in IND AS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

As per our report of even date attached

SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.

Firm Registration No. 014969N Chartered Accountants

Ambrish Rastogi Partner

Mem.No. 095136

Gurugram, 28th May, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board

A.K. Gadhok
Director
DIN: 01254410

Annoj Khattar
Director
DIN:00694981

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bhartiya Urban Infrastructure Limited ('the Company') is a public limited company with domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act . The Company has its registered office at Chennai and corporate office at Gurugram, Haryana. The Company is in the business of Infrastructure Development.

1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle (12 months) and other criteria as set out in Division II Ind AS Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

1.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Revenue from Services

Revenue from services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

b) Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

2. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Rs. in Thousand

| | Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|----|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| | (Unsecured & Considered Good) | | |
| | i) Security and Other Deposit | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| | TOTAL | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| 3. | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT | | |
| | i) Balances with Banks | | |
| | In Current Accounts | 203.39 | 232.18 |
| | ii) Cash on Hand | 16.40 | 17.00 |
| | TOTAL | 219.79 | 249.18 |
| 4. | SHARE CAPITAL | | |
| | Authorised Share Capital | | |
| | a) 500,000 (31st March, 2024: 500,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| | | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| | Issued, Subscribed & Paid up: | | |
| | a) 50,000 (31st March, 2024: 50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/-each, Fully Paid Up | 500.00 | 500.00 |
| | | 500.00 | 500.00 |

4.1 Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2025 Amount (Rs) | As at 31st March, 2024 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2024 Amount (Rs) |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 50,000 | 500.00 | 50,000 | 500.00 |
| Shares Issued during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 50,000 | 500.00 | 50,000 | 500.00 |

- 4.2 The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per equity share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per shares. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity share will be entitled to receive assets of the Company in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
- 4.3 The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares:

| Name of the share holders | | As at | As at | As at | As at |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 | 31st March, 2024 |
| | | No. of Shares | % of Holding | No. of Shares | % of Holding |
| (a) | Bhartiya International Ltd. | 50,000 | 100.00 | 50,000 | 100.00 |

4.4 Shares held By holding company and subsidiaries of holding company in aggregate:

| Particulars | | As at 31st March, 2025 No. of Shares | As at 31st March, 2024 No. of Shares |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| (a) | Shares held by holding company, Bhartiya International Ltd. | 50,000 | 50,000 |

| 4.5 | Share held by promoter at 31st March, 2025 |
|-----|--|
| | |

Rs. in Thousand

| Name of the share holders | | No. of Shares at the beginning of the year | | No. of Shares at the end of the Year | % of Total Shares | % Change during the Year |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| (a) | Bhartiya International Ltd. | 50,000 | - | 50,000 | 100 | |

5. Other Equity

| Particulars | Retained Earning | Total |
|---|---------------------|----------|
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | (215.92) | (215.92) |
| Profit for the year | (30.40) | (30.40) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | (246.32) | (246.32) |
| Profit for the year | (28.89) | (28.89) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2025 | (275.21) | (275.21) |

6. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

| Particulars | As at | As at | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | 31st March, 2025 | 31st March, 2024 | |
| (a) Expenses Payable | 5.50 | 5.00 | |
| TOTAL | 5.50 | 5.00 | |
| OTHER EXPENSES | | | |
| / | 5.00 | 5.00 | |

| TOTAL | 28.89 | 30.40 |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| (d) Bank Charges | - | 0.12 |
| (c) Rates & Taxes | 10.91 | 12.30 |
| (b) Professional Charges | 12.98 | 12.98 |
| (a) Audit Fees | 5.00 | 5.00 |

8.1 Earning per share computed in accordance with the IND AS -33 is as under:

| a) Net Profit/(loss) after tax available for equity shareholders | (28.89) | (30.40) |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| b) Weighted average number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each | 50,000.00 | 50,000.00 |
| c) Basic/Diluted Earning per share Rs.(a/b) | (0.58) | (0.61) |

8.2 Auditor's Remuneration

Rs. in Thousand

| Particulars | Year Ended 31st March, 2025 | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|------|--|
| Audit Fees | 5.00 | 5.00 | |

- 8.3 Information with regard to the additional information and other disclosures to be disclosed by way of notes to Statement of profit and loss as specified in Schedule III to the Act is either 'nil' or 'not applicable' to the Company for the year.
- 8.4 Debit and credit balances are subject to their confirmation.
- 8.5 Financial Risk Management

Credit Risk

Company has fully invested in Bank thus Company does not foresee any credit risk.

Liquidity Risk

Company has no borrowings thus Company does not foresee any liquidity risk.

Market Risk

Company has no foreign currency exposure and does not have hedge position in currency market, thus Company does not foresee any market risk.

8.6 Ratios

| Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | Current Period | Previous Period | % of Variance | Reason for variance |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Current Ratio | Current Assets | Current Liabilities | 43.96 | 45.31 | 42.93 | |
| Return on Equity | Net Profits after taxes | Average Shareholder Equity | -12.08% | -11.31% | -1.06 | |

^{*}Due to decrease in current assets.

As per our report of even date attached **SUSHIL PODDAR & CO.**Firm Registration No. 014969N
Chartered Accountants

Ambrish Rastogi

Partner Mem.No. 095136

Gurugram, 28th May, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board

A.K. Gadhok Director DIN: 01254410 Manoj Khattar Director DIN:00694981

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Shareholder of World Fashion Trade Ltd

(incorporated in Republic of Mauritius with limited liability)

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of World Fashion Trade Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March, 2025, the income statement, statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March, 2025, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities ("HKFRS for Private Entities") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and auditor's report thereon

The Director of the Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Company's 2025 annual report other than the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon ("the Code").

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance, conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Director's responsibility and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

The sole director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS for Private Entities issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the sole director determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the sole director is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the sole director either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the audit of Company's Financial Statement

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the director.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the audit of Company's Financial Statement

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the governance of the company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Akin CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

Sharma, Manish Narain Practicing Certificate Number: P05395

Hong Kong, 23rd May, 2025

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | NOTE | 31.03.2025 | 31.03.2024 |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|
| | | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 312,000 | _ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 40,925 | 31,685 |
| | | 352,925 | 31,685 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Accruals | 7(b) | 70,225 | 58,390 |
| Amount due to a related party | | 263,035 | 116,200 |
| | | 333,260 | 174,590 |
| Net Current Assets/(liabilities) | | 19,665 | (142,905) |
| Net Assets/(liabilities) | | 19,665 | (142,905) |
| Equity/(Capital deficiency) | | | |
| Share capital | 6 | 5,480,570 | 5,480,570 |
| Issued and fully paid: 709,000 Ordinary shares @ US\$ 1 | | | |
| Accumulated losses | 6 | (5,460,905) | (5,623,475) |
| Total Equity/(capital deficiency) | | 19,665 | (142,905) |

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board

Liu Qiongli

Director

STATEMENT OF PROFIT / LOSS AND STATEMENT INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | NOTE | 31.03.2025 | 31.03.2024 |
|-------------------------|------|------------|------------|
| | _ | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Other income | | 312,082 | 156,206 |
| Administrative expenses | | (149,512) | (142,888) |
| Profit before tax | 4 | 162,570 | 13,318 |
| Income tax expense | 5 | | - |
| Profit for the year | | 162,570 | 13,318 |

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board

Liu Qiongli

Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 | 31.03.2024 |
|--|------------|------------|
| | HK\$ | HK\$ |
| Operating Activities | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Profit before tax | 162,570 | 13,318 |
| Adjustment for: | | |
| Interest expenses and bank charges | 1,414 | 1,415 |
| Operating Profit | 163,984 | 14,733 |
| Increase in accounts receivables | (312,000) | - |
| Increase/ (decrease) in amount due to related companies | 116,835 | (36,400) |
| Increase/ (decrease) in accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 11,835 | (3,869) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (19,346) | (25,536) |
| Financing Activities | | |
| Interest expenses and bank charges | (1,414) | (1,415) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (1,414) | (1,415) |
| Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 9,240 | (26,951) |
| Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of financial year | 31,685 | 58,636 |
| Cash & cash equivalents at end of financial year | 40,925 | 31,685 |

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1. REPORTING ENTITY

World Fashion Trade Limited ("the Company") is a company incorporated in Republic of Mauritius with limited liability. Its holding company is Bhartiya International Limited, a public limited company incorporated in India and its shares are listed on National Stock Exchange of India. The registered office address of the Company Suite 308, ST. James Court, St. Denis street, Port Louis, Mauritius and principal place of business is at 20/F, Champion Building, 287-291 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong. The principal activity of the company during the year was engaged in export and import of garments, bags and related products.

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars (HK\$), unless otherwise stated.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards for Private Entities ("HKFRSPE") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These financial statements have been prepared under the accrual basis of accounting and on the basis that the company is a going concern.

The measurement base adopted is the historical cost convention.

The following are the specific accounting policies that are necessary for a proper understanding of the financial statements:

(a) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

(i) Sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and the risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the customer.

(b) Foreign exchange

Foreign currency transactions and foreign currency non-monetary items are converted at the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date. Foreign currency monetary items are translated into Hong Kong Dollars using exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses on foreign exchange are recognised in the income statement.

(c) Taxation

Income tax expense represents current tax expense. The income tax payable represents the amounts expected to be paid to the taxation authority, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is not provided.

(d) Accounts and other receivables

Accounts and other receivables are stated at estimated realisable value after each debt has been considered individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is made and charged to the income statement.

(e) Accounts payable

Accounts payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(f) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Company present has present a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

(g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the cash flow statement.

(h) Related Parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, related party includes a person and entity as defined below:

- (I) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Company if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over of the reporting entity;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (II) An entity is related to the Company if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (1).
 - (vii) a person identified in (I)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

| Particulars | 31/03/2025 | 31/03/2024 |
|-------------|------------|------------|
| | HK\$ | HK\$ |

3. DIRECTOR'S EMOLUMENTS

Director's emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

Fees

| Other emoluments: | - | - |
|---|---|---|
| Salaries, allowance and benefits in kind Bonus | - | - |
| Employer's mandatory provident fund scheme contribution | - | - |
| | - | _ |

4. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

Profit before tax arrived at:

After charging the following items:

Auditor's remuneration

| - Provision for the year | 20,000 | 20,000 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Staff costs (excluding director's emoluments – Note 3) | | |
| - Staff salaries, allowance and related cost | - | - |
| - Employer's mandatory provident fund scheme | _ | _ |

5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

No Hong Kong profits tax has been provided in the financial statements as the Company did not derive any assessable profit in Hong Kong during the year.

No deferred taxation was provided during the year as there were no material temporary differences as the end of reporting year.

6. CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | Share Capital | Accumulated Losses | Total |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | нк\$ | HK\$ | нк\$ |
| As at 31st March,2024 | 5,480,570 | (5,623,475) | (142,905) |
| Net profit for the year | - | 162,570 | 162,570 |
| As at 31st March, 2025 | 5,480,570 | (5,460,905) | 19,665 |

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The table below summaries the names of related parties and nature of relationship with the Company:

Related parties Relationship with the Company

Design Industry Limited Fellow subsidiary

(b) Balances with related parties

As at the respective balance sheet date, the Company had the following balances with related party:

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 | 31.03.2024 | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| | HK\$ | HK\$ | |
| Current: | | | |
| Amount due to Design Industry Limited | 263,035 | 116,200 | |

The above balance with the related party is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

8. HOLDING COMPANY

As at 31st March, 2025 the Company's ultimate holding company is Bhartiya International Limited, a public limited company incorporated in India and its shares are listed on National Stock Exchange of India. This entity produces financial statements available for public use.

9. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company management manage its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Company consists of cash and cash equivalents, debt and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital, share premium and accumulated profit.

The director of the Company reviewed the capital structure on an annual basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

10. LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents considered adequate by the management to finance the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The contractual maturity of the Company's trade and other payables are all due within one year and the amounts due to related parties are all repayable on demand.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Report of the Statutory Auditors on the Limited Statutory Examination to the general meeting of Ultima SA, Neuchatel

As statutory auditors, we have examined the financial statements (balance sheet, income statement and notes) of Ultima SA for the period from 1st April 2024 to 31st March 2025.

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board of Directors. Our responsibility is to perform a limited statutory examination on these financial statements. We confirm

that we meet the licensing and independence requirements as stipulated by Swiss law.

We conducted our examination in accordance with the Swiss Standard on the limited Statutory Examination. This standard requires that we plan and perform a limited statutory examination to identify material misstatements in the financial statements. A limited statutory examination consists primarily of inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures as well as detailed tests of company documents as considered necessary in the circumstances. However, the testing of operational processes and the internal control system, as well as inquiries and further testing procedures to detect fraud or other legal violations, are not within the scope of this examination.

Based on our limited statutory examination, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements and the proposed appropriation of available earnings do not comply with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation.

Revifidu SA

F. Ruaro Auditor in Charge

Neuchatel, 26th May, 2025

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 CHF | 31.03.2024 CHF |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Short term assets | | |
| Banks accounts | 280 134.14 | 1 381 707.32 |
| Debtors (Net of provision on debtors) | 4 285 146.44 | 4 084 919.20 |
| Advances to creditors | 207 600.00 | 190 678.48 |
| Debtors subsidiaries companies | 329 935.34 | 27 022.82 |
| C/a Bhartiya Int. Ltd. | 972 867.10 | 270 447.30 |
| Transitional and other debtors | 23 056.60 | 30 078.97 |
| Total short term assets | 6 098 739.62 | 5 984 852.09 |
| Fixed Assets | | |
| Tangibles Assets | | |
| Furniture and computer | 2 000.00 | 4 000.00 |
| Financial Assets | | |
| Rent guaranty | 6 147.25 | 6119.45 |
| Investments | 2 480 930.00 | 2 480 930.00 |
| Brands | I 835 374.40 | 3 668 374.40 |
| Total/fixed assets | 4322451.65 | 6155 423.85 |
| Total fixed assets | 4 324 451.65 | 6 159 423.85 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 10423 191.27 | 12 144 275.94 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Term loan from bank | 1 285 719.64 | 2 576 290.02 |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Creditors | 1 979 213.42 | 1 833 654.13 |
| Creditors subsidiaries companies | 3 474 437.96 | 3 132 147.67 |
| Transitional and other liabilities | 70 317.85 | 66 286.70 |
| Total current liabilities | 5 523 969.23 | 5 032 088.50 |
| Total liabilities | 6 809 688.87 | 7 608 378.52 |
| Equity | | |
| Share capital | 1 000 000.00 | 100000.00 |
| General reserve | 278 000.00 | 278 000.00 |
| Retained earnings | 3 257 897.42 | 4 057 055.83 |
| Net result of the period | (922 395.02 | (799 158.41) |
| Total equity | 3 613 502.40 | 4 535 897.42 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | 10 423 191.27 | 12 144 275.94 |

INCOME STATEMENT 2024/2025

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 CHF | 31.03.2024 CHF |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Revenues | | |
| Sales to foreign customers | 8 811 707.21 | 6 712 305.53 |
| Commissions on sales | 1400678.97 | 1439989.26 |
| Total revenues | 10, 212 386.18 | 8 152 294.79 |
| Merchandises Costs | | |
| Costs of goods | 7 348 924.35 | 5 414 835.30 |
| Total merchandises costs | 7 348 924.35 | 5 414 835.30 |
| Other Expenses | | |
| Personal costs | 116 081.38 | 95 896.97 |
| Design and consultancy | 1524764.79 | 1 454 050.16 |
| Administration, rent and Directors | 139 361.82 | 121 519.10 |
| Audit and lawyers | 19 665.40 | 36 864.00 |
| Marketing, travel expenses | 70 749.66 | 87 747.02 |
| Total other expenses | 1870623.05 | 1796077.25 |
| Result before interests, taxes provisions and Depreciation | 992 838.78 | 941 382.24 |
| Financial incomes and charges | | |
| Interests and bank fees (nets) | 207 543.84 | 346 154.25 |
| Exchange rate difference | (23 179.34) | (24 344.08) |
| Total financial incomes and charges | 184 364.50 | 321 810.17 |
| Provisions and depreciation | | |
| Depreciation | 1835 000.00 | 1 834 280.94 |
| Reversal of expenses from previous years | (115 696.00) | (437 263.00) |
| Result before taxes | (910 829.72) | (777 445.87) |
| Taxes | | |
| Federal taxes | - | - |
| Canton and city taxes | 11 565.30 | 21 712.54 |
| Total taxes | 11 565.30 | 21 712.54 |
| Net Result of the Period | (922 395.02) | (799 158.41) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS AT 31st MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 CHF | 31.03.2024 CHF |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Information 1 : | | |
| Essential investments | | |
| Ultima Italia S.r.1 | 2 438 000.00 | 2 438 000.00 |
| (Share capital EUR 2'000'000) Interest of | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| Design industry Ltd | 11 900.00 | 11 900.00 |
| (Share capital HKD 100'000) Interest of | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| Design industry China Ltd | 31 030.00 | 31 030.00 |
| (Share capital CNY 203'686.40) Interest of | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| No other mention required by art 663b CO | | |

PROPOSED APPROPRIATION OF AVAILABLE EARNINGS

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 CHF | 31.03.2024 CHF |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Profit available to the Annual General Meeting | | |
| Retained earnings beginning of the year | 3 257 897.42 | 4 057 055.83 |
| | 3 257 897.42 | 4 057 055.83 |
| Net result of the period | -922 395.02 | -799 158.41 |
| | 2 335 502.40 | 3 257 897.42 |
| Proposal of Board of Directors Attribution to general reserve | | |
| Carried forward | 2 335 502.40 | 3 257 897.42 |
| | 2 335 502.40 | 3 257 897.42 |

AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have prepared the financial statements, which have been prepared as per the norms and accountability principles established in Italy.

The statement of accounts complies the information provided by you and also includes the adjustments and classifications as indicated by you, in accordance with Italian accountability standards and generally accepted accountability principles.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as 31st March, 2025 and of the results of its operation for the period ended on the date.

Dr. Enrico Cantoni 19th May, 2025

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

(Expressed in Euro)

| Particulars | Aa at 31 st March, 2025 | As at 31 st March, 2024 |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Fixed Assets, net of depreciation | 6,05,258 | 7,12,822 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| Inventories | 66,347 | 1,59,631 |
| Accounts receivables | 18,42,508 | 15,95,051 |
| Deposits | 41,800 | 41,800 |
| Cash at bank | 84,078 | 1,84,049 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 26,39,991 | 26,93,354 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Share Capital | 20,00,000 | 20,00,000 |
| Profit/ (-Loss) for the previous years | 22,978 | 20,508 |
| Profit/ (-Loss) for the period | 4,520 | 2,470 |
| Bank overdraft/Limit | 24,245 | 5,584 |
| Loan from banks | 3,55,499 | 4,35,899 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued exp. | 2,13,983 | 2,09,006 |
| Other creditors | 18,765 | 19,886 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 26,39,991 | 26,93,354 |

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(Expressed in Euro)

| Particulars | 2024-2025 | 2023-2024 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| INCOME | | |
| Sales | 35,59,585 | 30,96,594 |
| TOTAL INCOME | 35,59,585 | 30,96,594 |
| COSTS AND EXPENSES | | |
| Costs of goods sold | 19,35,026 | 17,23,412 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 13,88,203 | 11,45,470 |
| Depreciation | 1,12,380 | 1,19,628 |
| Financial charges | 87,958 | 83,481 |
| TOTAL COSTS | 35,23,566 | 30,71,992 |
| Profit/ (-Loss) before taxes | 36,019 | 24,603 |
| Taxes | 31,498 | 22,132 |
| Profit/ (-Loss) for the period | 4,520 | 2,470 |

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Shareholder of Design Industry Ltd

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Design Industry Limited (the "Company") which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March, 2025, the income statement for the period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Company are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Hong Kong Small and Medium-Sized Entity Financial Reporting Standard ("SME-FRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and with reference to Practice Note 900 (Clarified) "Audit of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with the SME-FRS" issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics ("the Code") for Professional Accountants, and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The sole director of the Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's 2025 annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon ("the Code").

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance, conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Director's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The sole director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the SME- FRS issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the director's determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the sole director is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the director.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the sole director of the company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Akin CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

Sharma, Manish Narain
Practicing Certificate Number: P05395

Hong Kong, 14th May, 2025

STATEMENT OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | NOTE | 31.03.2025 HK\$ | 31.03.2024 HK\$ |
|--|-------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Current Assets | | | |
| Accounts and other receivables | | 23,289,149 | 20,772,087 |
| Trade deposit paid | | 1,104,064 | 201,675 |
| Prepayments | | | 577,200 |
| Amount due from related parties | 10(c) | 21,752,599 | 27,502,531 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 9 | 3,689,796 | 5,818,419 |
| | | 49,835,608 | 54,871,912 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 20,319,604 | 25,947,791 |
| Accruals | | 140,707 | 97,500 |
| Trade deposit received | | 3,809 | 370,164 |
| Amount due to the related party | 10(c) | | 23,386 |
| | | 20,464,120 | 26,438,841 |
| Net Current Assets | | 29,371,488 | 28,433,071 |
| Net Assets | | 29,371,488 | 28,433,071 |
| Equity | | | |
| Share capital | | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Issued and paid: 100,000 ordinary shares | 8 | | |
| Retained earnings | 8 | 29,271,488 | 28,333,071 |
| Total Equity | | 29,371,488 | 28,433,071 |

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Director

Walter Willi Zwahlen Director

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF PROFIT / LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | NOTE | 31.03.2025 HK\$ | 31.03.2024 HK\$ |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Turnover | 3 | 86,351,132 | 63,739,809 |
| Cost of sales | | (71,466,141) | (53,504,883) |
| Gross profit | | 14,884,991 | 10,234,926 |
| Other income | 4 | 49,364 | 77,079 |
| Administrative expenses | | (13,995,938) | (9,328,596) |
| Profit before tax | 6 | 938,417 | 983,409 |
| Income tax expense | 7 | | - |
| Profit for the year | | 938,417 | 983,409 |

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 HK\$ | 31.03.2024 HK\$ |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Operating activities | | |
| Profit before tax | 938,417 | 983,409 |
| Adjustment for: | | |
| Bank interest income | (32,325) | (26,148) |
| Operating profit before changes in working capital | 906,092 | 957,261 |
| Increase in trade and other receivables | (2,517,062) | (7,514,051) |
| Increase in trade deposit paid | (902,389) | (2,011) |
| Decrease in trade prepayments | 577,200 | - |
| Decrease/ (increase) in the amount due from the related parties | 5,749,932 | (10,111,358) |
| (Decrease)/ increase in accounts payable | (5,628,187) | 22,624,049 |
| Increased in accruals | 43,207 | 139 |
| Decrease in trade deposit received | (366,355) | (277,445) |
| Decrease in amount due to related parties | (23,386) | (457,739) |
| Cash (used in)/ generated from operations | (2,160,948) | 5,218,845 |
| Hong Kong profit tax paid | | - |
| Net (used in)/ generated from operating activities | (2,160,948) | 5,218,845 |
| Investing activities | | |
| Bank interest income | 32,325 | 26,148 |
| Net cash generated from investing activities | 32,325 | 26,148 |
| Net cash (used in)/ generated from all activities | (2,128,623) | 5,244,993 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 5,818,419 | 573,426 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 3,689,796 | 5,818,419 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Design Industry Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability. The Company's registered office and principal place of business is located at Flat 1104, Crawford House, 70 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong. The principal activity of the company during the year was engaged in the import and export of garments, bags and related products.

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars (HK\$), unless otherwise stated.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In preparing the financial statements, the director has given careful consideration to the future. The company qualifies for the reporting exemption as a small private company under section 359(1)(a) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) and is therefore entitled to prepare and present its financial statements in accordance with the Small and Medium-sized Entity Financial Reporting Standard (SME-FRS) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

These financial statements comply with the Small and Medium-sized Entity Financial Reporting Standard ("SME-FRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and have been prepared under the accrual basis of accounting and on the basis that the Company is a going concern.

The measurement base adopted is the historical cost convention.

The following are the specific accounting policies that are necessary for a proper understanding of the financial statements:

(a) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (i) Sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and the risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the customer; and
- (ii) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the interest applicable.

(b) Foreign exchange

Foreign currency transactions and foreign currency non-monetary items are converted at the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date. Foreign currency monetary items are translated into Hong Kong Dollars using exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses on foreign exchange are recognised in the income statement.

(c) Taxation

Income tax expense represents current tax expense. The income tax payable represents the amounts expected to be paid to the taxation authority, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is not provided.

(d) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognized initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

(e) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(f) Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdraft is shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(g) Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, related party includes a person and entity as defined below:

- (I) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Company if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over of the reporting entity;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (II) An entity is related to the Company if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (I).
 - (vii) a person identified in (I)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

3. Turnover

An analysis of the Company's revenue is as follows:

| | Particulars | 31.03.2025 HK\$ | 31.03.2024 HK\$ |
|----|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Sales | 86,351,132 | 63,739,809 |
| 4. | Other Income | | |
| | Bank interest Income | 32,325 | 26,148 |
| | Net exchange gain | 17,039 | 50,931 |
| | | 49,364 | 77,079 |

5. DIRECTOR'S EMOLUMENTS

Director's emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

| Fees | - | - |
|---|--------|--------|
| Other Emoluments | - | - |
| Salaries, Allowance and Benefits in kind | 19,500 | 19,500 |
| Bonus | - | - |
| Employer's mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Contribution | - | - |
| | 19,500 | 19,500 |

6. Profit Before Tax

Profit before tax is arrived at:

| Particulars | 2025 HK\$ | 2024 HK\$ |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Profit before tax is arrived at: | | |
| After charging the following items | | |
| Accountancy fee | 42,000 | 40,000 |
| Auditor's remuneration | | |
| - Provision for the year | 25,000 | 20,000 |
| Staff costs (excluding director's emolument – Note 5) | | |
| - Staff salaries, allowance and related cost | - | - |
| - Employer's mandatory provident fund scheme contribution | - | - |

7. Income Tax Expense

No Hong Kong profits tax was provided as the company did not derive any assessable profits in Hong Kong this year.

No deferred taxation was provided as there were no material temporary differences at the end of the statement of financial position date.

8. Changes In Equity

| Particulars | Shared Capital HK\$ | Retained Earning HK\$ | Total HK\$ |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| As at 31st March, 2024 | 100,000 | 28,333,071 | 28,433,071 |
| Net profit for the year | - | 938,417 | 938,417 |
| As at 31st March, 2025 | 100,000 | 29,271,488 | 29,371,488 |

9. Cash And Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash balances with banks and on hand. Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows comprise the following

| Particulars | 31.03.2025 HK\$ | 31.03.2024 HK\$ |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Cash at banks and in hand | 3,689,796 | 5,818,419 |
| | 3,689,796 | 5,818,419 |

10. Related Party Transactions

(a) The table below summaries the name of related party and nature of relationship with the Company:

Related Party Relationship with the Company

Ultima S.A. Holding company

Bhartiya International Limited Ultimate holding company

Ultima Italia SRL Fellow Subsidiary
World Fashion Trade Limited Fellow Subsidiary
Design Industry China Limited Fellow Subsidiary

(b) Significant related party transaction, which was carried out in normal course of the Company's business is a follow:

As at the respective end of the reporting year, the company had the following balance with the related parties:

| Particulars | 2025 HK\$ | 2024 HK\$ |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Current: | | |
| Purchase from Ultima S.A. | 16,739,632 | 7,683,653 |
| Purchase from Bhartiya International Limited | 11,593,254 | 18,627,478 |
| | 28,332,886 | 26,311,131 |
| Marketing fee paid to Ultima S.A. | 5,245,362 | 3,697,242 |
| Consultancy fee paid to World Fashion Trade Limited | Ξ | 156,000 |

(c) Balance with the related parties

As at the respective reporting date, the Company had the following outstanding balance with the related parties:

| Particulars | 2025 HK\$ | 2024 HK\$ |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Current: | | |
| Amount due from Ultima S.A. | 21,489,564 | 27,386,331 |
| Amount due from World Fashion Trade Limited | 263,035 | 116,200 |
| | 21,752,599 | 27,502,531 |
| Current: | | |
| Accounts payable to Design Industry China Limited | 256,633 | 2,244,126 |
| Current: | | |
| Amount due to Ultima Italia SRL | Ξ | 23,386 |

All above balances with the related parties are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

11. ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

As at 31 March, 2025, the sole director considers the ultimate hold of the company to the Bhartiya International Limited, which is incorporated in New Delhi, India.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To, The shareholders of Design Industry China Ltd.

1. Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Design Industry China Ltd. (hereafter referred to as "the company"), including the balance sheet as at 31st March, 2025, and the income statement, cash flow statement and notes to relevant financial statements for the during 1st April 2024 to 31st March 2025, and the notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the attached financial statements are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises and present fairly the financial position of the Company as at 31st March 2025 and its operating results and cash flows for the during 1st April, 2024 to 31st March, 2025.

II. Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit m accordance with Auditing Standards for Chinese Certified Public Accountants. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of Design Industry China Ltd. in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Chinese Certified Public Accountants and have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

III. Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair financial statements in accordance with China Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Design Industry China Ltd. ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate Design Industry China Ltd. or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Design Industry China Ltd. financial reporting process.

IV. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, an obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance.
- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast

significant doubt on Design Industry China Ltd. ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Design Industry China Ltd. to cease to continue as a going concern.

E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hangzhou Tianpu Certified Public Accountant:

Chinese Certified Public Accountant:

Hangzhou, China

13th May, 2025

BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31ST MARCH, 2025

Design Industry China Ltd.

Monetary Unit: RMB Yuan

| Assets | Note | Ending | Beginning | Liabilities & Owners' | Note | Ending | Beginning |
|---------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|
| C | No. | Balance | balance | · <i>'</i> | No. | Balance | balance |
| Current assets: | 1 | 4.05.010.70 | 0.17.027.10 | Current liabilities: | 33 | | |
| Monetary funds | 2 | 4,95,213.72 | 2,16,9//.12 | Shon-term loans | 34 | - | - |
| Short term Investment | 3 | 4,99,985.43 | | Note payable | 35 | - | - |
| Notes receivable | 4 | - | - | Accounts payable | 36 | - | - |
| Accounts receivable | 5 | 1,78,273.80 | <u> </u> | Advances received | 37 | l,816,738.18 | 965,585.28 |
| Advances paid | 6 | 3,33,667.46 | 5,41,237.67 | Employee compensation payable | 38 | | |
| Dividend receivable | 7 | - | - | Taxes and rates payable | 39 | 90,315.10 | 20,180.93 |
| Interest receivable | 8 | - | - | Interest payable | 40 | | |
| Other receivables | 9 | 5,61,164.13 | 211,283.29 | Profit payback | 41 | - | - |
| Inventories | 10 | 5,03,904.83 | 271,842.48 | Other payables | 42 | | - |
| Among them Raw materials | 11 | | - | Other current liabilities | 43 | | - |
| Goods in process | 12 | | | Sub-total of current liabilities | 44 | 1,907,053.28 | 985,766.21 |
| Finished goods | 13 | 503,904.83 | 2,71,842.48 | Non-current liabilities: | 45 | - | - |
| Revolving materials | 14 | - | - | Long-term borrowings | 46 | - | - |
| Other current assets | 15 | 28,084.61 | | Long-term payables | 47 | - | - |
| Sub-total of current assets | 16 | 2,600,293.98 | 1,274,644.59 | Deferred income | 48 | - | - |
| Non-current assets: | | | | Other non-current liabilities | 49 | - | - |
| Non-current Assets. | 17 | - | - | Sub, total of non-current liabilities | 50 | - | - |
| Long-term bond investment | 18 | - | - | Total liabilities | 51 | 1,907,053.28 | 985,766.21 |
| Long-term equity investments | 19 | - | - | | | | |
| Fixed assets cost | 20 | 97,788.00 | 97,788.00 | | | | |
| Less:Accumulated depreciation | 21 | 92,898.60 | 92,898.60 | | | | |
| Fixed assets | 22 | 4,889.40 | 4,889.40 | | | | |
| Construction in progress | 23 | - | - | | | | |
| Construction materials | 24 | - | - | | | | |
| Disposal of fixed assets | 25 | - | - | | | | - |
| Capitalized biological assets | 26 | - | - | Owners' equity: | 52 | | - |
| Intangible assets | 27 | - | - | Paid-in capital | 53 | 2,00,000.00 | 2,00,000.00 |
| Development expenditures | 28 | - | - | Capital reserve | 54 | 3,686.40 | |
| Long-term prepayments | 29 | - | - | Surplus reserve | 55 | | 36,773.11 |
| Other non-current assets | 30 | - | - | Undistributed profit | 56 | 418,166.63 | 53,308.27 |
| Sub-total of non-current assets | 31 | 4,889.40 | 4,889.40 | Total owner,' equity | 57 | 6,98,130.10 | |
| Total Assets | 32 | 2,605,183.38 | 1,279,533.99 | Total liabilities & owners' equity | 58 | 2,605,183.38 | 1,279,533.99 |

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 1ST APRIL, 2024 TO 31ST MARCH, 2025

Design Industry China Ltd.

Monetary Unit: RMB Yuan

| ltems | | Note No. | Current Period Cumulative | Preceding Period Comparative |
|-------|---|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| I. | Revenue from Operations | 1 | 9,430,155.71 | 4,173.596.57 |
| II. | Less: Cost of Operations | 2 | 5,089,568.87 | 73,9993.4 |
| | Taxes and surcharge for operations | 3 | 11,618.34 | 11,754.2 |
| | including: Consumption tax | 4 | - | - |
| | City maintenance and construction tax | 5 | 60,65.51 | 6,496.79 |
| | Resource tax | 6 | • | |
| | Land-value increment tax | 7 | • | |
| | Urban land use tax, property tax, vehicle and vessel tax | 8 | 1,220.33 | 616.!!8 |
| | Additional education fees, mineral resource compensation fees, pollution discharge fees | 9 | 4,332.5 | 4,640.53 |
| | Selling expenses | 10 | • | |
| | Including: Product maintenance cost | 11 | - | - |
| | Advertising and business promotion expenses | 12 | • | - |
| | General and administrative expenses | 13 | 3,972,851.75 | 3,701,889.92 |
| | Including: Start-up expenses | 14 | • | |
| | Business entertainment expenses | 15 | 215,58.35 | 34,203.94 |
| | Research Cost | 16 | • | |
| | Financial expenses | 17 | 66,14.95 | -14,349. <i>7</i> 9 |
| | including: Interest expenses | 18 | -65 L70 | -446.23 |
| | Add: Investment income (or less: losses) | 19 | 3,151.78 | - |
| III. | Operating Profit | 20 | 352,653.58 | -265,69 1.16 |
| | Add: Non-operating revenue | 21 | 53,832.89 | - |
| | Including: government subsidies | 22 | 9,413.65 | - |
| | Less: Non-operating expenditures | 23 | - | - |
| | Including: Bad debt loss | 24 | - | |
| | Unrecoverable long-term bond investment losses | 25 | • | - |
| | Unrecoverable long-tcm1 equity investment losses | 26 | - | |
| | Losses caused by force majeure factors such as natural disasters | 27 | - | |
| | Tax delay charge | 28 | • | |
| IV. | Profit before tax | 29 | 4,06,486.47 | -265,69 1.16 |
| | Less: Income Tax | 30 | 11,446.84 | 11,958.53 |
| ٧ | Net Profit | 31 | 3,95,039.63 | -2,77,649.69 |

Monetary Unit: RMB Yuan

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR 1ST APRIL, 2024 TO 31ST MARCH, 2025

Design Industry China Ltd.

| ltem | S | Note No. | Current period cumulative | Preceding Period cumulative |
|------|--|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. | Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | 1 | | |
| | Cash receipts from sale of goods or rendering of services | 2 | 1 0,352,447.46 | 53,01,756.83 |
| | Received other cash related to operating activities | 3 | 189,788.96 | |
| | Cash paid for goods and services | 4 | 55,80,095.98 | 1,410,703.79 |
| | Cash paid to and on behalf of employees | 5 | 2,197,300.00 | 210,1950.00 |
| | Cash payments of taxes and rates | 6 | 245,054.53 | 203,574.43 |
| | Other cash payments relating to operating activities | 7 | I, 741,563.88 | 1,632,560.08 |
| | Net cash flows from operating activities | 8 | 778,222.03 | -47,031.47 |
| II. | Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | 9 | | |
| | Cash received from recovering short-term investments, long-term bond investments, and long-term equity investments | 10 | 600,014.57 | - |
| | Cash received from obtaining investment income | 11 | - | - |
| | Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets, and other non current assets | 12 | - | - |
| | Cash paid for short-term investments, long-term bond investments, and long-term equity investments | 13 | l,100,000.00 | - |
| | Cash paid for the purchase and construction of fixed assets, intangible assets, and other non current assets | 14 | - | - |
| | Net cash flows from investing activities | 15 | -499,985.43 | - |
| III. | Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | 16 | - | - |
| | Cash received from borrowings | 17 | | - |
| | Cash received from absorbing investors' investments | 18 | • | |
| | Cash repayments of borrowings | 19 | • | |
| | Cash paid for repayment of loan interest | 20 | | - |
| | Cash paid for profit distribution | 21 | | - |
| | Net cash flows from financing activities | 22 | • | |
| IV. | Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 23 | 278,236.60 | -47,031.47 |
| | Add: cash at the beginning of the period | 24 | 2,16,977.12 | 264,008.59 |
| | V.cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 25 | 495,213.72 | 216,977.12 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE DURING 1ST APRIL, 2024 TO 31ST MARCH, 2025

I. Basics of the company

Design Industry China Ltd. is a Limited Liability Company (Sole Foreign Corporation). The Company obtained a business license from People's Government of Hangzhou on 21st May, 2015 issued by Hangzhou Municipal Administration of Industry and Commerce of the PRC. On December 23, 2016, the unified social credit code reissued by Hangzhou Shangcheng District Market S1.1 pervision and Administration Bureau was 913301003221707740 "Business license". The registered capital is RMB 200,000.00. ULTIMA SA contributed USD 32,000.00 on September 9th, 2015, equivalent to RMB203,686.40 yuan. Corporation registers: 40-6 Huaxianqiao Road, Shangcheng District, Hangzhou City, Zhejiang Province.

The company changed its legal representative on May 9, 2019. After the change, the legal representative is Sun Xiaoling.

After the change, Scope of business: the wholesale, retail, import and export of clothing, textile, suitcases & leather ware, art ware (except cultural relics), daily provisions; Service: clothing design, entrusted to engage in product quality inspection (Commodities that don't involve trade management commodity of China but involve quota, license management commodity, should be made application in accordance with the national relevant regulations.) (Any project that needs to be approved by law can only be carried out after getting approval by relevant authorities.)

II. Statement in compliance with small business accounting standards

The financial statements prepared by the Company comply with the requirements of the Accounting Standards for Small Businesses and provide a true and complete reflection of the Company's financial position, operating results and cash flow.

III. Prepare the basis

The Company implements the Accounting Standards for Small Businesses of the People's Republic of China. The following important accounting policies are based on this accounting standard.

IV. Important accounting policies, accounting estimates

1. Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1st April to 31st March Gregorian calendar year.

2. Book the standard currency

The Company takes RMB as the standard bookkeeping currency.

3. Bookkeeping basis and pricing principles

The accounting of the Company takes accrual system as the basis for accounting, and the assets are denominated based on actual cost. Each property is measured at actual cost at the time of acquisition, and if impairment occurs thereafter, the corresponding impairment provisions are made in accordance with the provisions of the enterprise accounting system.

4. Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are investments held by the Company with short maturities, strong liquidity, easy conversion to known amounts of cash, and little risk of change in value.

5. Foreign currency business accounting method

Foreign currency business involved in the fiscal year shall be recorded in RMB at the spot exchange rate at the date of occurrence of the foreign currency business. The balance sheet date shall be converted into the bookkeeping standard currency amount for the balance sheet of various foreign currency accounts such as foreign currency cash, foreign currency bank deposits, claims and debts at the spot exchange rate. The difference between the bookkeeping standard amount, which is equivalent to the current exchange rate on that date, and the book denominated currency amount, shall be included in the current profit and loss.

6. Short-term Investments

Short term investments refer to investments purchased by our company that can be realized at any time and are not intended to be held for more than one year. Short term investments acquired through cash payments are measured at cost based on the purchase price and related taxes and fees.

Selling short-term investments, the net amount after deducting their book balance and related taxes from the sale price is recognized as investment income.

7. Receivables and Advances

Receivables and advances refer to the claims of small enterprises in their daily production and business activities. Includes accounts receivable, dividends receivable, interest receivable, other receivables, etc. and advance accounts

Criteria for confirmation of bad debt losses: if the debtor declares bankruptcy, closure, dissolution, revocation, or is cancelled or revoked in accordance with the law, and its liquidation property is not liquidated; if the debtor dies or is declared missing or dead in accordance with the law. and his property or estate is not liquidated; and the debts are not paid If the person is more than 3 years overdue and has conclusive evidence that he is unable to pay off the debt, if he has entered into a debt restructuring agreement with the debtor or the court approves the bankruptcy reorganization plan, and if force majeure, such as natural disasters or war, is not recoverable.

In the event of one of the above-mentioned circumstances in which receivables and advances occur, the irrecoverable receivables and advances recognized after deducting the recoverable amount shall be included in the out-of-business expenses at the time of actual occurrence as a loss of bad debts, and the receivables and advances shall be reduced.

8. Inventory Accounting Method

Inventory refers to the finished goods or commodities held by small enterprises for sale in the course of daily production and operation, the products in the production process, the materials and materials to be consumed in the production process or the provision of labor services, etc. Including raw materials, products, semi-finished products, finished products, commodities, turnover materials, commissioned processing materials. Inventory is accounted for in accordance with the following principles:

When the Company's inventory is acquired, it is recorded at actual cost.

The company takes or issues inventory, according to the actual cost accounting, the use of first-in, first-out method to determine its actual cost. When the company uses working materials and low-value consumables, it uses amortization method.

The inventory system is based on a sustainable inventory system.

In the event of damage to inventory, disposal income, recoverable liability compensation and insurance compensation shall be included in the non-operating expenses or non-operating income, net of its costs, net of related taxes and fees, gains realized from inventory and losses incurred in inventory.

9. Fixed Asset pricing and Depreciation Methods

Fixed assets are tangible assets held by small enterprises for the production of products, the provision of services, rental or management, with a service life of more than 1 year. Including houses and buildings, machinery, means of transport, equipment, appliances, etc.

Fixed assets are priced at the actual cost at the time of acquisition. The cost of the asset includes the purchase price and the expenses necessary to bring the asset to a predetermined usable state.

Once the depreciation method, service life and expected net residual value of fixed assets have been dete1mined, they may not be changed at will. Fixed asset depreciation is measured in a straight line for the expected useful life after subtracting the estimated net residual value of 5 % from the original value. Fixed asset categories and estimated useful years and depreciation rates are as follows:

| Fixed asset category | Depreciation years | Estimated net residual rate | Annual depreciation rate |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Office equipment | 3 years | 5.00% | 31.67% |
| Transport equipment | 4 years | 8.80% | 22.80% |

10. The principle of revenue recognition

Recognition of the income from the sale of goods:(I) When the enterprise issues the goods and receives the purchase plice or acquires the right to collect the goods, the enterprise confirms the income from the sale of the goods.

Recognition of the provision of labour income:(1) Services initiated and completed in the same fiscal year shall be recognized when the provision of labour transactions is completed and payment is received or the right to receive payments is obtained. The amount of income from the provision of services is the contract or agreed price received or receivable from the recipient. (2) Where the start and completion of services are divided into different fiscal years, the income from the provision of services shall be recognized in accordance with the progress of completion. On the annual balance sheet date, the provision of labor income in accordance with the total income from the provision of services multiplied by the amount of the cumulative confirmed income from the provision of services in the previous fiscal year is deducted from the progress of completion, and the operating costs of the current period shall be carried forward by the total cost of providing services as estimated multiplied by the total cost of providing services in the previous fiscal year, after deducting the cumulative confirmed operating costs in the previous fiscal year.

11. Profit distribution

When an enterprise distributes its profits after tax for the current year, 10% of the profits drawn in accordance with the provisions of the Company Law are included in the Company's statutory provident fund.

12. Major accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and correction of material accounting errors for the current period

No major accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and correction of material accounting errors were made in the current period.

V. Taxes

1. Major taxes and tax rates

| Taxes | Tax base | Tax Rate |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Corporate income tax | Taxable income | 25% |
| Value added tax | Sales tax is calculated on the basis of taxable sales revenue and is calculated after deducting the difference between the amount of the credit allowed for deduction in the current period | 13% 6% |
| City maintenance and construction tax | Value added tax paid | 7% |
| Additional education fees | Value added tax paid | 3% |
| Local education add-ons | Value added tax paid | 2% |

2. Tax benefits and approvals

Preferential Policies for Income Tax of Small and Micro Enterprises: According to the Announcement of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on Further Implementing Preferential Policies for Income Tax of Small and Micro Enterprises (Announcement No. 13 of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation in 2022), Announcement on Preferential Policies for Income Tax of Small and Micro Enterprises and Individual Industrial and Commercial Households (Announcement No. 6 of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation in 2023), and Announcement on Relevant Tax Policies to Further Support the Development of Small and Micro Enterprises and Individual Industrial and Commercial Households (Announcement No. 12 of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation in 2023), from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2027, the portion of the annual taxable income of small and micro profit enterprises that does not exceed 3 million yuan shall be subject to enterprise income tax at a rate of 5%. Our company is a small and micro profit enterprise and enjoys preferential income tax policies for small and micro profit enterprises in this period.

2) Preferential reduction and exemption of "six taxes and two fees" for small and micro enterprises: According to the Announcement of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on Further Supporting the Development of Small and Micro Enterprises and Individual Industrial and Commercial Households (Announcement No. 12 of 2023 of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation), from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2027, the resource tax (excluding resource tax), urban maintenance and construction tax, property tax, urban land use tax, stamp duty (excluding securities transaction stamp duty), Farmland occupation tax, education surcharge, and local education surcharge will be halved for small-scale value-added tax taxpayers, small and micro profit enterprises, and individual industrial and commercial households. Our company meets the conditions for the "six taxes and two fees" reduction policy this year and enjoys the "six taxes and two fees" reduction and exemption benefits.

VI. Key item notes for the accounting statement

The following note item amount units are RMB unless specifically stated that. "end of period" means March 31, 2025, "beginning" means April 1, 2024, and "current period" means April 2024 to Starch 2024, "previous" means April 2024 to March 2025.

(In RMB Yuan, unless otherwise stated)

1. Monetary Funds

| Items | The balance at the end of the period | The amount of the beginning of the period |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Cash on hand | 1,271.47 | 120.45 |
| Bank deposits | 493,942.25 | 216,856.67 |
| Total | 495,213.72 | 216,977.12 |

2. Short term investment

| Items | The balance at the end of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period | The difference between year-end book balance and market price |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Financial Products | 4,99,985.43 | - | - |
| Total | 4,99,985.43 | - | - |

3. Accounts Receivable

1) Aging analysis

| Age | The balance at the end of the period | | The amount of the beginning of the period | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--------------|
| | Amount | Amount Percentage % | | Percentage % |
| Within 1 year | 163,191.57 | 91.54 | 18,221.90 | 54.71 |
| 1-2 years | - | - | - | - |
| 2-3 years | - | - | 15,082.13 | 45.29 |
| Over 3 years | 15,082.13 | 8.46 | - | - |
| Total | 1,78,273.80 | 100 | 33,304.03 | 100 |

(In RMB Yuan, unless otherwise stated)

- 2) As of March 31, 2025, there was no amount due from shareholders or related parties holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the company's voting shares in the accounts receivable.
- 3) Accounts receivable details are as follows (Top five):

| Single-digit name | Relationship with our company | The last balance | The amount of the beginning of the period |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| ULTIMA ITALIA SRL | Non-related parties | 72,029.72 | Payment for goods |
| Hangzhou Ruihe Import and Export Co. Ltd | Non-related parties | 40,000.00 | Design fee |
| Design Industry Limited | Non-related parties | 33,881.03 | Payment for goods |
| Geox SpA | Non-related parties | 15,285.47 | Payment for goods |
| Max Trade Limited | Non-related parties | 12,167.12 | Payment for goods |
| Total | | 173,363.34 | |

4 Accounts Paid

1 Aging analysis

| Age | The balance at the end of the period | | The amount at th | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| | Amount | Percentage % | Amount | Percentage % |
| Within 1 yr | 332,670.21 | 99.70 | 4,82,920.47 | 89.22 |
| 1-2 years | 997.25 | 0.30 | 46,805.20 | 8.65 |
| 2-3 years | - | - | 11,512.00 | 2.13 |
| Total | 333,667.46 | 100.00 | 541,237.67 | 100.00 |

- 2) As of March 31^{st,} 2025, there were no advance payment to shareholders or related parties holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the company's voting shares in advance.
- 3) Advances paid details are as follows (Top five):

| Single-digit name | Relationship with our company | The last balance of the period | Nature of payment |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Suzhou Qianhanbao Textile Co., Ltd | Non-related parties | 97,761.18 | Payment for goods |
| Jiangyin Junhua Plush Products Co., Ltd | Non-related parties | 64,215.20 | Payment for goods |
| Shin Bong Yong | Non-related parties | 57,245.01 | Service charge |
| Hangzhou Tiande Renrun Industrial Co., Ltd | Non-related parties | 44,036.24 | Prepaid rent |
| Biwei Shenyou Quality and Technical Services | Non-related parties | 17,331.36 | Service charge |
| Jiangsu Co., Ltd | - | - | - |
| Total | | 280,588.99 | |

5. Other receivables

1) Aging analysis

| Age | The balance at the end of the period | Percentage % | The amount at the beginning of the period | Percentage % |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|
| Within 1 yr | 545,446.13 | 97.21 | 201,783.29 | 95.5 |
| 1–2 years | 6,200.00 | 1.10 | - | - |
| 2–3 years | - | - | 2,000.00 | 0.95 |
| Over 3 years | 9,500.00 | 1.69 | 7,500.00 | 3.55 |
| Total | 561,146.13 | 100.00 | 211,283.29 | 100.00 |

- 2) As of March 31, 2025, there were no receivables from shareholders or related parties holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the company's voting shares in other receivables.
- 3) Other receivables details are as follows (Top five):

| Single-digit name | Relationship with our company | The last balance of the period | Nature of payment |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Export tax refund | Non-related parties | 378,365.04 | Tax refund |
| Sun Xiaoling | Related parties | 125,943.62 | Current accounts |
| Personal portion of social security expenses | Non-related parties | 23,216.47 | Social security expenses |
| Zeng Xiangrui | Non-related parties | 19,514.00 | Rental deposit |
| Zhang Meiyun | Non-related parties | 12,000.00 | Rental deposit |
| Total | | 559,039.13 | |

6. Inventories

1) Inventory classification

| Items | The balance at the end of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period | Difference between book balance and market price at the end of the year |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Finished goods | 503,904.83 | 271,842.48 | |
| Total | 503,904.83 | 271,842.48 | |

7. Other current assets

| Items | The balance at the end of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Enterprise income tax deferred tax amount | 28,084.61 | |
| Total | 28,084.61 | |

8. Fixed assets

1) Fixed assets

| Items | The amount at the beginning of the period | Increase in amount for the current period | Reduction amount for the current period | The balance at the end of the period |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| First, the original value | 97,788.00 | | | 97,788.00 |
| Office equipment | 7,788.00 | | | 7,788.00 |
| Transport equipment | 90,000.00 | | | 90,000.00 |
| Second, accumulated depreciation | 92,898.60 | | | 92,898.60 |
| Office equipment | 7,193.20 | | | 7,193.20 |
| Transport equipment | 85,705.40 | | | 85,705.40 |
| Third, book value | 4,889.40 | | | 4,889.40 |
| Office equipment | 594.80 | | | 594.80 |
| Transport equipment | 4,294.60 | | | 4,294.60 |

9. Advances received

1) Aging analysis

| Age | The balance at the end of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Within 1 year | 1,816,738.18 | 965,585.28 | |
| Total | 1,816,738.18 | 965,585.28 | |

2) Among the advance receipts, the advance receipts of shareholder units or related parties holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting shares of the company

| Single-digit name | The balance at the end of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| ULTIMA SA | 671,980.77 | 573,766.48 |
| Total | 671,980.77 | 573,766.48 |

3) Advances received details are as follows:

| Single-digit name | The balance at the end of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| SHINSEGAE TOMBOY INC | 11,18,274.52 | |
| ULTIMA SA | 671,980.77 | 573,766.48 |
| SHINSEGAE INTERNATIONAL INC | 26,482.89 | |
| Total | 1,816,738.18 | 573,766.48 |

10. Taxes and rates are payable

| Items | The balance at the end of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Value added tax | 90,315.10 | 16,364.89 |
| Corporate income tax | _ | 2,856.70 |
| Individual income tax | _ | -22.55 |
| City maintenance and construction tax | _ | 572.77 |
| Additional education fees | _ | 245.47 |
| Local education surcharges | _ | 163.65 |
| Total | 90,315.10 | 20,180.93 |

11. Paid-in capital

1) Details

| The name of the investor | The amount at the beginning of the period | Increase in amount for the current period | Reduction amount for the current period | The balance at the end of the period |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| ULTIMA SA | 200,000.00 | _ | _ | 2,00,000.00 |
| Total | 200,000.00 | | | 200,000.00 |

12. Capital reserve

| Items | The amount at the beginning of the period | Increase in amount for the current period | Reduction amount for the current period | The balance at the end of the period |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Other capital reserve | 3,686.40 | _ | _ | 3,686.40 |
| Total | 3,686.40 | | | 3,686.40 |

13. Surplus reserve

| Items | The amount at the beginning of the period | Increase in amount for the current period | Reduction amount for the current period | The balance at the end of the period |
|---------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Statutory surplus reserve | 36 <i>,77</i> 3.11 | 39,503.96 | _ | 76,277.07 |
| Total | 36,773.11 | 39,503.96 | | 76,277.07 |

14. Undistributed profit

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Undistributed profits at the end of last year | 53,308.27 | 330,957.96 |
| Plus: Adjustment of undistributed profits at the beginning of the year | 9,322.69 | - |
| Undistributed profit at the beginning of the year | 62,630.96 | 330,957.96 |
| Plus: Net profit for the year | 39,503.63 | -277,649.69 |
| Less: Withdrawal of the statutory surplus provident fund | 39,503.96 | |
| Undistributed profit at the end of the year | 418,166.63 | 53,308.27 |

15. Revenue from operations

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Main revenue from operations | 5,823,345.27 | 919,783.91 |
| Other revenue from operations | 3,601,810.44 | 32,53,812.66 |
| Total | 9,430,155.71 | 4,173,596.57 |

16. Cost of operations

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Main cost of operation | 5,017,724.28 | 6,61,948.00 |
| Other cost of operation | 71,844.59 | 78,045.40 |
| Total | 5,089,568.87 | 739,993.40 |

17. Taxes and surcharge for operations

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| City maintenance and construction tax | 6,065.51 | 6,496.79 |
| Additional education fees | 2,559.00 | 2,784.32 |
| Local education surcharges | 1,733.00 | 1,856.21 |
| Stamp tax | 1,220.33 | 616.88 |
| Total | 11,618.84 | 11,754.20 |

18. General and administrative expenses

| Items | The number of issues in this issue | The number of previous periods |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Administrative expenses | 3,972,858.75 | 3,701,889.92 |

Among them, the main projects include:

| Items | The number of issues in this issue | The number of previous periods |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Employee compensation | 2,197,722.66 | 2,101,950.00 |
| Freight and courier fees | 427,062.35 | 356,584.95 |

19. Financial expenses

| Items | The number of issues in this issue | The number of previous periods |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Interest expense | 4.86 | |
| Less: Interest income | 666.56 | 446.23 |
| Exchange losses | 3,729.51 | -15,581.54 |
| Bank charges | 3,537.14 | 1667.98 |
| Total | 6,614.95 | -14,349.79 |

20. Investment income

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Financing income | 3,151.78 | |
| Total | 3,151.78 | |

21. Non-operating revenue

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Exchange gains | 37,866.44 | |
| Government subsidies | 9,413.65 | |
| Tax reduction and exemption | 5,903.00 | |
| Refund of individual income tax handling fee | 648.90 | |
| Total | 53,832.89 | |

Among them, the government subsidies include:

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods | Illustration |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Subsidies for job stability | 9,413.65 | | |
| Total | 9,413.65 | | |

22. Income tax

| Items | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Current income tax | 11,446.84 | 11,958.53 |
| Total | 11,446.84 | 11,958.53 |

VII. Notes on other transactions

1. Related party relationship and the company's transactions and balance with related parties

1) The related party that has the control relationship

| The name of the related party | The place of registration | Investment amount in our company | For the Company Shareholding ratio | Economic nature or type |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| ULTIMA SA | Switzerland | 2,000,000.00 | 100.00% | CORPORATION |

2. Situation of related parties without control relationship

| Other related party names | Other related parties relationship with our company | Notes |
|---------------------------|---|-------|
| Sun Xiaoling | Legal representative | |

3. The important related party transactions of the company this year

| Items | Related parties | The number of Current period | The number of previous periods |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Selling products | ultima sa | _ | 66,602.08 |
| Provide services | ultima sa | 3,507,470.81 | 3,253,812.66 |

Pricing policy for related party transactions: Based on market pricing, taking into account actual costs and profit levels, it is determined through negotiation between both parties.

4. Accounts receivable and payable of related parties

1) Accounts receivable by our company to related parties

| Section | The name of the joint party is called | | The amount at the beginning of the period |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---|
| Other receivables | Sun Xiaoling | 125,943.62 | 86,496.90 |

2) Accounts payable by our company to related parties

| Section | The name of the joint party is called | The last balance of the period | The amount at the beginning of the period |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Pre-receiving accounts | ULTIMA SA | 671,980.77 | 573,766.48 |

VIII. Contingent matters

As of March 31, 2025, the Company does not have any material pending litigation, external guarantees, etc. that need to be disclosed.

IX. Non-adjusted material matters after balance sheet date

As of March 31, 2025, the Company does not have any non-adjustable material matters that need to be disclosed after the balance sheet date.

X. Other important matters

Enterprise income tax shall be separately settled and paid by the company, and tax related matters such as income tax shall be subject to the approval of the tax authorities.

Design Industry China Ltd.

13th May, 2025

BHARTIYA

Bhartiya International Limited

Registered Office Address: 56/7, Nallambakkam Village, Via Vandalur, Chennai - 600 048, Tamil Nadu, INDIA email: shares@bhartiya.com

Head Office Address: E-52, New Manglapuri, Mandi Road (Mehrauli), New Delhi - 110 030. INDIA email: bhartiya@bhartiya.com